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BOOKS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF VOTERS for the next municipal election for the city of Atlanta to be held on the first Wednesday in December, 1884, will be opened November 5th, 1884, at the following places to-wit: At the city clerk's office, chamber of commerce building; at number (11) eleven East Alabama street, and at number (20) twenty Peachtree street, and to be kept open each day (Sundays excepted) from 8 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. until Saturday, November 29th, 1884, on which day the books will be closed at 9 o'clock p. m. J. H. GOLDSMITH, City Clerk. 4tdecl

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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XVII. ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12 1884. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE COUNTY CANVASS.

THE GREAT STRUGGLE FOR THE TRUE RETURNS.

The Canvass of Thirty-Three Counties of New York Sustain the Figures of the Times—Returns Sent Back for Verification—The Day's Developments, Etc., Etc.

NEW YORK, November 12—12:45 a. m.—To THE CONSTITUTION: The electoral vote was canvassed in thirty-nine of the sixty counties in this state to-day. For various reasons the supervisors in the other counties adjourned the count until to-morrow. The result shows that unless there is palpable fraud exercised in counting the remaining counties, the figures printed in The Times last Sunday were substantially correct. That estimate, based on carefully corrected returns, was 1,280 plurality for Cleveland. The official canvass in the thirty-nine counties to-day only reduces Cleveland's plurality to 1,246. In this city the board of county canvassers was organized on the old basis of the Tammany republican deal. The county democracy were not taken into consideration. Alderman Charles B. Waite (rep.) was chosen chairman by the united vote of Tammany and republican aldermen. It is understood that an effort will be made to throw out a sufficient number of votes for the Cleveland electors to reduce his plurality in the state below that now conceded to him, and thus elect Blaine. To aid in successfully carrying out this plan, Alderman, O'Connor, republican, moved that the general public be excluded from the room where the canvass is to take place, but this was voted down. In return for their courtesy, it is understood, that the republican aldermen are to do their level best to throw out sufficient returns as irregular to count out Grace, the citizen's candidate for mayor of this city, and give the seat to Grant, the Tammany candidate. Nothing but bold and gross fraud can make this scheme successful, and that will not be tolerated. The democratic state and national committees will be represented at the canvass by careful watchers and eminent legal talent. The canvass will begin to-morrow morning.

THE TIMES.

Have no Fear of the Result.

NEW YORK, November 11.—To THE CONSTITUTION:—It is admitted that the face of the returns show a majority for Cleveland. The hope of the republican managers is that they may throw out some precincts on technicalities. Have no fear of the result.

A. P. GORMAN.

Given Up the Fight.

NEW YORK, November 12.—To THE CONSTITUTION:—The county canvassers did not complete their work to-day. From the returns made the World estimates a plurality for Cleveland of 1,364. The official figures will not change it materially. The republicans have practically given up the fight.

THE WORLD.

His Majority Increases.

NEW YORK, November 12, 2:30 a. m.—To THE CONSTITUTION: The Sun has heard from forty-one out of the sixty counties of the state and the result is a change of thirty-two in Cleveland's favor, making his plurality 1,-257. The counties not heard from have adjourned until to-morrow to correct technical errors.

THE SUN.

THE COUNTY CANVASSERS.

The Republicans in a Vain Hunt for Technicalities.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—Reports from the canvass by the county boards in New York state have been received from the following counties, which correspond with the table published in the New York Sun of Saturday, and the Times of Sunday last: Clinton, Madison, Montgomery, Orange, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Seneca, Warren and Yates. Essex county increases Blaine's figures in the Sun by two votes. The canvassers of Niagara county adjourned until to-morrow on account of the incomplete returns. The canvassers of Livingston county met to-day, but finding errors in some returns, sent them back for correction, and adjourned till to-morrow. The chairman of the board authorizes the statement that Blaine's plurality in the county is 1,1?2, which is sixty less than the figures of the Sun, and one less than the Times statement.

THE VOTE OF ALBANY.

The sub-committee of the board of county canvassers of Albany met again this evening. The twelfth ward matter was considered, and the democratic candidate, in whose favor the change of votes was made, refused to profit by it. The effect will be to elect the republican candidates for county treasurer and coroner. The vote on presidential electors will be officially canvassed to-morrow. It is believed that there will be no change. Cleveland's plurality is 650.

THE LATEST RESULT.

WASHINGTON, November 12.—1:30 a. m.—The Erie county official canvass makes no change in the vote heretofore reported. The net result of the changes made by the official count loses to Blaine four votes.

THE IRREGULARITIES EXPLAINED.

NEW YORK, November 12.—1 a. m.—To-day's reports speak of several irregularities as to the form which have compelled the return of the ballots to the supervisors for corrected lists in the legal form, but none mention any serious discrepency in the count. In New York and Kings counties the indications point to a long and tedious count.

John Kelly, of Tammany hall, said to-night that there is no political significance in the election of Alderman Waite, republican, as president of the board of supervisors by the votes of the Tammany aldermen. Kelly adds that Waite has often voted with the Tammany democrats in the board, and the latter have only complied with the retiring alderman's desire for the courtesy of election. Kelly declares that the Tammany aldermen will watch the count of the electoral vote as a cat watches a mouse.

THE QUEENS COUNTY CANVASS.

The Queens county supervisors met at the county clerk's office at 10 o'clock this morning to canvass the electoral votes. There was a large attendance of republicans and democrats from all parts of the country. County Judge Armstrong and District Attorney Fleming appeared for the state democratic committee, and Counsellors Jesse Johnson and W. S. Cogswell for the republicans. Returns from several districts in north Hempstead and Flushing were objected to by Cogswell, on the ground that the grand totals were not given. No errors effecting the result as already given were discovered. It is doubtful if the result will be announced to-day, unless the rejected returns are counted this afternoon. Assemblyman Ed A. Darrah presented a protest against the award of the certificate to Thomas H. Smith, republican, for the assembly from the second district of Queens county, alleging fraud, bribery, irregularities and illegal voting in Long Island city.

TheQueens county board of supervisors had not completed the canvass of the electoral vote when they adjourned at 5 p. m. to-day. The returns of 9 districts, which were returned to the inspectors for correction, still remaining to be canvased. In last case the inspectors had failed to give the total number of vote cast. During the evening session when the returns from the first district of the first ward of Long Island City, were presented, Counsellor Jesse Johnson, representing the republican state committee, questioned their validity, claiming that they were not signed by the properly qualified inspectors. He said he had been told that William Henry chairman of the board of inspectors, had left the polling places, had received no ballots, and has not been present when they were counted, and that another person had taken his place and signed the returns without being duly qualified.

Up to this time no objection had been offered to the interference of outside parties, but at this point Supervisor McLaughlin suggested that the objection of counsel were interfering with the work of the board and moved that the canvass proceed. This course was adopted, and no further notice was taken of Johnson's objection. Johnson also claimed that the vote of the town of Newtown was in excess of the registry, but upon an inspection of the registry books he discovered that it was several hundred less. It is now almost certain there will be no change in the figures as already published, showing Cleveland's plurality to be 19,220.

THE NEW YORK CITY VOTE.

In New York city to-day, at noon, the board of aldermen were sworn in as a borad of county canvassers. Charles B. Waits, republican, was elected chairman of the board. The room was filled with lawyers interested in the cause, and spectators. Among the lawyers present representing the republican vote and state commission, were D. W. M. Evarts, Colonel George Bliss, Robert Sewell, Clarance A. Seward, and William Allen Butler. The democratic national and state commissioners were represented by General Francis C. Barlow, Franklin Bartlett, Aaron J. Vanderpoel, Charles P. Miller, Francis M. Scott, Francis L. Stetson, Edward R. Bacon and James C. Carter. A resolution was offered that none but those having business with the board should be allowed to remain in the room during its sessions. This was laid on the table. The requisite commissioners were appointed on protests, the supervising of returns, etc. Wm. P. Kirk (Tammany) read a protest against any votes being counted that were cast for Wm. R. Grace for mayor, on the ground that it had been publicly and semi-officially asserted and believed by many people that Grace was not a naturalized citizen. This matter was referred to the committee on protests. The board then adjourned till to-morrow.

THE KINGS COUNTY VOTE.

The Kings county board of canvassers met to-day. A number of citizens were present, as were also counsel representing the republican and democratic national and state committees. John Y. McKre was elected chairman, and the usual committees were appointed, after which the board went to work on the canvass.

The board of canvassers of Suffolk county, also got to work to-day. Lawyers are present representing both the republican and democratic party.

CHANGES IN CLEVELAND'S FAVOR.

At this hour, 9:30 p.m., reports from the county boards of thirty counties of New York state, north of Harlem river, make changes in the figures published in the New York Times and the Sun, the net result of which is to diminish Blaine's plurality, as given in both papers. Taking the Times' tables as published Sunday, as a basis, the net loss to Blaine is 54. All of the changes noted in these reports are in counties which gave majorities for Blaine. No change has thus far been made in the published majorities for Cleveland. The following are the counties embraced in the above statement: Allegheny, Cayugus, Chautauqua, Clinton, Essex, Livingston, Fulton, Hamilton, Herkimer, Lewis, Madison, Montgomery, Onandago, Orleans, Oswego, Otsego, Putnam, Ranessaeler, Rockland, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Seneca, Stueben, Troga, Warren, Washington, Wayne, West, Chester, Wyoming and Yates.

THE TIMES FIGURES SUSTAINED.

The reports at 10:30 p. m. from additional New York counties of Richmond, Orange and Cattaraugus, make no change in the Times list, but a correction received from Lewis county, in which a change of fifty-two in the published plurality was previously noted, makes a change of only two votes, so that the changes of the thirty-three counties show a net reduction of Blaine's plurality, as published in the Sunday Times, of four votes.

WHERE RELIEF IS FELT.

The Heartfelt Happiness Which Prevails in South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 11.—[Special.]—Throughout South Carolina there is genuine happiness, unfeigned rejoicing. As a general thing Cleveland's election was not deemed certain until Friday or Saturday. The news was too good to be credited easily. Everybody who remembered the proceedings of the conspirators in 1876, had many misgivings about the result. Even the most optimistic democrats were loth to believe that the republican party, with unlimited means and almost resistless power, could be dislodged. The feeling of uncertainty and apprehension gave way to confidence and thankfulness and everybody got happy at once. Business of all kinds was suspended. Handshaking and congratulations were common everywhere. In fact our people were jubilant; they were brimful of exultation and joy. They gave vent to their pent-up feelings in a variety of ways. These tumultuous sensations have gradually given place to a joyous serenity and a satisfying conviction of security. In Columbia the grand demonstration, which occurred last Thursday night in honor of Cleveland's victory, is to be surpassed next Friday night, when we will have a mammoth torchlight procession and mass meeting. There is no greater delight over the glorious result anywhere than there is in the palmetto state.

Blaine Waiting for the Returns.

AUGUSTA, Me., November 11.—There is nothing new here of a political nature. Everybody is waiting anxiously for the count, and on both sides much disappointment is expressed that it promises to occupy so much time. Mr. Blaine remains quietly at home. He appears to be waiting like everybody else, and occupies himself about his ordinary affairs, and in entertaining friends who call upon him.

"God Reigns."

The following telegram was received by Messrs. McBride & Co., of this city, yesterday evening.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 11.—God reigns and Cleveland is the next president. From a life long republican. SAMUEL QUINCY.

Maud S. Lowers her Record.

LEXINGTON, Ky., November 11.—Maud S. to day lowered her record to 2:09¾.

THE OFFICIAL VOTES.

But Few of the States yet ready to Report the Result.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 11.—No official canvass was held to-day in any of the Pacific coast states.

DENVER, Col., November 11.—Owing to the fact that many of the county seats of this state are far from railroads, complete official returns will not be received for several days.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., November 11.—The vote of this state will not be canvassed until all the returns shall have been received by the secretary of state. It will probably be a week before they are all in.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., November 11.—Only two-thirds of the state have yet been heard from.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, November 11.—The official canvass of this state will be made to-morrow, if the returns from all the counties are in.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., November 11.—Many counties are yet to be heard from. The day for the making of the official canvass has not yet been fixed.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., November 11.—The official returns from all the counties in the state, except Sullivan, which is estimated at 350 plurality for Cleveland, give Blaine a plurality of 80,5?3. The republicans will have a majority of 12 in the senate and 81 in the house, a majority on joint ballot of 93. The next congressional delegation will stand 20 republicans and 8 democrats, a republican gain of 4.

HARTFORD, Conn., November 11.—The official returns at the secretary of state's office show that the republican candidates for secretary, treasurer and comptroller, voted for a week ago, have pluralities over the demoeartic candidates of about 125 each. Waller, democrat, for governor, was the only one on the ticket getting a plurality. The legislature will have the choosing of the entire state ticket, which will be republican, as there are no majorities.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON Ter., November 11.—The result of the election in this territory is still doubtful. The chances are in favor of Voorhees, democrat, delegate to congress. The railroad issue was the only one between the two parties. The democratsand the disaffected republicans demanded theforfeiture of the land grant which lapsed over seven years ago. They have probably won their fight. The majority for Voorhees is estimated at about 300.

CHICAGO, Ill., November 11.—The News has official returns on the vote for president in this state from all the counties except Cook (which includes Chicago), with a close estimate on the vote in Cook. The result is as follows: Blaine, 337,475; Cleveland, 312,349; Butler, 11,406; St. John, 11,731; Blaine's plurality, 25,116. The official canvass of the vote in Cook county begins Wednesday, and will not be completed for several days.

OMAHA, Neb., Novembe 11.—The vote for president was not canvassed in this state to-day.

THE NEXT HOUSE.

The Democrats Lose 19 of Their Present Majority.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—Edward McPherson, secretary of the republican congressional committee, says that from the most authentic information he has been able to secure the next house of representatives will consist of 182 democrats, 141 republicans, 1 greenbacker and 1 fusionist. As compared with the membership of the various parties in the present house, this estimate shows a loss of 19 votes to the democrats and 4 to the independents, and a gain of 22 to the republicans, and 1 fusionist vote. This classification is subject to a possible change of two to three votes. One or two of the Tennessee districts are claimed by the republicans, but positive information is not yet received about them, and the fifth Wisconsin district is still in doubt, but is conceded by this estimate to the democrats. Mr. Post, secretary of the democratic congressional committee, is not now in the city, but it is understood that no information has been received at the democratic committee room, which is not in accordance with Mr. McPherson's table.

THE ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.

An Independent Democrat Admitted into the Caucus.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., November 11.—[Special.] The Alabama legislature convened to-day, enrolled the newly elected members and adjourned to confer in caucus as to the election of permanent officers. In the senate caucus there was considerable squabble as to Senator Smith, of Mobile, who was elected by the independent democrats, whether or not he should be admitted to the democratic caucus. He was admitted by a majority of one only. The senate caucus chose Senator Slay, of Hale, as president; Clay, of Huntsville, secretary; and T. H. Clarke, Montgomery, assistant secretary. The house went into caucus to-night and elected Hon. Clay Armstrong, of Macon county, former superintendent of education, for speaker, and re-elected the clerks of the last house, The report of Colonel Dawson, of the penitentiary commission, shows that the state, for the last two years, received into the treasury $50,-000 net, over and above any and all expenses.

Montgomery is crowded with visitors attending the legislature, the federal and state courts.

The California Ballot.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 11.—Additional returns just received from the mountain districts of Modoc county, put Henley, democrat, for congress, in the first district, twenty votes ahead. Full returns from Delnotre are still missing. It is expected that they will give Carathers, republican, a small majority. If so, it will place the candidates about even.

The corrected returns from the counties in the first congressional district of California give Hanley, democratic, 50 majority. The republcans concede his majority, but will insist upon a recount. Hanley will be the sole representative in congress of the democracy of the entire Pacific coast.

The Women Suffragists.

BOSTON, November 11.—The American women's suffrage association announces that its 16th annual meeting will be held in Chicago, on the 19th and 20th inst., with its headquarters at St. James Temperance hotel.

A Congressman Gained in Iowa.

BURLINGTON, Ia., November 11.—The official canvass of the first congressional district was completed this noon and gives Hall, domocrat, a majority of seventy over Woolsan.

THE PLENARY COUNCIL.

Work Entered Upon, But its Nature Kept Secret.

BALTIMORE, Md., November 11.—The plenary council reassembled at the seminary of St. Sulpice to-day, and the consideration of the work of the first chapter of the proposed action was taken up. The members decline to give any information in regard to the subject under consideration, as their action will have to receive the approbation of the pope before anything will be promulgated. This evening a conference was held at the archepiscopal residence, composed principally of priests, but their action is kept as secret as that of the council. Archbishop, Alemary of San Francisco, and Kennick of St. Louis, are the only members present of that order who attended the first plenary council in 1832, and of the bishops who attended the second plenary council Archbishops Elder, Lamy and Feehan, and Bishop Hennessy, Degoesbrian, Loughlin and O'Connell are the only survivors. This evening at vespers, at the cathedral, Bishop Becker, of Wilmington, preached on "The Church of Science."

THE RASCALS MUST GO.

THE WATCHWORD GIVEN OUT FROM INDIANA.

Vice-President Elect Hendricks Talks Grit to the Brave Men of Indiana—Governor-Elect Gray Insists That the Rascally Officeholders Must Go—Torchlight Processions.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., November 11.—The democratic state jollification was held here to-day, and was largely attended. Between three and four o'clock this afternoon, the meeting was organized at the park, when ex-Governor Hendricks was introduced and spoke as follows:

THANKS TO THE PEOPLE.

I take great pleasure in expressing to the chairman and members of the democratic state committee my appreciation of value of their great services in this contest. The democrats of the state should thank them. For myself I take this opportunity also to express my obligations to the people of the state of Indiana. In the first speech I made during the contest I said to the people that I hoped to receive their votes, and I repeated it frequently during the campaign. I said it earnestly, and some gentleman thought it was not the thing to do. Why they should think so I cannot tell. I think when I desired the support of the people of Indiana, it was proper that I should say to them, and I now have the opportunity of thanking them for granting my request.

INDIANA A DEMOCRATIC STATE.

Indiana to-day is democratic, it is democratic by a good many thousand majority. It is a strong, solid, earnest democratic state, and my fellow-citizens, as a result of the late controversy, we have our nationalticket sustained by a good majority. Cleveland and Hendricks have been elected president and vice president of the United States, and have received the vote of Indiana. Next to that we have the election of our entire state ticket from governor to the close of the ticket. We have nine congressmen out of thirteen. We have both branches of the legislature, and that means that we have secured the senatorship also. We have rejoiced over the great result in several counties of the state, and if this was not the celebration of a state victory, I would refer to the glorious victory that the democrats have achieved in Indianapolis. Of all the blows that the republicans have received, the loss of Marion county is the hardest to them. As the result of the national election, I wish say to you that the value of our public securities have already advanced. Many who don't think rightly said that the effect of our victory would be to reduce the value of United States securities. Such we see has not been the effect of the election. Certain heresies and mistaken opinions have prevailed. The republican party has been the party of less than half the people of this country, claiming that they alone ought to be allowed to execute and administer the laws. This heresy has been rebuked. A certain set of men is no longer to be allowed to control this government. The doctrine of this country is that the rule of the majority is to be respected, and now the majority has caused itself to be understood, and no more will it be said that one particular class of men can arrogate to themselves the government of the country.

THE MAJORITY WILL RULE

and when the balance shall turn to the republican party, and that party shall have the majority, we shall respect that expression of the people's will. Somehow the republicans did not get as much money as usual to use for the election in Indiana, and the result was left to the best judgment of the people. We see the result. We covered the whole earth. It has been decided that the people are capable of managing their own elections, and from this time on the United States marshal is not to depatise any circuit agents to interfere with our elections. Shortly before the election in this city certain gentlemen addressed a note to the United States marshal. They wanted United States marshals in this city. For many years there had been no disturbance of any kind at elections, and where the marshals had been administered there was absolute quiet at election. Yet these gentlemen asked for the appointment of deputy marshals. I will not read the names of the gentlemen who have become immortal, because they have thrown reproach on the good city of Indianapolis. United States marshals were appointed; how many and who we do not know. They came into our midst as secret agents to carry out schemes unknown to the citizens of the community; but the people were so well behaved on election day that not a single marshal dared to show his head. But they were there to rule over you and strike you down. I hope to see all laws allowing any such abuse of power wiped from the statute books of a free people. I want to see the time return when, in effect, the people will govern themselves.

THE SLANDERS OF THE CAMPAIGN.

There never has been an Indiana canvass in which there has been so much slander, scurrility and untruth. It has been filled with charges not sustained by any facts. I never so far as I was concerned, turned to the right or to the left because of them. I know that the many things which were being said against myself about my loyalty, about my devotion to the county were understood by the people. We have learned in this contest that truth is stronger than lies, and the party that hereafter reaches power will reach it by the truth and not by lies. The democratic party, I believe, will come into power. It sincerely desires reform. The watchword of the party in this contest, as in the contest of eight years ago, has been reform—executive, administrative and revenue reform—an honest construction of the laws and an honest administration of them.

REFORM MUST FOLLOW.

The revenue now collected exceeds the wants of an economical administration by $85,000,000. Because of this the democrats say: "Let there be revenue reform. Let that reform consist in part in the reduction of taxation. Is it not patent to every man that there ought to be reform here? The democratic party this year comes before the country with a clear and straightforward statement of the reform they intended to accomplish. In the national platform they declared the reforms they would have. It was

1. That taxation shall not exceed the wants of the government economically administered.
2. That taxation shall be for public purposes alone and not for private gain or advantage.
3. That in the adjustment care shall be taken to neither hurt labor nor harm capital; and
4. That taxation shall be heaviest on articles of luxury and lightest on articles of necessity.

THE BANNER CARRIED TO TRIUMPH.

When at the great convention in Chicago, this banner was put into the hands of Cleveland and Hendricks, we took it to carry before the people, to rise and fall with this glorious banner. That banner I have carried over Indiana. Wherever I have gone I have preached that as the true doctrine of the spirit of taxation, and the result has been four, five or six thousand democratic majority in Indiana. This is our doctrine on the subject of taxation, and it is right that the people should understand this question. My countrymen, I cannot express to you under how great an obligation I am to you. I did not desire the nomination for vice president.

Several voices—"You will be president four years from now."

(Resuming). It became my duty to accept. I went as far as I could over the state and spoke to the people frankly, as I have always spoken on public questions, and to you and to the men and women and children who are at home, I tender my heartfelt thanks on this day.

THE RASCALS MUST GO.

Following Mr. Hendricks, Governor-elect Gray made a short speech, in which he said:

The time is near at hand when the democratic party will have an opportunity to carry out its reforms. The plea is put up: "Will we turn the republican office holders out?" Of course we will. This has been a contest between parties. The republican party in its twenty four years lease of power has filled all the places with republicans, and when the democratic party obtains power, on the 4th of March next, we will expect from that time, as rapidly as possible, that the offices will be filled with democrats. I don't expect that all the republican officeholders will be turned out. There may be some widows holding second class postoffices that will not be disturbed; but these big fellows who have made money by fostering monopolies, to these I expect the democratic administration to say: "Pack your gripsacks, get your Saratoga trunks ready. You may go to the cottage by the sea for awhile, or if your health is not good you may go to Europe, or if you don't want to do that you may take Horace Greely's advice and go west. When we need you again we will send for you."

THE TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION.

At night there was a torchlight parade, which Hendricks reviewed from a stand on Washington street. There was a great crowd on the streets and much enthusiasm was displayed. Everything passed off in good order. After the parade brief addresses were made by Senator Voorhees, Hon. Joseph E. McDonald, and others.

A DAY WITHOUT HOPE.

A Very Prominent Republican Gives It Up.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The canvassed returns received this evening by the democratic state committee from twenty-four counties indicated a change of six votes in favor of Blaine, against sixty in Livingston in favor of Cleveland. No returns had been received by the republican national committee at the Victoria hotel, and Chairman Draper, of the republican state executive committee, could not be found. General John N. Knapp, a stalwart republican, from Auburn, said he believed the official canvass would make no material change in the published returns." "If there is any hitch," said he, "it will be in New York and Kings county. Up in the country the people know twenty-four hours after the closing of the polls what the result is. I think it is a sure thing."

THE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMMITTEES.

The republican national committee moved to the Victoria hotel, and Chairman Jones, Senator Hobart, and Messrs Elkins, Chaffee and Converse, are to-day waiting for the reports of the official count in the state.

The democratic national committee to-day issued a call to "those interested in Cleveland and Hendricks," for money with which to defray "the ordinary and unexpected expenses occasioned by the threatened dispute of the electoral vote of the state of New York."

The Mail and Express says: "In the counties of the state a week is usually consumed in the work. In this city and Kings county less time is required. Four years ago the official canvass of the state was not completed until November 20, over a week distant."

Cattle in the West.

KANSAS CITY, November 11.—The committee appointed by the national bureau of animal industry, to gather statistics in relation to the cattle business in the west, has nearly concluded its work. Its report will show that there are 23,000,000 of cattle in the states west of the Mississippi river, being an average gain of 30 per cent. since 1880. Texas leads with a gain of 70 per cent., and Kansas is second, showing an increase of 57 per cent.

Reduction of Wages.

NASHUA, N. H., November 11.—The Nashua manufacturing company has posted notices that on and after December first wages will be reduced from 6 to 10 per cent. At the mills of the Jackson manufacturing company the same notice of reduction in wages has been posted. The two companies give employment to more than 3,000 persons.

The "Bank" Teller Acquitted.

PETERSBURG, Va., November 11.—The jury in the case of W. W. White, late teller of the Planters and Mechanics bank, on trial in the hustings court to-day, on indictment charging him with making fraudulent entries on the teller's books, to enable his uncle, Thomas White, cashier, to obtain $10,-200, to which he was not entitled, brought in a verdict of not guilty this evening, and the accused was discharged.

The case of Thomas White, cashier, for aiding and abetting these false entries, has been set for trial Thursday next.

An Infant Murdered.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., November 11.—[Special.]—A terrible crime was discovered here to-day. The body of a white child was found sewed up in a sack filled with rock, lying in the edge of a pond. The head of the child was crushed and badly mangled. The only clue found thus far is the shoe tracks of a woman in the mud near where the body was first discovered. The atrocious crime has created a genuine sensation. It is probable that the murder will be ferretted out and will cause startling developments.

The Opening of the Fair.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 11.—[Special.]—The sixteenth annual state fair opened here to-day under the brightest auspices. The weather is charming. The exhibit in the various departments exceeds any ever made in South Carolina. The people are pouring in from all directions, and Columbia is already thronged with visitors. To-morrow and next day will be the two big days of the fair, and it is expected that 10,000 visitors will be present.

THE RACES.

COLUMBIA, S. C. November 11.—At the fall meeting of the Columbia jockey club to-day the first race, purse $150, three quarters of a mile, Fairmount won, Brown second. Time 1:17¼.

Second race—Purse $100, three-quarters of a mile, Twilight won, Fanny second. Time 1:21.

Third race—Purse $75, five-eighths of mile, Congaree won. Time 1:06½.

Fourth race—Purse $75, three-quarters of mile, Miss Payne finished first but was ruled out on foul, giving Rhoderick Dh first place, Bettie H. second. Time 1:18.

Senator Wade Hampton was in the judges' stand.

Amusements in Columbia.

COLUMBIA, S.C., November 11.—[Special.]—There will be some fine attractions in Columbia this week. The city will be illuminated with the most powerful electric light. Reeves's famous band will give open air concerts every night. A local company of amateurs will present "The Sea of Ice," at the opera house five nights in succession. Several skating rinks will be in full blast. Two elegant balls will be given. Some of the most notable society people in South Carolina will participate in these events.

The Deaths of the Week.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 11.—[Special.]—There were four deaths in this city last week—three whites and one colored.

A Cold Wave.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 11.—[Special.]—Columbia has been visited by a cold wave. Yesterday morning there was ice.

Columbia Notes.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 11.—[Special.]—Columbia is filled with fakirs and pickpockets.

Next Friday night there will be a grand demonstration in Columbia in honor of Cleveland's election.

Governor Thompson has ordered an election on Monday, 14 of November, in the fourth congressional district, to fill the unexpired term of the late J. H. Evins.

Colonel W. D. Standmire, of San Francisco, is in Columbia visiting the fair.

The Storey Will Case.

CHICAGO, November 11.—In the hearing of the Storey will case to-day Judge Trumbull, counsel for Mrs. Storey, at the request of the court, produced the will antedating the present one, and by which the entire estate, including the Times, was bequeathed to his widow, but the provision that she was not to re-marry was not made a clause of the will, as it is the case of the latest will.

The Temperance Agitation.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 11.—[Special.]—The temperance people in Columbia, notwithstanding St. John's defeat, are still agitating the prohibition question. A "no-license" party is organizing here. The campaign against the liquor traffic will be a lively one.

John McCullouch in St. Louis.

CHICAGO, November 11.—John McCullouch took breakfast at the Chicago club at noon today. It is thought that he is on his way to St. Louis, and is determined to return to the stage.

CHICAGO, November 11.—The Daily News' St. Louis dispatch says John McCullough arrived at the Southern hotel in that city this evening, and if rumor is be credited, his mental condition is pitiable in the extreme. He came here with the intention of opening in "The Gladiator," but the proposition is so absurd that the management of the Olympic theater have closed the house rather than make an exhibition of the infirmities of the actor. The utmost secrecy concerning him is maintained by those in charge of him, and nothing can be learned at the hotel.

The New Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—The president to-day appointed, to be postmasters, Isaac Heyman at Opelika, Ala., and Alex. Smith at Paton Rouge.

MACON ABLAZE

WITH ENTHUSIASM FOR CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS.

A Grand Pageant Last Night—The Central Part of the State Turns Out in Force—Speakers From Over the State—The Governor Present—Personal and General Mention.

MACON, November 11.—[Special.]—The city has never since its foundation been in such a state of excitement and jollification. The people appear as if awakened from a long sleep and have put their bodies and souls in the grand jubilee over the resurrection of honest administration of the affairs of the government. The preparations have been most elaborate for to-night. Every man, woman and child has taken part, each vieing with the other for the biggest blaze and transparency. The railroads have given a one cent rate to the city, and when the afternoon trains began to arrive, they were loaded, some having passengers on top. Every house in the city displayed illuminations. The sight was a beautiful one. Early in the evening the transparancies began to gather at the old courthouse square, at the foot of Mulberry street, and later the crowd became great. When the first trains began to arrive they were packed. The Columbus train with three coaches brought over five hundred people. The 6:46 trains on the Georgia and Central were crowded. When the Atlanta train rolled in it was announced that the governor was on board. The immense crowd outside sent up a shout that made him feel the welcome. In the private car was Governor McDaniel, Colonel Clifford Anderson, Hon. E. P. Howell, Colonel Thomas Hardeman and other invited guests. They were met by a committee composed of Messrs. Jemison, McManus and Hertz, who immediately escorted them, with Hon. Pat Walsh, who came in from Augusta, to the Lanier house, where a suit of rooms had been prepared.

At promptly 6:30 the procession headed by Captain W. W. Carnes and his mounted aides, followed by Officers Wood, Murphy and Moore, of the police, was formed. Next came the torch-bearers, followed by a delegation of Schley county veterans, bearing the banner "Crisp and Honesty." Next came the students of Mercer university in red sashes, each bearing a torch. Next was a bier with the effigy of Blaine decked with cross bones and skulls. Next came the large float of Oscar Redlick borne by four horses. Next came Young America No. 3 hose company's float. Then an engine of W. J. Hatcher, with five whistles all shrieking at once, followed by torches. Next was Defiance No. five's float, with fireworks being displayed from it. This was followed by music. Next came a coffin bearing the effigy of Blaine. This was followed by a delegation from the country wearing Mother Hubbards and bearing torches. This was followed by transparencies. Next came a band followed by the Macon electric light brigade, mounted, wearing beavers and carrying torches. Next came the reel of Ocmulgee No. 2; then the float of Mechanics reel company, No. 4, representing a large picture of Blaine in a boat paddling up Salt River. This was followed by a band wagon filled with boys with clanging bells. The procession ended with a large coffin borne on a wagon.

THE LINE OF MARCH.

Captain Carnes acted as marshal. His aids were Messrs. R. B. Hall, Jno. S. Stewart, Geo. H. Plant, Ed L. Brown and Roff Simms. These mounted on prancing chargers headed the procession. The line of march was up Mulberry street to College, down College to Cotton avenue, down Cotton avenue to Plum, down Plum to Fourth, through Fourth to Poplar, up Poplar to Third, up Third to Cherry, up Cherry to Second, down Second through the

ARCH DE TRIOMPHE.

This was an arch erected across Second street from G. F. Payne's drug store to Sol. Hoge & Co.'s. The arch consisted of frame work twenty-five feet high by thirty-five feet frontage. The arch through which the procession passed was twenty feet high by eighteen in width. On either side of the arch was a statue, life size, bearing mottoes. Above these figures were two basso-reliefs of decided significance. Above the arch two figures, representing the north and the south clasping hand, were stationed—the north draped in a United States flag, the south in a confederate flag. The effect was most pleasing. At each corner of the structure a flag staff towered, bearing a cluster of Chinese lanters, with a graceful festoon of lanterns of various hues suspended. On this arch were discharged fireworks; beyond it was the confederate monument looming up as an object of life. The effect was grand.

THE MARCH.

When the procession reached Mulberry street after the fireworks display, the invited guests were escorted to the stand prepared in the center of the street opposite the Telegraph and Messenger building. The stand was 60x40 feet in size. It was handsomely decorated with flags and transparencies and presented a showy appearance. Seated on it were Governor H. D. McDaniel and Messrs. Evan P. Howell, James H. Blount, Patrick Walsh, J. F. Hanson, Clifford Anderson, Washington Dessau, C. H. Rogers, S. H. Jemison, W. H. Ross and others. Colonel S. H. Jemison introduced Governor McDaniel, who said:

These demonstrations of joy throughout the union over the prospect of a change in the federal administration evinces the attachment of the American people to constitutional liberty and give assurances our institutions will be perpetuated. It is natural that people of a great country, of such great extent and variety of interests and policies, shall differ among themselves as to proper limit of the powers and duties of government. These differences among patriotic citizens relate merely to the policy to be pursued to attain the common object of all good government. As long as this is the chief end of political parties our institutions will be safe. There are many reasons for the rejoicing here to-night. [Applause.] The two great political parties into which the people of the United States are divided have a difference in their principles, founded upon different views of what is best for the country. The republican party believes in a strong government; in lodging in the greatest possible amount of power farthest away from the people, in reducing the state to counties and of reducing the power of government in every nook and corner of the land. The democratic party believe in governing the people as much as possible, and as little as possible, and as nigh at home as possible; it believes counties should do whatever they can do better than the states; the states should do whatever they can do better than the general government. The triumph of democratic ideas is the idea of local self government throughout the union, would itself be enough for all rejoicing we have to-night. While we glory in the prospect of pure administration of reform, we have great reason to rejoice. This reunion of ours purports to be one of equal states. The successful working of the system depends upon the fact that every state shall be equal to every other and that no state shall be required to bear the burden of the government without sharing in the rights, privileges and duties of the administration. [Applause.] For years Georgia and her sister states of the south have been in an anomolous condition in this respect. We have borne all the burdens of the common country, yet have been denied equal participation in the administration. The sectional trouble which ended in revolution and stripped us of our property and nearly all but self respect, honor and devotion to constitutional liberty, we met the duties imposed in a sprit worthy the ages. We have set the sublime example of a people triumphing over adverse conditions and showing love of liberty, their devotion of constitutional government by giving their own people good government and not only to the white but to the colored people, by jealously guarding and protecting the rights of all."

Continued on Fifth Page.

GEORGIA BY WIRE.

THE NEWS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY CHRONICLED.

Burglary in Buchanan—Burning of a Hotel—The Particulars of the Tragedy at Temple—Burning of Ginhouses—An Almost Fatal Accident—Other Interesting Items.

LEXINGTON, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The farmers are busy sowing grain and few are coming to town, so trade is dull.

Death of B. F. Malone.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Mr. B. F. Malone, for many years a cotton buyer in this city, died at the residence of Mr. L. G. Bowers to-day.

Pink Price's Calf.

ATHENS, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Pink Price has a Jersey calf that he has named Miss Grover Cleveland. Pink has been offered $250 for the calf four weeks old.

Visiting Her Father.

LEXINGTON, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Mrs. Laura H. Hensly, of Knoxville, Tenn., is visiting her father, Professor Thomas B. Moss, of this place. She is welcomed by her old friends.

Moon's Condition.

ATHENS, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The condition of John Moon, the man that was stabbed Saturday night, is a little more favorable. He can articulate a little, though he is still in a critical condition.

Death of John P. Ferguson.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—John P. Ferguson, an old and well-known citizen, died suddenly yesterday from heart disease. He was 47 years of age, a prominent merchant and proprietor of a large iron foundry.

Hard Collections.

BOWDON, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—We are having distressing times about collecting. Many of the merchants close doors and go out money-hunting. Many farmers are leaving for Sand Mountain, leaving their debts unsettled.

A Second Crop of Strawberries.

CLAYTON, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Mrs. Hall, the wife of our efficient postmaster, is enjoying a second crop of strawberries. The berries are large, well developed and deliciously flavored. This does well for the mountains.

Two Ginhouses Burned.

BARNESVILLE, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The ginhouses of W. H. H. Bush, of Monroe county, and M. S. Howard, of Pike county, were burned yesterday. Howard's loss, $600; insurance, $400. The loss of W. H. Bush, 13 bales cotton and ginery and no insurance.

A Thief in the Night.

BUCHANAN, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Sunday night some thief cut a hole through the floor of Mr. C. Munroe's store and stole flour, bacon and tobacco to the amount of $100. If any other articles were taken it has not been discovered. The thief was only a common one, as the safe was untouched.

The Athens Post-Office.

ATHENS, Ga., November 11.—Captain W. B. Burnett will be a candidate for the position of postmaster of Athens. His brilliant services in the cause of democracy in the Candler-Speer race, and in the presidential contest, certainly entitle him to some recognition at the hands of the party.

The Savannah Cotton Exchange.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the cotton exchange last evening, the following officers were elected: President, H. M. Cornor; vice-president, E. M. Green; directors, M. McLean, Jno. Flannery, John L. Hammond, R. D. Bogart, S. Fatman, J. S. Warren, C. R. Woods, J. J. Wilder, H. H. Gilmer.

Death of Mr. John Henry Baker.

SPARTA, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Mr. John Henry Baker, of this place, and a brother of Mr. Alfred Baker, of Augusta, died this morning at his residence. He was in the fifty-eighth year of his age, and had been a prominent merchant in Augusta, and then in Sparta, until old age rendered him too feeble for work and he retired from business.

Fighting the Town Marshal.

BREMEN, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Saturday night the marshal, Cash, was cut by a Mr. Witcher while attempting to arrest Mr. Redding Witcher's brother held the marshal while he cut him. Redding was put in prison and paid his fine to-day, $4 and cost. J. B. Witcher, who held the marshal, is still in prison and is sick. The other Witcher is still at large. The marshal is doing well.

A Hotel Set on Fire.

TALLULAH, Ga., November 11.—[Special]—Dr. James P. Phillips gives us the information that the Habrooks house kept this season by Major Houston, of Augusta, was set on fire last night by an incendiary. Mr. Harris saw the fire, gave the alarm, and the house and a portion of the public square and the court house was saved from conflagration.

Marriage in Harris.

COLUMBUS, November 11.—[Special.]—At nine o'clock this morning, at the residence of the bride's father, Judge J. J. W. Biggers, in Harris county, Mr. James H. Worrell, of Talbotton, and Miss Emma Biggers, were joined in the holy bonds of wedlock, Rev. Howard Key officiating. The happy pair, attended by a number of friends, passed through the city en route to Talbotton at noon.

Business Notes From Bowdon.

BOWDON, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Mr. G. A. McDaniel is preparing to open a new stock of goods at this place, which will be quite an addition.

Mr. T. A. C. Smith, one of the firm of Adamson & Smith, is building a fine two-story residence on College street.

Dr. Henderson, D. D. LL. D., will move here to take charge of the school soon. He is a man of great influence and is sure to have a flourishing school.

An Almost Fatal Accident.

LAURENCEVILLE, November 11.—[Special]—Our county surveyor, R. M. Maffett, happened to a serious and almost fatal accident last Monday afternoon. He was somewhat under the influence of liquor and in ascending the platform leading to the upper story of the new court house, he lost his foothold and fell at least twelve feet on the sleepers below, breaking three of his ribs and receiving a severe cut on his head. He was carried to Colonel Juhan's residence alive. He stayed until yesterday morning when he was carried home on a bed. He says he is sanctified on the subject of liquor.

He Was Drunk.

OCONEE, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—A sad accident occurred near here last night. Allen Burnett, a negro man about 40 years old, who resided on Mr. W. G. Wood's plantation, was run over by the cars and completely riddled, the cars carrying him 400 yards, cutting him into fifty or seventy five pieces. The dead body was found this morning by a colored man. Parts of the dead man were to be found upon both sides of the track and the beasts feeding themselves upon him. He was drunk. The spot smelt with whisky. About eight or ten trains passed over him during the night.

The New Court House.

COVINGTON, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The corner stone of the new courthouse, being built for this county, was laid yesterday. The following officers of the Masonic fraternity from Atlanta were present and officiated: W. H. Parkhurst, Grand Marshal Porter King delivered the address, Dr. Wilson acting G. M. There was about 300 persons present, fully half were ladies. Quite a number of articles were put in by various citizens, among the rest a trade issue of THE CONSTITUTION and one reporting the election of Cleveland and Hendricks.

Difficulty in Bainbridge.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Saturday evening late an unfortunate difficulty occurred between William B. Lynn, a clever farmer of our county, and Ben Hill Griffin, during which the latter was seriously cut in the side with a pocket knife in the hands of the former. Mr. Lynn was drinking. The fight was caused by the conduct of Lynn while in the house, and a dispute about an account. The wound of Griffin was dressed by Dr. E. J. Morgan, who found the cut to be a glancing one, and not therefore necessarily mortal. Lynn was promptly arrested, and is now in jail. Trial Justice Ingram will investigate the case. Gurley and Talbut represent the defendant. County Solicitor Harrell the state. Both Griffin and Lynn are highly respected, and the unfortunate affair is regretted by all parties.

GEORGIA POLITICS.

Matters of Political Interest Happening Throughout the State.

Mr. James R. Kennedy, of Clay Hill in Lincoln county, has voted at every presidential election since 1840 when Harrison was elected.

Baker county is the banner democratic county of the United States and not a single republican vote was cast in the county.

Athens has three streets named repectively after Cleveland, Hendricks and Gantt.

From the Albany, Ga., News.

To the Macon Telegraph: Our man goes in; where does yours go?

From the Athens, Ga., Banner.

The following telegrams were sent to the Macon Telegraph and Messenger:

ATHENS, Ga., November 7.—Macon Telegraph and Messenger: In this hour of our triumph, we pause to ask: 'How do you feel?'
YOUNG DEMOCRACY OF CLARK.

ATHENS, Ga., November 8.—Macon Telegraph and Messenger: Are you glad that Cleveland is elected? Tell the truth.
DEMOCRAT.

No answer yet received.

THE FEARS OF THE COLORED PEOPLE.

The Reassuring Action of the Savannah Board of Education.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The board of education, at a meeting last night, adopted the following in consequence of the uneasiness among the colored people concerning the erroneous reports:

Whereas, it has come to the knowledge of the board that apprehension exists among the parents of the pupils of our colored schools that there is danger of interference with said schools in consequence of the result of the recent presidential election, and

Whereas, Such apprehension is entirely foundless. Be it therefore

Resolved, That this board do hereby assure the colored people of this city and county that they may promptly dismiss all such fears as utterly destitute of foundation.

2d. That the colored people may put implicit faith in the abiding intention of the schools to give entire justice to the educational interests of their children, and may rest assured that the rights of the colored people are as safe here as any state in the union.

3d. That the public journals of this city be requested to publish the above preamble and resolutions and that the copies of same be distributed in the schools of the colored children.

GEORGE A. MERCER,
JOHN WILLIAMSON,
J. R. SAUSSY,
HENRY BLUN,
S. P. HAMILTON,
J. B. READ, M. D.,
S. Y. LEVY,
WM. HUNTER,
WM. DUNCAN, M. D.,
RUFUS E. LESTER,
P. D. WALKER,
JOHN A. DOUGLAS.

The Negro Alarm.

From the Savannah, Ga., News.

Since the confirmation of the news of Mr. Cleveland's election the colored people in and around Savannah have been seized with great alarm. A foolish feeling exists among the most ignorant of them that the return of the democratic party to power means their return into slavery. In nearly all the colored churches yesterday allusion was made by the preachers to the great trouble hanging over the colored race, and great stress was laid upon the fear that the negroes would be in great danger should the democracy assume control of the government. All this tended to excite the fears of the less intelligent negroes unnecessarily, and to put them in anything but a desirable frame of mind; to create terror where no cause for it exists. It was rumored yesterday afternoon that L. M. Pleasant, the negro candidate for congress in this district, would address the congregation at St. Phillip's A. M. E. church last night on what their rights are, and what their duty is. Pleasant was not present, nor could it be learned that he had intended making such a speech, but the pastor delivered a sermon of the most dismal and fear-exciting character. He spoke of the grave danger threatening his race, and said that it was sent by God as a punishment for the sins of the negroes. They had been a God-fearing race, but the young men had become wicked and profligate. "They do not remember what it was 20 years ago, when we were all in bondage," said he, "but we older ones remember it; and I pray God that that day will never come again. I do not think it will. I think it is simply a warning. It is only a storm and if we put our trust in God it will soon pass away. The cannons may boom and clubs may march and the air be filled with shouts and sky rockets, but let us hope that all may yet be well. It may be that it will come to pass that the colored race may be trampled upon again, but I believe that we are the mighty of the Lord and will be delivered. A similar sermon was preached at the forenoon service Every colored preacher knows, or ought to know, that it is impossible to interfere with the present status of the colored people in any way, and that there is no desire to limit their liberty or their rights. The colored people will be treated just as they are now after Mr. Cleveland is installed as president. The aim of the democrats is to aid them to improve their condition in every possible way. The colored preachers ought to tell their congregations that the triumph of the democratic party means good rather than harm to them. If the colored preachers will not tell their people the exact truth the leading colored men ought to take it upon themselves to assist in quieting the fears of those of their race who are ignorant enough to allow themselves to be alarmed.

THE LAW IN HARALSON.

Resolutions of the Citizens in Regard to Revenue Violations.

TALLAPOOSA, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—At a meeting of three or four hundred of the best citizens of the county, held at this place yesterday, for the purpose of taking some action to prevent the violation of the revenue laws in the county, Rev. Charles Talliaferro was elected chairman and A. B. Fitts, editor Haralson Banner, secretary.

Mr. A. O. Alford offered the following resolutions:

Whereas, the prosecutions for minor violations of the revenue laws of the United States has become so numerous against the citizens of Haralson county as to be a source of further impoverishing many of our people, who by reason of short crops, and other causes, are already poor and hard run: and, as in our opinion, the best interests of the community will be promoted by the exercise of clemency to such of our people as are charged with minor violations of the law; and regarding, as we do, the manufacture and dealing in illicit spirits as a great evil, calculated only to blight all other legitimate interests of our people and community.

Therefore we, a large number of citizens of Haralson county, in mass meeting assembled, resolve and hereby pledge ourselves individually and collectively, to use our best and most earnest efforts in suppressing this evil, and that no illicit distillery shall be operated within the limits of this county with our knowledge or consent; and that we will extend to the proper officials of the revenue department all needful aid in the suppression of this evil and in ridding the county of any and every blockade distillery which is now or which may hereafter be within the limits of the county.

Resolved, That THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION and the Haralson Banner be requested to publish these proceedings.

The resolutions were heartily indorsed by speeches by the Rev. Miles Edwards, Rev. James Jackson, Rev. Charles Taliaferro, A. J. Head and other prominent citizens.

Upon motion the resolutions were adopted unanimously by a rising vote.

THE TEMPLE TRAGEDY.

The Story of a Drunken Wretch's Crime—Whisky and its Influence.

TEMPLE, Ga. November 11.—[Special.]—The facts concerning the trouble in Temple last Saturday night In regard to Mr. T. J. Harper are: Mr. Hicks, who lives near hear, while up at Bremen, got on the freight train and came down to Temple, and being under the influence of whisky, remained at Temple untill the east bound passenger train came on, which was four hours late. Hicks, while at Temple, previous to the coming of the passenger train, made use of some very bad language, boasting of what he could do. Just as the passenger car rolled out for Atlanta Conductor Paterson saw this man Hicks on the hind car or holding on, and snatched him loose. Hicks remarked to Paterson, with knife in hand, that he would see him later. Mr. Harper, with the United States mail and one package of express money containing $333.92, started for his office in a run, being alone, thinking it best to get in doors before times were worse. Hicks discovered Mr. Harper making for his office; so he pursued and caught Mr. Harper at his office door. Hicks wanted to know of Mr. Harper who it was that run from under him. Mr. Harper told him he did not know, and told Hicks to turn him loose. Hicks told him to come back and begun to cut Mr. Harper with his knife, first under the left eye, then a stab in the back, one severe stab near the breast, and other places. While the wrestle was going on, Mr. Harper managed to get loose from Hicks, the demon. Mr. Harper had no way to defend himself, being unarmed and very weak, caused by sickness. His calls for help awoke P. S. Sewell, who was the first to assist. Hicks was arrested at a late hour by Sewell, Barge and Baskin. Harper is at P. S. Sewell's, where he is kindly cared for. Mr. Harper's father and sister, Mrs. Dr. Hopkins, of Seneca, South Carolina, arrived this morning. Mr. Harper is resting quietly to day. Dr. D. W. Dorsett thinks he can bring him safely through. Hicks is safely secured in the Carrollton jail.

GEORGIA'S CAPITOL.

AN APPEAL TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

A Review of the Situation—Some Interesting Reading, Which is Worth the Consideration of Every Georgian—Why Georgia Material Should Be Used in the Capitol.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 10, 1884.—To the Members of the General Assembly: Honorable Senators and Representatives and fellow citizens: Shall the new capitol of Georgia be built of the durable and beautiful granite rock and marble of our own state, or, shall the principal and most prominent stone in the edifice consist of an inferior oolite, imported from another locality?

THE LAW.

"Be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said capitol building shall be built of granite rock and marble, as far as practicable, and that all the materials used in the construction of said building shall be those found and procured in the state of Georgia; provided, the same can be procured as cheaply as other materials of like quality in other localities."

THE OOLITIC AN ILLEGAL ROCK.

The oolitic limestone is not allowable under the statutory terms, "granite rock and marble," nor under the building specifications calling for "granite and marble," in pursuance of the law.

It is insisted, that the word 'rock' should be regarded as an independent term. In no just sense can this be done as the law stands; and, to alter the statute and change its meaning by pointing the word 'granite' with a comma, would amount to a reckless tampering with the law, while rendering it absurd and ludicrous. Thus changed, it would read, shall be built of granite, rock and marble; the reconstructed phrase necessarily implying that granite is not rock, and that marble is not rock!

It is contended in the public prints by the acting clerk of the capitol commission, signing himself as such, that the word "granite" being a noun with a particular meaning as a stone, and the word 'rock' being also a noun signifying any natural deposit of stony matter, therefore, the word granite cannot justly be regarded as a descriptive defining the character of the "rock;" and there being no such compound word as granite-rock, that it cannot be used in that way: and that granitic rock would be the proper expression if it were desired to speak of a rock having the qualities of granite, but granite-rock never: thence, attempting to ridicule the idea that the two words are used to signify granite alone, as an effort of some 'obscure writer.' And he arrives at the remarkably strange conclusion that the legal intendment of the statute is the use of granite, rock or marble! affirming that these words contained in the law and which were considered carefully by the board give them ample authority to select any of the building stones coming under the names of granite, sandstone, limestone or any of the various grades of marble.

What unplausible reasoning! Adjectives are sometimes used as nouns; and without any compounding nouns are frequently used as adjectives; most aptly and forcibly expressing a class, or a quality or limitation; as, for instance, the good, the wicked; a flint rock, "limestone rock."

Lyell treats of the different kinds of granite under the caption of "granite rocks."

If we can say 'flint rock,' 'limestone rock,' 'gneiss rock,' 'talcose rock,' 'marble rock,' why not granite rock? By what rule can any of the rock substances be excluded one above another from its rock designation if it were desired to set forth its identity, nature or texture in a distinct manner? The expression, 'flinty rock,' would not distinguish a true flint rock; nor would the words, 'granitic rock,' define a true granite rock but any sort of rock having the nature or texture of granite.

Who would ruminate over this subject for parallel example, to justify him in describing and portraying the Stone mountain as a solid granite rock, looming up to the sky in its vast proportions, in sight of our capital city, presenting to our view one of the wonders of the world?

Granitic! Never, in the solid south. The term is too vague and weak to define the excellent solid granite rocks of Georgia. Granitic might suit the cold, calculating natures of some bleak sandstone region, but it has a deadening and unpleasant sound to the ingenuous, full-souled people of Georgia. When they say solid south, they mean a true, united south; when they say granite rock, they mean a true, solid granite; when they say marble, they mean true marble; and when they say build, they mean to build of true granite and marble. These whole souled people have sent up their representatives to secure the true temple. Now, as faithful, true and valiant patriots stand firmly by the work. Like the brave and devoted Nehemiah, I pray ye begirt yourselves with the sword (of resolution) and remain at the post of duty. Retire not away, because [the work may have a seeming of the difficult. It needs effort to attain the best, but glory crowns the valor that achieves.

THE QUESTION OF MARBLE.

Is this oolitic limestone marble as contemplated by the legislature, and therefore allowable under the term marble? Certainly not. It is unlike the excellent Georgia marbles that were in the knowledge and minds of the legislators, and which were so strongly emphasized before the legislative presence, in the appeal, made invoking the assembly on behalf of Georgia material.

"Marble, in its strict and proper sense, is a rock crystalized in a saccharoidal manner, having the fracture of loaf sugar, and composed of carbonate of lime—either almost pure when the color is white, or combined with oxide of iron or other impurities, which give various colors to it. But many other kinds of stones are popularly" (vulgarly) "included under this title. Indeed, any limestone rock sufficiently compact to admit of a polish is called marble. It is only in this vague sense that the indurated amorphus rocks used in Great Britain can receive this name. Such are the black and gray and coral limestones of Devonshire," etc. Chambers Ency.

"Many ornamental stones such as serpentine, alabaster, and even granite, are sometimes loosely designated as marbles, but by accurate writers the term is restricted to those crystaline and compact varieties of carbonate of lime which when polished are applicable to purposes of decoration."—Ency Britanica.

Marble in common, "(vulgar)" language, is the name applied to all sorts of polished stones, employed in the decoration of monuments and public edifices, or in the construction of private houses; but among the materials thus made use of, it is necessary to distinguish the true marbles from those stones which have no just title to such designation. In giving a short but universal character of marble, it may be said that it effervesces with dilute nitric acid, and is capable of being scratched with fluor, while it easily marks gypsum. These properties will separate it at once from the granite, porphyries and silicious puddingstones, with which it has been confounded, on one side, and from the gypseous alabaster on the other. From the hard rock having been formerly included under the marbles, comes the adage, "hard as marble."—Ency. Americana.

Under the head, Calcareous Rocks, Lyell speaks of certain white chalk (usually in a soft earthy state) even passing into "a compact stone, or a stone of which the separate parts are so minute as not to be distinguishable from each other by the naked eye."

Says Professor Tenney: "Considered in regard to structure, limestones are either compact or granular. The compact limestones break with a smooth surface, often conchoidal. The granular are crystalline, some varieties resembling loaf sugar.

"All varieties of crystallized limestone cleave into rhombohedrons." Id.

Let us now bring forth from its quarry bed some blocks of this soft, oolitic limestone, with its fragments of wood, impressions of ferns, cycadeæ and other terresrial plants, and remains of beetles and many genera of reptiles, etc., and see how the bastard marble will appear in the light of the above exposition.

Unlike the select, hardened specimens presented to the board, we see a mud-looking concretion. No beautiful appearance greets the proud, ambitious eye, and we shrink back depressed, as beholding the ghastly relics of some sad decay.

The deadly substance is not marbly compact, but soft and easily abraded; and it breaks with a rough, not smooth surface, nor with shell-valve deviations or depressions; and the fracture readily displays the argillo, calcareous and fossiliferous matters that compose the crumbly stone.

But, 'tis claimed, the soft oolitic will indurate. Indeed! But would it not indurate like some inferior amorphus? Let it be remembered that this oolitic limestone has no "habitation or a name" in the Parian kingdom, where the snow-white Parian marble, when exposed, indurates to perfection, "resisting decomposition for ages."

And what if this uncertain, outlandish oolite does indurate for the better? While on probation indurate, what evils might not assail to weaken and deform, and cause the yielding stone to fall from the grace bestowed upon it? And whether, indeed, of itself in this, our more changeable climate, this oolitic limestone would not disintegrate and scale and fall to pieces? These queries alone render the use of the soft sandstone a hazardous experiment, to say the very least of the deadly substance.

The following letter, addressed to my son by the secretary of the state of Tennessee, may afford some light on the subject, while it suggests a most cautious procedure, even should you conclude it a wise! and safe! precedent to traverse the will of the former legislature and legalize and accept an illegal material.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., October 31, 1884.—Piromis H. Bell, Esquire, Atlanta, Ga. Dear sir: Yours of the 30th instant to hand. In reply I would say that the outer walls of the capitol of Tennessee are built of bluish gray (fossiliferous) limestone, beautifully varigated, and was obtained from a quarry one-half mile to the west of Nashville. The limestone is very defective, that portion of it most exposed to the weather, the north side, having scaled very badly. Respectfully,
D. A. DUNN,
Secretary of State.

Now, the oolitic accepted by the board is somewhat similar in appearance to the said "very defective limestone," and is of the same species; and even indeed if it is somewhat superior, it may stand no better in this latitude, and most likely would not. That in common or vulgar language it is sometimes called marble, no one denies; but assuredly it is not a true marble as contemplated by the legislature; nor is it a granite rock: therefore, it cannot justly be allowed as the principal material under the terms, "granite rock and marble."

"AS FAR AS PRACTICABLE."

The positive affirmance is, "the said capitol shall be built of granite rock and marble, as far as practicable." The last four words of the predicate, indicating appropriate placement of the granite and marble as the principal materials that must be used in the main structure of the building, by the means given.

Says Webster, practicable is sometimes synonomous with possible, but the words differ in this: Possible is applied to that which might be performed if the necessary powers or means could be obtained; practicable is limited in its application to things which are to be performed by the means given, or which may be supplied."

That's as plain as the glare of the noonday sunbeams that pour in and light up your legislative halls. The statute does not say, if practicable. The if would have given the synonomous import, and perhaps alligned the commissioners with some Archimedes shrinking back at the possible idea of lifting the world.

But the positive mandate has gone forth, requiring "granite rock and marble," as the principal material to be used in building the capitol, intending that the state should have a granite and marble capitol; and that any and all appropriations, as well as the cost and manner and placement of all unspecified materials, must be subordinated to the imperative demand.

PERSONAL PRIVILEGES.

Ah, it is asked, "who and whence and where is this man Bell who assumes to know so much?" "His ways are eccentric;" and "his methods in this movement are erratic."

Well, to remove all prejudice and envy and revengeful ill-will that some might indulge toward me, to the hurt of the common weal, I most humbly rise to say, that in fact, I am your fellow-citizen of Georgia, interested alike with you in her peace and prosperity. In spirit, I sometimes dwell in the realms of a fair and beautiful republic, where "all things that offend are cast out." I love to dwell there, apart from the outer darkness where the "wicked" cease not from "troubling" and the "weary" find no "rest."

In that fair and beautiful republic (which we can attain here in Georgia if we would), let me abide unmolested! There let me breathe out my life

"Like the summer rose
That opens to the morning sky."

Yes, indeed, I am an "obscure man" in these times. And I am no learned scientist, nor the son of one, and would not essay to mislead you as such. Besides the training of my lisping childhood, I had only a ten month's teaching in a country log-house school; and am now writing these views of mine without the suggestion or aid of any living human. But I wish you to bear in mind that we sometimes "learn wisdom from the lips of babes."

Some very unkind and unjust surmises have been uttered, insinuating against my motives and those of my son in first agitating the question, opposing the use of this foreign oolitic limestone; charging that I have some marble quarries for sale, and was disappointed because the marbles I represented were not adopted, and hence the interest we manifested. There is no truth in this surmise whatever. Having two marble quarries in Geogia for sale brought me in contact with the Georgia marble men, and familiarized me with the abundance of fine marbles in Georgia; and when this oolitic limestone was accepted, I was utterly surprised and shocked; not as an agent to sell any marble quarry; but as a citizen of Georgia, looking to the general development of Georgia's resources, and the good of our struggling people, and the permanent welfare of the state; no other motive moved either of us to go forward in this effort to secure a capitol that would be worthy our noble, self-sacrificing and patriotic people, and the pride of the state.

I presented to the board some very indifferent surface specimens from the quarries I represent, stating to the governor as the chairman, that I did so merely to give information as to some of the marble resources of Georgia. Neither myself nor Colonel Artope nor Mr. Daly, whom I represent, made any bid nor offered any supply from the undeveloped quarries; and we had no reason to expect any acceptance of their marble, in the face of other splendid Georgia marbles ready to be supplied; and any surmise that we were disappointed, is a mere idle conjecture. Nor has Colonel Artope nor Mr. Daly spoken or written a word to me or my son concerning the result of the board's award of the contract in any particular. This movement was started by myself and son without consulting with anyone; and the Georgia and granite men soon fell into line, and the people of the state generally joined hands and hearts in the patriotic cause; and now the universal cry is for a modification of the present contract to secure better Georgia material and a capitol that shall become the pride and dignity of the state. In all this, myself nor son has received any remuneration, nor the promise of any, nor have we a particle of interest in the use or sale of any marble or granite likely to be accepted, if the desired modification be effected; nor do we expect or desire any pay for what we have done, or may do in these laudible premises.

Some years ago I made a similar earnest, open appeal, attacking the Citizens' Bank of Atlanta as an unsafe depository for the state's money, where an immense sum of the people's treasure was placed in the whirlpool of this sinking bank. It was then surmised that I was moved by some sinister motives. The result of my open and timely warnings is known. A new official was installed in office, moneys were withdrawn, and several hundred thousand dollars saved to the state! What did I or any of mine, receive for all that? Not a cent, or a cent's worth, nor the promise, directly, or indirectly, of any pay or remuneration, or office or promotion or favor from any source, whatever; nor did I desire or expect anything in this present age except an approving conscience, and the respect of my fellow citizens, awarding to me the meed of a "good name," which I prize more than I would the bestowment of "great riches." And what did I then, and now, expect in the age to come, when the fair and beautiful republic is attained by the coming generation? Nothing, save a goodly remembrance by the happy citizens of that republic, of myself as one of the unpurchased and unpurchasable men of the former times.

So it is in this present earnest movement to secure Georgia material to build our capitol!

But 'tis said, other Georgia marble men, and Georgia granite men, might extort on the state, if the modification be made! This is a most unkind suspicion, no just foundation for it, whatever. Nor is there any reason to fear that Messrs. Miles and Horn would hesitate to meet the issue in a spirit of liberality and accommodation. As public contractors, and as long denizens or citizens in our midst, their pride and honor as well as interest forbid any such attempt.

Now, my method may be 'erratic,' but there is no lurking round the corners by day, or through the dark shadows by night, with a "whispering tongue, to poison truth."

MY CHAMPIONS.

I have no particular member of your body nor any one else to champion this cause of the people of Georgia, and I call upon you all as their representatives to champion this great and vital movement in behalf of the state's best welfare.

May I not hope for success? The nightmare of radicalism is removed from our struggling people, and we begin to breathe free; and the lowering clouds are scattered, and the bright future bursts into view, lighting up with its splendor the coming days of prosperity, and we behold with hearts filled with gratitude and joy. Let us thank God, and rejoice with a great rejoicing, making the welkin ring with the anthems of His praise. And while we rejoice, let us be faithful to the high trusts devolved upon us as citizens of the state of Georgia. Let us set an example of true devotion to our state, and of true loyalty to the grand union of all the states.

And let us "build up the waste places," and let us make the "wilderness blossom as the rose." A new bright world of usefulness is ours to possess and enjoy if we but will to attain the beautiful republic.

What consideration even a five million capitol, to be fully completed, say in eight years? Not the weight of a feather from the breast of the tiniest bird, if built of our own Georgia materials, developing our various resources from mountain to seaboard, fostering and promoting our industrial pursuits, the money all being spent among the people of the state, stimulating business and reviving and blessing trade generally for the next decade. That is the kind of capitol I would build if I had authority to issue the mandate for the state's best welfare, and the best interest of all classes of our people. And will you, proud citizens and representatives of the great state of Georgia, halt at a trifle, and suffer the upbuilding of a capitol that would be a reproach to the spirit and enterprise of our people?

Look around and behold on all sides the great variety and abundance of our building stone, the best in the world; and think of our gold, and silver, and copper and other mines; and the immense beds of coal and iron; and our diamonds and gems: and other precious metals and minerals too numerous to mention. And our fertile plains and rich valleys, and our crystal springs, and flowing streams; and our worlds of splendid forest timber, and the thousands of other untold treasures of bounteous Nature. All, all ready to yield up their stores of wealth to the touchstone of enterprise. Behold, and then say whether we shall build as becomes the south—empire-state, and her prospective glory, or erect a temple that shall mock at our interest and pride for all time to come.
Your fellow citizen,
MARCUS A. BELL.

A Stitch in Time Saves Nine

is true of old coats and mouths. When the former shows the first defect take a "stitch," and always keep the mouth right by using SOZODONT. It costs less for a new coat than a set of teeth. False teeth are not pleasant.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. Trade Mark. On Every Bottle.
—THE BEST TONIC.
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—other Iron medicines do.

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

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POISON Our Treatise On Blood Poisoning is of interest to all classes. Will be mailed free on receipt of your address.
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CONSTITUTIONAL SCROFULA.

A girl in my employ has been cured of what I believe was constitutional Scrofula by the use of Swift's Specific. J. O. McDANIEL,
Allatoona, Ga., July 25, 1884.

TETTER FIFTEEN YEARS.

Swift's Specific has cured me of an obstinate Tetter of fifteen years's standing. L. COOK,
Palmetto, Ga., July 18, 1884.

PRESCRIBED BY PHYSICIANS.

I have prescribed Swift's Specific in many cases of Blood Poison and a general tonic, and it has made cures after all oth remedie had fail
R. M. STRICKLAND M. D.,
Cave Sprin Ga.. 28, 1

FRESH AND FAIR COMPLEXION

A young lady who was troubled with Tetter an Eruptions has been entirely relieved b few bottles of Swift's Specific, and her complexion fresh and fair again. THOS. H. MORGAN
Greensboro, Ga.. Aug. 1 1884

FEARFUL BLOOD POISON.

A negro on my farm has been cured of a fearful case of Blood Poison bythe use o three bottles of Swift's Specific. ANDREW J HOWARD.
Forsyth, Ga., Aug. 5, 1884.

TETTER FOR ELEVEN YEARS.

Swift's Specific has cured me of Tetter from which I had suffered for eleven years and has built up my general health so that I feel like a new man. L. W. LEE,
Dawson, Ga., Aug. 30, 1884.

Swift's Specific is entirely a vegetable preparation; no mercury, no potash or other minerals. Send for treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases, free.
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VINOUS ELIXIR
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of the three Peruvian barks. A most powerful Restorer in General Debility, Exhaustion, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Slow Convalescence, & the effects of Malarial Fevers.
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Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.
Having sold [illegible] preparation known as G for the past year or more we are pleased to report that it has given entire satisfaction and we do not hesitate to recommend it. J. C. Williams & Co. Syracuse, N. Y.
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FOR WOMEN.

YOUR HANDS
NEED WASHING.

Very often during the cold weather, and the greatest care should be observed in selecting good Soaps, free from poisonous adulterations. We handle the Soaps

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Buchan's Carbolic,
Parker's Pine Tar,
Castile (all colors),
" Virgin Olive,
Mexican Palmea (vegetable),
William's Barber.

YOU WILL ALSO NEED

All of which we have in stock:

Face Powders, Low Son & Hayden's, fine. Bulk Extracts: Oakley's, Lubin's and other Fine Extracts in abundance, Colognes, Toilet Waters, Hair Brushes, both Horn and Rubber, Combs, Tooth Brushes, Cloth Brushes and many other things in the Sundry Department.

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We have a full stock of Cough Medicines. Buy them in time for your customers.

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Turpentine in new barrels.
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Colors,
Brushes,
Window Glass,
Putty, etc.

All these goods never were so low.

Give us a trial.

Lamar, Rankin & Lamar
40 & 42 Wall street.

THE LEGISLATUR
The House.
The house met at 10 o'clock, Spea
in the chair. Prayer by the chap
roll call was dispened with on mo
Wheeler, of Walker.
Mr. Lamar, from the committee
submitted a report.
Hon. B. H. Bingham was invited t
the floor.
THE JOINT SESSION.
At half past 10 the senate entere
of the house and went into joint sess
election of judges and solicitors.
THE ALBANY CIRCUIT
was first drawn. A judge and
were to be elected.
Mr. Dart of Glynn, nominated H
Bower, the present incumbent, for ju
Mr. Harris, of Bibb, stated that
quested to say that the Hon. I
had withdrawn from the race. He
thanks, in the name of Mr. Bush, to t
who had given him their support.
no other candidate and Judge
unanimously re-elected.
For solicitor of the Albany c
Arnheim of Dougherty, nominated
Walters, the present incumbent.
Senator Russell nominate
W. N. Spence, of Mitchell. The b
ted, Spence 114; Walters 97. Mr. S
declared elected.
THE CHEROKEE CIRCUIT
was next called. Senator Rankin
Judge J. C. Fain, the present incu
judge. There was no other nomi
Judge Fain received 211 votes,
number cast.
For solicitor of the Cherokee cir
tor Maddox nominated Mr. J. W.
present incumbent. Mr. Harris r
votes, the whole number cast.
THE OCONEE CIRCUIT
was next called. For judge, Mr.
Pulaski, nominated Hon. C. C. Kibb
laski.
Senator Ray nominated Hon. D. M
of Dodge. The ballot resulted, K
Roberts 79. Mr. Kibbee was declar
There was no solicitor to be electe
circuit.
THE FLINT CIRCUIT
was next drawn. There was an e
solicitor general only. Senator Cab
inated Hon. Emmett Wommack, th
incumbent. There was no oppo
Mr. Wommack was unanimously el
THE BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT
was next drawn. The only vacan
the office of solicitor general.
Mr. Eason, of Telfair, nominated
Carter, of Appling. Mr. Dart,
nominated Hon. Leon A. Wilson,
The ballot resulted Carter 164; Wi
Mr. Lamar, of Pulaski, moved th
session be dissolved, but the motio
THE SOUTHERN CIRCUIT
was next called. An election for s
was to be had for this circuit.
Mr. Harris, of Bibb, rose to a
privilege. He said that a circular
issued in the interest of on
candidates which stated that Tho
had had every judge and solicit
circuit was organized. The gen
signed the circular and the g
whose interest it was issued had
that this statement was not exactl
one solicitor of the circuit had res
of Thomas county. He stated this
gentlemen who signed the circular
sire to take any undue advantage.
Mr. Hopson, of Brooks, rose to
privilege. He said the circular
did him a serious injustic
invoked the patient attention of th
statement to which he would ma
anywhere.
Senator Cabaniss made the poi
that a question of privilege coul
raised in a joint session. The point was
tained.
The first election was for a solicitor
the unexpired term of the Hon. R. G.
resigned.
Mr. Watkins, of Colquitt, nomi
D. L. Goulding, of Brooks. There
position, and Mr. Goulding was
elected.
The election of a solicitor for th
was then ordered. The president
that he was mistaken in the
the gentleman from Brooks
rise to a privileged question.
privilege should always be resp
gentleman from Brooks was recog
Mr. Hopson said that the cir
Rountree, one of the candidates
reflected on him by implying
elected over the regular democ
votes. He had been besought
many leading citizens to make the
it was understood that Mr. Denma
inee, would support Mr. Rountre
He had received over 200 maj
sure that a majority of the whit
county voted for him. Mr. Hop
to order several times by vari
while he was speaking. He
saying that every member of th
county committee had voted for
two, and one of them had decl
had rather take a dose of casto
vote for Mr. Denmark. (La
Hopson said that he did not inte
upon Mr. Denmark in any sens
him to be a gentleman.
Mr. Harrison, of Quitman, mo
joint session be dissolved. Thi
declared carried by 113 yeas to 9
was some dissatisfaction with th
the yeas and nays were dema
they were being called Mr. H
drew his motion and the
were made for the
solicitor. Mr. Turner, of Cowet
Mr. D. W. Rountree, of Brooks.
Mr. McLendon, of Thomas, no
H. W. Hopkins, of Thomas.
The ballot resulted: Rountree
43. Mr. Rountree was declared
The joint session was then dis
convene at 3 o'clock.
The house then adjourned to 2
AFTERNOON SESSION.
The house reassembled at 2:4
in the chair. An invitation was
citizens' committee, of Macon
the presence of the legislatur
demonstration in that city in ho
tion of Cleveland and Hendricks
Mr. Smith, of Crawford, move
vitation be accepted and the
house returned with the regre
not be present. On motion of M
Bibb, an amendment was add
"While we cannot be with
we will be with you in
resolution as amended was una
ed. Ordered engrossed, and fo
citizens committee of Macon.
The senate entered for joint
tinue the election of judges and
THE ATLANTA CIRCUIT
was first drawn. Mr. Pringle,
announced that the Hon. Rob
would not be a candidate, and r
to those friends who had suppo
Abbott, of Fulton, nominated
Hammond, the present incum
unanimously elected.
The election of a solicitor g
Atlanta circuit was next in ord
Mr. Abbott, of Fulton, nomi
Hill, of Fulton.
Mr. Hackett, of Catoosa, nom
B. Trippe, of Fulton.
Mr. Hart, of Green, nominat
L. Haralson, of Fulton.
Mr. Ellis, of Fulton, nomi
John Milledge, of Fulton.
Mr. Thomas, of Fulton, nom
S. B. Spencer, of Fulton.
Mr. Ward, of Clayton, nomi
L. Waterson, of Clayton.
Mr. Hines, of Washington,
E. H. Orr, of Fulton.
Each of the nominations
several times.
The ballot proceded
as follows: Milledge, 59; Hil
50; Orr, 31; Spencer, 18; Wat
30. After some confusion att
to change votes the second ba
While it was proceeding th
Waterson was withdrawn fro
. A little later the na
withdrawn. The second b

YOUR HANDS NEED WASHING.

Very often during the cold weather, and the greatest care should be observed in selecting good Soaps, free from poisonous adulterations. We handle the Soaps

OF ONLY THE BEST MANUFACTURERS!

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Parker's Pine Tar,
Castile (all colors),
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Mexican Palmea (vegetable),
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All of which we have in stock:

Face Powders, Low Son & Hayden's, fine. Bulk Extracts: Oakley's, Lubin's and other Fine Extracts in abundance. Colognes, Toilet Waters, Hair Brushes, both Horn and Rubber, Combs, Tooth Brushes, Cloth Brushes and many other things in the Sundry Department.

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Our stock of

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is very large and we can save you freight by buying of us instead of sending East.

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with the best materials.

OUR RED SEAL LEAD

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Turpentine in new barrels.
Linseed Oil,
Colors,
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Window Glass,
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All these goods never were so low.

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THE LEGISLATURE.

The House.

The house met at 10 o'clock, Speaker Little in the chair. Prayer by the chaplain. The roll call was dispened with on motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Walker.

Mr. Lamar, from the committee on rules, submitted a report.

Hon. B. H. Bingham was invited to a seat on the floor.

THE JOINT SESSION.

At half past 10 the senate entered the hall of the house and went into joint session for the election of judges and solicitors.

THE ALBANY CIRCUIT

was first drawn. A judge and solicitor were to be elected.

Mr. Dart of Glynn, nominated Hon. D. P. Bower, the present incumbent, for judge.

Mr. Harris, of Bibb, stated that he was requested to say that the Hon. Isaac Bush had withdrawn from the race. He returned thanks, in the name of Mr. Bush, to the friends who had given him their support. There was no other candidate and Judge Bower was unanimously re-elected, receiving 214 votes.

For solicitor of the Albany circuit Mr. Arnheim of Dougherty, nominated Hon Jesse Walters, the present incumbent.

Senator Russell nominated Hon. W. N. Spence, of Mitchell. The ballot resulted, Spence 114; Walters 97. Mr. Spence was declared elected.

THE CHEROKEE CIRCUIT

was next called. Senator Rankin nominated Judge J. C. Fain, the present incumbent for judge. There was no other nomination and Judge Fain received 211 votes, the whole number cast.

For solicitor of the Cherokee circuit, Senator Maddox nominated Mr. J. W. Harris, the present incumbent. Mr. Harris received 206 votes, the whole number cast.

THE OCONEE CIRCUIT

was next called. For judge, Mr. Lamar of Pulaski, nominated Hon. C. C. Kibbee, of Pulaski.

Senator Ray nominated Hon. D. M. Roberts, of Dodge. The ballot resulted, Kibbee 130; Roberts 79. Mr. Kibbee was declared elected.

There was no solicitor to be elected for this circuit.

THE FLINT CIRCUIT

was next drawn. There was an election for solicitor general only. Senator Cabaniss nominated Hon. Emmett Wommack, the present incumbent. There was no opposition and Mr. Wommack was unanimously elected.

THE BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT

was next drawn. The only vacancy was in the office of solicitor general.

Mr. Eason, of Telfair, nominated Hon. J. I. Carter, of Appling. Mr. Dart, of Glynn, nominated Hon. Leon A. Wilson, of Ware. The ballot resulted Carter 164; Wilson 48.

Mr. Lamar, of Pulaski, moved that the joint session be dissolved, but the motion was lost.

THE SOUTHERN CIRCUIT

was next called. An election for solicitor only was to be had for this circuit.

Mr. Harris, of Bibb, rose to a question of privilege. He said that a circular had been issued in the interest of one of the candidates which stated that Thomas county had had every judge and solicitor since the circuit was organized. The gentlemen who signed the circular and the gentlemen in whose interest it was issued had ascertained that this statement was not exactly correct, as one solicitor of the circuit had resided outside of Thomas county. He stated this because the gentlemen who signed the circular did not desire to take any undue advantage.

Mr. Hopson, of Brooks, rose to a question of privilege. He said the circular referred to did him a serious injustice and he invoked the patient attention of the house to a statement to which he would make affidavit anywhere.

Senator Cabaniss made the point of order that a question of privilege could not be raised in a joint session. The point was sustained.

The first election was for a solicitor to fill the unexpired term of the Hon. R. G. Mitchell, resigned.

Mr. Watkins, of Colquitt, nominated Hon. D. L. Goulding, of Brooks. There was no opposition, and Mr. Goulding was unanimously elected.

The election of a solicitor for the full term was then ordered. The president announced that he was mistaken in the ruling that the gentleman from Brooks could not rise to a privileged question. A question of privilege should always be respected. The gentleman from Brooks was recognized.

Mr. Hopson said that the circular of Mr. Rountree, one of the candidates for solicitor, reflected on him by implying that he was elected over the regular democrat by negro votes. He had been besought by a great many leading citizens to make the race because it was understood that Mr. Denmark, the nominee, would support Mr. Rountree for solicitor. He had received over 200 majority and felt sure that a majority of the white men in the county voted for him. Mr. Hopson was called to order several times by various members while he was speaking. He concluded by saying that every member of the democratic county committee had voted for him except two, and one of them had declared that he had rather take a dose of castor oil than to vote for Mr. Denmark. (Laughter). Mr. Hopson said that he did not intend to reflect upon Mr. Denmark in any sense, as he knew him to be a gentleman.

Mr. Harrison, of Quitman, moved that the joint session be dissolved. This motion was declared carried by 113 yeas to 98 nays. There was some dissatisfaction with the result, and the yeas and nays were demanded. While they were being called Mr. Harrison withdrew his motion and the nominations were made for the full term solicitor. Mr. Turner, of Coweta, nominated Mr. D. W. Rountree, of Brooks.

Mr. McLendon, of Thomas, nominated Hon. H. W. Hopkins, of Thomas.

The ballot resulted: Rountree 161; Hopkins 43. Mr. Rountree was declared elected.

The joint session was then dissolved to reconvene at 3 o'clock.

The house then adjourned to 2:45 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The house reassembled at 2:45, the speaker in the chair. An invitation was read from the citizens' committee, of Macon, requesting the presence of the legislature at the grand demonstration in that city in honor of the election of Cleveland and Hendricks.

Mr. Smith, of Crawford, moved that the invitation be accepted and the thanks of the house returned with the regret that it could not be present. On motion of Mr. Bartlett, of Bibb, an amendment was added as follows: "While we cannot be with you in body we will be with you in spirit." The resolution as amended was unanimously passed. Ordered engrossed, and forwarded to the citizens committee of Macon.

The senate entered for joint session to continue the election of judges and solicitors.

THE ATLANTA CIRCUIT

was first drawn. Mr. Pringle, of Washington, announced that the Hon. Robert L. Rodgers would not be a candidate, and returned thanks to those friends who had supported him. Mr. Abbott, of Fulton, nominated Judge W. R. Hammond, the present incumbent, who was unanimously elected.

The election of a solicitor general for the Atlanta circuit was next in order.

Mr. Abbott, of Fulton, nominated Mr. C. D. Hill, of Fulton.

Mr. Hackett, of Catoosa, nominated Mr. R. B. Trippe, of Fulton.

Mr. Hart, of Green, nominated Mr. Frank L. Haralson, of Fulton.

Mr. Ellis, of Fulton, nominated Captain John Milledge, of Fulton.

Mr. Thomas, of Fulton, nominated Colonel E. B. Spencer, of Fulton.

Mr. Ward, of Clayton, nominated Mr. W. L. Waterson, of Clayton.

Mr. Hines, of Washington, nominated Mr. E. H. Orr, of Fulton.

Each of the nominations were seconded several times.

The ballot proceeded and resulted as follows: Milledge, 59; Hill, 48; Haralson, 52; Orr, 31; Spencer, 18; Waterson, 8; Trippe, 30. After some confusion attendant on efforts to change votes the second ballot was ordered. While it was proceeding the name of Mr. Waterson was withdrawn from the list of candidates. A little later the name of Mr. Trippe withdrawn. The second ballot stood: Milledge, 80; Hill, 75; Haralson, 33; Orr, 10; Spencer, 12. No election. The third ballot was ordered. Mr. Orr's name was withdrawn. Mr. Haralson's name was also withdrawn. As the ballot proceeded it was evident that there was going to be a close fight between Hill and Milledge.

First the one and then the other would lead and a dozen times they stood at a dead tie. The whole number of votes cast was 211. Mr. Hill received 106, Captain Milledge 103, Colonel Spencer 2. Mr. Hill was declared elected and was heartily cheered by his friends on the floor and in the galleries.

The joint session was dissolved until 10 o'clock Wednesday.

The house then adjourned to 10 o'clock Wednesday.

Legislative Notes.

One of the new members of the house, who comes highly indorsed, is Mr. B. Z. Herndon, of Whitfield. He will make his mark in the house.

Charlie Hill received an ovation when it was announced yesterday that he was elected solicitor of the Atlanta circuit. He bore his honors with a modest grace which was admirable.

It is thought that to-day will finish the elections of judges and solicitors.

The candidates are rapidly thinning out.

Only one circuit has yet called for more than one ballot to decide a contest. That was the Atlanta circuit where there were seven candidates for solicitor and all of them had a hearty support.

Hon. Jake Dart, of Glynn, ranks as one of the best political prophets in the house.

Mr. Eugene Speer graces the desk of journal clerk, while Mr Chappell, of Muscogee, who filled it so long and so well, now occupies a seat as a member of the house.

The senate has only short sessions these days. It meets every morning, and after reading the journal, adjourns to meet the house in joint session.

Only five more circuits to go through.

The Hon. Brick Chancey, of Early, is one of the safest members of the present house, a man of sterling integrity and fine judgment, and of considerable experience, which gives him a perfect acquaintance with the affairs of the state. He is one of the best representatives sent up to Atlanta by any county. Early county will do well to stand by him.

The Hon. Mr. Kytle, of Habersham, is one of the leading temperance members of the house. He defeated Colonel Henry Jones, of Toccoa, one of the strongest men in the county, after a race of great excitement. He is the first man who ever carried Habersham county on the temperance issue, and is a strong and effective worker. He will be heard from in the house.

The Hon. Elbert Feagin, of Houston county, is perhaps the wealthiest and largest farmer who is in the present house and ranks with Hon. J. M. Smith in the senate. He is a man of fine practical information and his views will be of great benefit in shaping legislation that effects the agricultural interests of the state. He is a man of singularly clear views and has a forcible and plain way of putting things.

The election of Mr. Charles D. Hill as solicitor-general, was received with great satisfaction in the city of Atlanta. His opponents are all gentlemen of ability, clever and popular, and the race was so close that it hung at several time almost on the jeopard of a vote. Mr. Hill is one of the most brilliant young men in Georgia, and will make a superb record as prosecuting attorney.

The withdrawal of the Hon. Frank L. Haralson from the solicitor general's race was against the advice of his friends, who believed that if he had held on he would have been elected. He is left in possession of the state library, which he will hold, and which he ought to hold for time immemorial, or until he is called to higher position by the people, which will not be long. There is no man in Georgia who has more friends than he or who deserves them more.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Decisions Rendered Tuesday, November 11, 1884.

Mayor, etc., of Macon vs. Harris. Equity, from Bibb. Corporations. Charters. Municipal Corporations. Equity. Parties. Contracts. Streets and Sidewalks. Constitutional Law. (Before Judge Simmons.)

Jackson, C. J.—1. The chartergranted to the Macon street railway company (Acts 1868, pp. 107, 108) contemplates the construction and running of trains for the use of all the public, and not of any one person, natural or artificial. Under it, the municipal authorities could authorize the propelling of cars through the streets by steam for public use; but they could not do so for private use; and if they sought to do so, a bill to enjoin the authorizing by the city of such use, and to stop the damage which its authority has permitted, on behalf of a property owner whose property was injured, was not without equity.

2. Where such authority to haul coal, etc., for a manufacturing company was sought to be granted to the street railway company in consideration of an annual payment to be made to the city, and this was done for the benefit of the manufacturing company, which was a party to the contract, and guaranteed the annual payments, and that it would save the city harmless against any damage arising from the use of steam, there was equity in the bill filed to enjoin such illegal use, as against such manufacturing company.

3. There was also equity in such a bill, as against the street railway company. It was a party to the contract, was the instrument used to work the injury and confer the benefit, was the actual perpetrator of the wrong, and was an essential party to the injunction.

4. The municipal authorities, the street railway company and the manufacturing company, charged in the bill to have combined in the diversion of a charter granted for purposes to private benefit, and to have been parties to a contract for that purpose, were properly joined in the bill as defendants.

5. The other parties defendant to this bill are made so because connected with the two private corporations, or one of them, as president, agent, or purchasers, and may be interested in the subject matters of the suit, as they "claim an interest in or control over the street railroad franchises." Discovery is sought, and an attack is made on the legality of the purchase and title to the corporate franchise of the street railroad company. These parties were proper, on the principle that in equity all parties in interest should be joined.

6. The contract being illegal, its violation could only add additional force to the charge of the use of a franchise for private use.

(a.) This decision is made on a demurrer admitting the charges of the bill.

Code sec. 5024, 5095; 42 Ga., 501.

Judgment affirmed.

Billups & Hardeman; Hill & Harris; B. M. Davis, for plaintiffs in error.

L. N. Whittle; Gustin & Hall, for defendant.

Long vs. Johnson. Complaint, from Houston. Garnishment. Promissory Notes. Collateral Security. Vendor and Purchaser. Debtor and creditor. Tender. Interest. Principal and surety. (Before Judge Simmons.)

Jackson, C. J.—1. To a suit on a note, the defendant having pleaded that the note did not belong to the plaintiff but to another, that in a suit against such other person he had been garnished and had tendered the money into court, and the issue being in whom the title to the note was at the date of the garnishment, there was sufficient evidence to uphold the verdict for the plaintiff, and it was not contrary to law and evidence.

2. If a negotiable promissory note is transferred before due as collateral security, it is protected from garnishment in a suit against the payee, and the debtor is liable to the holder for the principal and interest of the debt.

(a.) There was sufficient evidence on which to found a charge to this effect.

(b.) Tendering money into court does not stop interest against a garnishee; he must pay it into court to stop interest.

3. Although a debtor, who was garnished in a suit against the payee of the note given by him, had answered admitting the indebtedness and tendered the money in court, yet if no judgment was rendered against him, and no money was paid by him, and in the meantime another than the payee brought suit on the note, if a recovery should be had, the garnishee would be protected.

4. Where a promissory note was signed by two, and after the name of one of the signers were added the letters "S. C."; and where such person was sued as a surety and the plea of the other defendant recognized him as such, there was sufficient evidence on which to found a verdict against him as surety.

Judgment affirmed.

M. G. Bayne, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

A. C. Riley, B. M. Davis, for defendant.

Kupferman vs. Buckholts. Claim, from Houston. Homestead. Debtor and Creditor. [Before Judge Simmons.]

Jackson, C. J.—Where the head of a family had an exemption set apart to him under §2040 of the Code, and subsequently rented land and used the property so exempted in making a crop, the crop so made, after paying the rent, would not be subject to the prior debts of the head of the family, although there may have been an increase in the amount of such crop over the amount of the exemption used in making it, and although the debtor may have worked and managed for his family in making such increase. 62 Ga., 562; 63 Id., 378; 4 Id., 243.

(a.) Especially was this the case where the original exemption was small, and the crop produced, after paying the rent, was little if any greater than the value of the exempted property used in making it.

(b.) It is not decided that, if the head of a family has property in his own individual right, whether real or personal, wherewith, in conjunction with that exempted, he makes increase in the shape of other property, justice and equity would not require that a portion thereof should go to his creditors; but where the head of the family works and manages for his wife and children a small exemption so as to enlarge it, and hires or buys a mule or other means to be paid for out of what that exemption makes, supplemented by his own labor and management, the increase of the exemption is not subject to the debts of the head of the family.

(c.) The facts of this case do not show error in the judgment.

Judgment affirmed.

B. M. Davis, for plaintiff in error.

Duncan & Miller, for defendant.

Strauss vs. Friend. Foreclosure of mortgage, from Bibb. Debtor and Creditor. Vendor and Purchaser. Husband and Wife. Married Women. Promissory Notes. (Before Judge Simmons.)

Jackson, C. J.—1. One who takes a promissory note, and mortgage to secure it, after due, takes subject to all the equities between the original parties; alter, if taken before due.

(a.) If a married woman gives a note and mortgage as a mere surety for another, or for the purpose of raising money for another, if the note and mortgage should be transferred before due to a purchaser without notice, it would not be a good defence against such taker that the maker was a married woman and could not be a surety; but such defence would be good against one who took the note and mortgage after due. 70 Ga., 322,57; 69 Id., 661; Code, §1,783; 63 Ga., 728; 59 Id., 254.

2. The proof in this case showed that the maker, who was a married woman, gave the note and mortgage to her son-in-law without consideration, merely to enable him to raise money; that after the note was due, it and the mortgage were frequently demanded; and that it was subsequently transferred:

Held, that the note and mortgage were invalid, and a verdict for the defendant was right. 5 Am. R., 556; 9 Am., Dec., 191; 18 Johns., 145.

Judgment affirmed.

Lyon & Gresham, for plaintiff in error.

A. Proudfit; Gustin & Hall, for defendant.

Hickman, ex'r, vs. Hickman et al. Citation for settlement, from Upson. Administration and Executors. Appeal. Practice in Supreme Court. (Before Judge Stewart.)

Hall, J.—Where an executor is sued as such and is called upon to defend solely the title of the estate, he may appeal from the court of ordinary to the superior court without paying costs and giving security; but in no other case can he do so. Therefore, where an executor was cited to appear and settle his accounts and pay over to the legatees the amounts to which they were entitled, and from the judgment rendered the executor desired to take an appeal, he could not do so without paying costs and giving security; and an appeal taken without such requisites was properly dismissed. Code §§3622, 3624; 45 Ga., 480; 60 Id., 326.

(a.) It appearing that this writ of error was prosecuted for delay only, ten per cent damages are awarded against the plaintiff in error.

Judgment affirmed with damages.

M. H. Sandwich, for plaintiff in error.

J. A. Cotten; R. F Patillo, for defendants.

Lowe, ex'r. et al, vs Mann. Equity, from Spalding. Jurisdiction. Venue. Constitutional Law.

(Before S. C. McDaniel, Esq., Judge pro hac vice.)

Hall, J.—A bill for the settlement of accounts and to obtain specific performance of a contract respecting a lot with the buildings thereon, is not a suit respecting the title to land. The proper venue of such a bill is the county of the residence of the substantial defendant; and the joining as defendants of two tenants of the real defendant, but without seeking any relief against them, will not give jurisdiction in the county where the land lies. Code secs. 4183, 5169; 34 Ga., 53, 50 Id., 288, 290; 37 Id., 346.

(a.) Want of jurisdiction in the county where the bill was filed appearing on its face, it should have been dismissed on demurrer.

Judgment reversed.

C. R. Judkins; E. W. Hammond; John I. Hall, for plaintiffs in error.

Beck & Beeks, for defendant.

Central Railroad vs. Haslett. Case, from Monroe. Practice in Supreme Court. Practice in Superior Court. Charge of Court. Newly Discovered Evidence. Railroads. Master and Servant. Negligence. (Before Judge Stewart.)

Hall, J.—1. Grounds of exception abandoned here will not be considered.

2. Where the order in which a case was argued resulted from an arrangement entered into between counsel for both parties and the court, it furnishes no ground for exception.

3. There was no error in refusing to charge that "if there is a theory of the defendant which is supported by evidence and is not contradicted by other evidence in the case, then the jury would be authorized to adopt the same, unless they should be sure that the witnesses who supported it were unworthy of credit." Whether such request was correct law or not, it was too general and vague, and might have misled the jury. Klink vs. Boland (last term.)

4. Newly discovered evidence which is merely commutative and which might have been procured in time for the trial by the exercise of proper diligence, will not require a new trial.

5. It is the duty of a railroad company to furnish its employes with reasonably safe material and tools for their use while working in its service; but if the employe is aware of the dangerous character of any particular tool or instrument, and continues to use it, he cannot have redress for any damage he may sustain by its use; nor would it alter the rule if an employe knowingly used a dangerously defective tool under the immediate orders of a superior employe. 50 Ga., 465; 55 Ga., 133; 68 Id., 699, 705; 70 Id., 566, 568, 569 and cit.

(a.) The evidence in this case does not show affirmatively that the injured employe had knowledge of the defect in the machinery which caused his injury, nor is it clear that it was any part of his duty either to inspect the piece of machinery in question or to report its defects. The testimony as to the manner in which he used it and his care in applying it was conflicting, and the presiding judge having approved the finding of the jury, this court will not interfere.

(b.) In the absence of other evidence upon the point, it does not follow that a hand whose duty it is to apply the brakes on a train has sufficient skill to determine their fitness for use by an inspection.

(c). Cases in 58 Ga., 485; 64 Ga., 100, do not conflict with these views.

Judgment affirmed.

T. B. Cabaniss, by Harrison and Peeples; John I. Hall, for plaintiff in error.

Milledge & Smith; T. P. Westmoreland; Berner & Turner, for defendant.

Pattersen vs. Newton. Certiorari, from Spalding. Justice Courts. Pleadings. Set off. Contracts. Consideration. Practice in Supreme Court. (Before Judge Stewart.)

Hall, J.—1. Where, to a suit in a justice's court, the defendant pleaded a set off, plaintiff could defend against such plea by showing that the claim on which it was based had been settled, without further pleadings for that purpose. 5 Ga., 363.

(a.) There are no pleadings in a justice's court except the summons and a copy of the account, note or cause of action sued on; the defendant may plead any matter of defence which would be allowed to suits in the superior court, and there no special pleadings are admitted. Code, §§4139, 4148, 3455, 3346.

2. The relief of a crop which was about to be levied on, and in which a person was interested, from the lien which he apprehended would be placed upon it, was a sufficient consideration for his promise to settle therefor. Code, §2740.

3. This writ of error being destitute of merit, and appearing to have been brought for delay only, ten per cent damages are awarded against the plaintiff in error.

Judgment affirmed with damages.

F. D. Dismuke; J. J. Hunt, for plaintiff in error.

Boynton & Hammond, for defendant.

Hill vs. Johnson. Certiorari, from Coweta. Practice in the Superior Court. Certiorari. (Before Judge Harris.)

Hall, J.—Where the testimony on the trial of a possessory warrant case was conflicting, and on certiorari the presiding judge refused to reverse the judgment of the justice, this court will not interfere, unless the judge abused his discretion.

(a.) In this case the presiding judge properly gave final direction to the case, leaving the property in possession of the party to whom the justice awarded it, on giving the bond required by law. Code, §§ 4040, 4035.

Judgment affirmed.

McLendon & Freeman, by P. H. Brewster, for plaintiff in error.

John F. Methvin, by brief, for defendant

Gravett vs. State. Kidnapping, from Carroll. Criminal Law. Laws. Construction. Practice in Superior Court. Charge of Court. Waiver. Evidence. Infants. Witness. (Before Judge Harris.)

Hall, J.—1. Section 4368 of the Code, on the subject of kidnapping, provides for two cases—one, where the child kidnapped has a parent or guardian, and the other, where it has neither. In the latter case it must be forcibly, maliciously or fraudulently, led, taken or carried, or decoyed, or enticed away against its own will and without its consent; in the former, if these things shall be done against the will and without the consent of the parent, irrespective of that of the child, this alone would complete the offense. The purpose of the statute is to protect not only the rights of parents and guardians, but also those of children.

(a.) It is incumbent upon the legislature to make provision for preserving the good order, peace and security of society; and when an act passed for that purpose is susceptible of a construction which completely attains it, it is the duty of the courts to give the act that construction rather than one which would exclude from its operation a portion of the cases essential to its complete aim and object.

2. Where instructions are asked by the jury upon particular questions after they have retired, it is not the duty of the court to repeat its entire charge as previously given; all that is necessary is that the charge should fully present both aspects of the case, and should call the attention of the jury to that view of the facts consistent with innocence as well as the one suggesting guilt. 34 Ga., 407.

(a). The defendant and his counsel having been in court when special instructions were asked and given, and having made no objection thereto, and having asked no additional instructions, they thereby acquiesced in what was done.

3. Under an indictment for kidnapping, it was competent to show that the father was unwilling that his minor child should be taken, carried or decoyed away, and to prove any efforts that he made, or precautions which he took, to prevent it.

(a). It was not essential to the guilt of the defendant that he should have been notified of the father's unwillingness to relinquish his dominion over his child and all the circumstances showing that fact. Had it been necessary, his knowledge was sufficiently shown.

4. It appearing that the defendant was a married man, but had avowed his intention of procuring a license and marrying the child taken away by him, it was admissible to introduce in evidence a libel for divorce brought by him against his lawful wife. The fact established by it had already been put in evidence on the part of the defendant, and no injury was done him by its admission.

5. There was no error in excluding evidence of the parent's harsh treatment of his family. This would not authorize the defendant to kidnap his child.

(a.) This question was, in fact, fully investigated.

6. Where a female witness was asked if she did not have children, and replied with manifest resentment and reluctance that she had one child, and upon then being asked if she had ever been married, on objection to this question, there was no error on the part of the court in instructing the witness that she need not answer the question, nor in ruling out the former answer, on her declining to answer the second question. Code, §§3814 and cit., 3854, sub sec. 3, 4998, sec. 1, par. 6.

(a) 14 Ga., 258, considered and qualified. 5 Beav., 381, 385.

7. The verdict was required by the evidence.

Judgment affirmed.

P. H. Brewster, for plaintiff in error.

H. M. Reid, solicitor general; Reese & Adamson, for the state.

Hall & Ruckel vs Larey. Claim, from Floyd. Contracts. Titles. Liens. Vendor and Purchaser. Judgments. (Before Judge Branham.)

Hall, J.—Dabney & Co. sold and delivered to Larey a stock of goods under the following bill of sale:

"Dabney & Co. agree to turn over to said Larey upon a conditional sale their stock of drugs and fixtures, as per invoice agreed upon by them, amounting to nine hundred and thirty dollars, said Larey agreeing to pay down down cash three hundred dollars, and to give bankable notes for the balance, as follows: (Stating the amount of each note and the date when the deferred payments fell due). Said Larey agrees to meet each one of these notes as they become due, and should he fail to meet any one of them at maturity, said Dabney & Co. shall have the right to enter and recover their interest in said stock of drugs at the time of such default, by going in possession of said stock by virtue of this conditional sale, without process of law; this transaction being a sale of conditions; said Dabney & Co. retaining an interest in said stock, and said Larey being in possession of the same, subject to within described conditions; said Dabney & Co. agreeing to lift the mortgage held upon said stock by Judge Joel Branham and to protect Larey from any trouble from the same. Said Larey assumes the lease," etc.:

Held, that the sale and delivery of the goods under this contract vested a defeasible title in the purchaser, subject to be divested upon his failure to perform any of the stipulated conditions which, by the terms of the contract, he was bound to perform; and a judgment subsequently obtained against the vendors could not subject the property.

(a.) It is only in cases where the title is expressly reserved by the seller until the performance of some condition by the buyer that a third party subsequently acquiring a lien against the seller can enforce it upon the property thus sold; and this he cannot do, if he had notice of the transaction. As between the parties, it is legal and valid. 99 U. S., 235; 1 Benj. Sales, 125, cit. and notes, 426 and notes; Code, sec. 2295; 15 Ga., 103.

Judgment affirmed.

Junius F. Hillyer, for plaintiffs in error.

C. N. Featherston, for defendant.

Shuford vs. Alexander, guardian, etc. Certiorari, from Walker. Pleadings. Justice Courts. Infants. Minors. Contracts. Tender. (Before Judge Branham.)

Hall, J.—1. There was sufficient evidence to have warranted a verdict in the justice's court in this case, had it been properly tried.

(a.) The distinctions as to forms of actions observed in the superior court do not obtain in justices' courts. All the pleadings there required is a summons to which is attached at the time of issuing it the cause of action sued on. Code sec. 4139.

2. Contracts of an infant are void, and in a suit prosecuted on his behalf either to recover the property parted with by him or its value, or damages for a fraud practiced upon him in such a transaction, an offer to rescind the contract or to return the property he received in exchange, is not an indispensable prerequisite to the maintenance of the action. 97 Mass., 514; 33 Am. Dec., 184; 7 Ga., 568.

(a.) The defendant is not without a remedy to recover his property, but it is not a ground to defeat the plaintiff's action.

Judgment affirmed.

R. M. W. Glenn; H. P. Lumpkin, for plaintiff in error.

F. W. Copeland, by Harrison and Peeples, for defendant.

Decisions in the following cases were also rendered. The head notes will appear to-morrow.

No. 10. Macon. Obear, ex'r, etc. vs Gray. Reversed

No. 17. Macon. Saulsbury, Respess & Co. vs Iverson et al. Affirmed.

No. 6. Rome. Dickinson, adm'r, vs Nash, ag't. Affirmed.

No. 4. Coweta. Rives vs State. Stabbing, from Troup. Affirmed.

No. 7. Coweta. Phillips vs McGuire. Distress warrant, from Douglas. Reversed.

No. 12. Flint. Crowder vs Dunbar. Money Rule, from Spalding. Reversed.

No. 8. Hinton vs Goode & Crumbley. Laborer's Lien, from Henry. Affirmed.

No. 5. Flint. Johnson vs Central Railroad. Case, from Pike. Reversed.

No. 15. Flint. Caldwell et al. vs Barrett et al., com'rs. Refusal of Injunction, from Pike. Affirmed.

Nos 2 and 3. Rome. Stedham et al. vs Sims and vice versa. Equity, from Polk. Affirmed. Jackson, C. J., dissenting.

No. 14. Rome. Hawkins et el. vs Gibson, Son & Co. Complaint, from Floyd. Affirmed.

No. 9. Rome. Lawrence et al. vs Hix & High. Money Rule, from Chattooga. Reversed.

No. 11. Flint. Ford et al. vs Cook et al. Complaint for Land, from Henry. Reversed.

No. 8. Rome. Kirk vs State. Murder, from Polk. Affirmed.

Cure for Piles.

The first symptom of Piles is an intense itching at night after getting warm. This unpleasant sensation is immediately relieved by an application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy. Piles in all forms, Itch, Salt Rheum and Ringworm can be permanently cured by the use of this great remedy. Price 50 cents. Manufactured by the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua O. Sold by Sharp Bros., No. 202 Marietta street, Moran's Pharmacy, opposite National Hotel, and Stillman & Co., 168 Whitehall street.

A section of pine tree seven feet in diameter will be sent to the New Orleans exposition from Hempstead county, Arkansas.

Dr. Fuller's Youthful Vigor Pills cure nervous debility, impotence and spermatorrhea. $2. Depot 429 Canal st., N. Y. we fr su wky

The average of wheat is gaining upon cotton in Tennessee.

Endorsed by Physicians and Druggists.

Everybody knows the general uses of a plaster, and that Benson's Capcine Plasters are the best.

A first class college will be built at Dyersburg, Tennessee.

Decline of Man.

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility, cured by "Well's Health Renewer, $1.

Mr J. B. Rankerson, of Lakeland, Florida, has an orange tree with four crops of fruit of this season's growth now hanging on it. The first crop is about ripe, the second just grown, the third about half grown, and the last about the size of a musket ball.

Cuticura

LEPROSY OF THE JEWS.

A Wild, Burning Itch, that Strikes With a Thousand Electric Itching Needles.

EDITOR ALTOONA, PA., CALL.—I wish to say something in praise of that valuable medicine, CUTICURA, which I saw advertised in your paper. I have had that old leprosy, of which you read in the Bible, where the Jews first got it among them and did not know how to cure it. It has many other English names. I have had it on my body for over sixty years. No doctor could tell me what it was, and probably I would never have known had I not seen the advertisement in your valuable paper. First, it is a scaly affection of the skin; next, it looks like barnacles on a vessel's bottom or an old log that has laid in the water for a long time, and just the same in my feet, knees and elbows, and by taking a microscope and looking at me it looks worse. In other words, we will call it ichthyosis, or fish skin: then comes on what I call the wild burning itch, that will strike you with a thousand electric itchy needles. You cannot tell

WHERE TO SCRATCH FIRST.

You then have to run out into the open air to get relieved. Why, it is dreadful, and having so many eminent doctors and none knowing what to do for you, but I have found the lost treasure at last. It did not take two spoonfuls of the CUTICURA RESOLVENT before it took that burning itch by the throat and bid them to hold off, and it is off. My flesh is becoming softer, my hair is becoming soft and silky, and I then got to using external applications—CUTICURA SOAP—and anoint the parts with CUTICURA. If the thousands knew the goodness of this medicine as I do, they would not be twenty-four hours without it. It is not only adapted to my case, but to all others, and if any one disbelieves this let him stop next door to the Logan house here; take my microscope and see for himself. JOSEPH W. RILEY.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA., Nov. 12, 1883.

AGONIZING ITCHING

And burning skin diseases instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTUCURA SOAP and a single application of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure. This repeated daily, with two or three doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the New Blood Purifier, to keep the blood cool, the perspiration pure and unirritating, the bowels open, the liver and kidneys active, will speedily cure Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Lichen, Pruritus, scald Head, Dandruff, and every species of Itching, Scaly and Pimply Humors of the Scalp and Skin, when the best physicians and all known remedies fail. Sold everywhere. CUTICURA, 50 cents; SOAP, 25 cents; RESOLVENT, $1.00.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

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TUTT'S PILLS

"THE OLD RELIABLE."

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

Indorsed all over the World.

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They **Increase the Appetite**, and cause the body to **Take on Flesh**, thus the system is **nourished**, and by their **Tonic Action** on the **Digestive Organs**, **Regular Stools** are produced. Price **25 cents**.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

Sharp Bros. No. 202 Marietta street, Moran's Pharmacy, opposite National hotel, and Stillman & Co., druggist, who are always looking after the interest of their customers, have now secured the sale of Dr. Bosanko's cough and lung syrup, a remedy that never fails to cure colds, pains in the chest, and all lung affections. For proof coughs, try a free sample bottle. Regular size 50c and $1.

Madison county claims that she will surpass any other Tennessee county in her exhibit at New Orleans.

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 400 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

Manatee county, Florida, has the promise of an immense crop of vegetables. Tomatoes are blooming, and some growers have them far enough advanced to ship in about two weeks.

DURKEE'S SALAD DRESSING & COLD MEAT SAUCE for all kinds of salads, fish, vegetables, and cold meats. Cheaper and better than home-made. No sauce equal to it was ever offered.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—SOME SPLENDID FRONT ROOMS suitable for law office, also sleeping and living rooms at $3 per month. J. H. James. 3t

FOR RENT—Furnished Rooms.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with gas and bath in house. Apply at No. 41 E. Mitchell street. fri sun wed

FOR RENT—IN PRIVATE FAMILY, ONE large front room, nicely furnished, coal and gas if desired; also a large room, unfurnished, dressing room attached; convenient to first class boarding houses; within one block of First M. E. Church. Address "Nest In," care Constitution office.

For Rent—Rooms Furnished or Unfurnished

FOR RENT—SEVERAL PLEASANT UNFURNISHED rooms, opposite new capitol grounds, 103 East Mitchell. 2t

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—TWO NICE SMALL STOREROOMS, No. 9 and 11 North Broad street, also rooms up stairs; apply to Dr. Marvin, from 9 to 11 a. m. tf

FOR RENT—THE BEST PAYING MEAT MARKET in the city. Apply at once on premises to P. H. Meshan, 64 Decatur street.

NOTICE—THE ATLANTA AND WEST POINT railroad company offers for rent its vacant freight depot in Atlanta, with the use of adjacent track. Apply to the undersigned at the office of said company. L. P. Grant, president. Atlanta, October 25th, 1884.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT OFFICE IN MY BUILDING on corner Pryor and Alabama streets. Apply to undersigned. Henry Jackson. we su

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—A WELL ESTABLISHED FACTORY in good running order and paying well. Address P. O. box 237 or inquire at M. Rich & Bros., 54 and 56 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. tf

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST retail and prescription stands in Columbus, Ga. For description and price address, T, Columbus, Ga. P. O. box 239. 7t

WANTED—TO SELL A WELL ESTABLISHED business; clean stock; dry goods, shoes, hats, etc.; owners wish to engage in manufacturing; address G W F Lamkin, Rome, Ga. su wed

PERSONAL.

FOR ADOPTION—A HANDSOME, HEALTHY female infant one month old. Address B., Constitution office. tf

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—TWO SECOND-HAND FULL CAROM billiard tables. Inquire at Markham house. tf

CANARY BIRDS FOR SALE, 44 GILMER ST Atlanta, Ga. tu we su9t

FOR SALE—TWELVE THOUSAND DOLLAR mortgage at 10 per cent. Best security and warranted. Address E. H. Buckman, box 810, Jacksonville, Fla.

KINDLING WOOD—WE ARE CONSTANTLY making a large quantity of blocks and cuttings from dry lumber, which makes the very best kindling for fires. Prices from 50 cents to $2.50 per load, according to size of wagon. Purchasers to load and haul at their own expense. Deliveries from Decatur street entrances every afternoon between 1 and 4 o'clock. The H. I. Kimball House Company. wed&sun1w

LOST.

STRAYED—A JERSEY CAFL, REDISH BROWN about 12 months old, horns about two inches long, black, right one recently knocked loose finder will be rewarded for any information that may secure her return to the owner at S. 170 Pryor street. 3t

LOST—A PACKAGE OF PLUMES. FINDER will be rewarded by returning same to 8 and 10 Decatur street.

LOST—A PACKAGE OF MONEY, ABOUT SIXTY dollars, on or near Mitchell street. The finder will be liberally rewarded by communicating with Joseph Morris, Decatur street.

TWO DOLLARS REWARD WILL BE PAID AT The Constitution office for one bunch of keys. nov4tf

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, BETWEEN Rich's store and St. Luke's Episcopal church, a handsome ladies' chatalaine watch of oxidized silver. Finder will be rewarded by returning it to the Constitution office nov6tf

FUEL.

ORDERS FOR PARLOR, LUMP, STOVE AND Nut Coal, wood in any lengths, promptly filled at the new wood and coal yard, at No. 12 Wheat street. Give us a call before buying elsewhere. tf

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE YOUNG MAN, FROM fifteen to eighteen years of age, in an office. Must write a good hand, and be well recommended. Address in own hand writing, giving references, postoffice drawer 42, Atlanta, Ga.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A POSITION as salesman or bookkeeper. Thorough knowledge of hardware business, which he prefers. Best of references given. Salary moderate. "Business," No 37 North Spring. 4t

WANTED—TO SECURE A POSITION IN SOME nice Hotel in Florida, as Housekeeper; best of reference given; 20 years' experience in the business. Address Mrs. M. E. McKenzie, 79 South Pryor street.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LICENSED druggist of eight years' experience. Address A. W. Vidal, Micanopy, Fla. 1w

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS WANTED—IN NORTH CAROLINA, South Carolina, Alabama, Florida and Georgia to sell the Hull Vapor kerosene torch. Thos. Kiske, 27 S. Broad street. tf

WANTED—Boarders.

PARTIES WISHING GOOD BOARD WILL DO well to consult this column. tf

GOOD BOARDING HOUSE KEEPERS CAN keep their houses full by advertising in our ten cent column.

WANTED—BOARDERS—TWO LARGE NICE rooms now ready for the accommodation of legislative or other regular boarders, at 79 South Pryor street.

BOARD LARGE PLEASANT ROOMS, FIRST-class table; private family; Peachtree street. Address Home, Constitution.

WANTED—Rooms and Houses.

WANTED—TO BUY FOR CASH DOWN—ON or near Peachtree st., a nice house and lot worth $5,000 to $10,000. Give No. and st.; also No. of ward and lowest prices. Non-resident, this office.

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Wagons.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH—A HEAVY draft horse; must be sold to-day; parties leaving the city. Call at Holbrook & Smith's stables, 97 South Broad street.

NOTICE TO MULE BUYERS—HAVING FINISHED our work we have a fine lot of work mules for sale. We will sell them single or in lots to suit the purchaser. Also a lot of fine building stone at quarry or delivered. S. H. Venable & Co. Address, G. W. Foster, Cannon house, Atlanta, Ga. sun&wed

WANTED—Money.

$500 WANTED OF PRIVATE PARTY; BEST of security; state where I can see you. Address F, care Constitution.

The Constitution:

Published Daily and Weekly.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day in the week, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month, $2.50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, NOVEMBER 12, 1884.

IT is now in order for the rascals to go.

MR. CHANDLER should by all means write a card.

AS WE have before remarked, there are many reasons why Mr. Blaine should not have been nominated.

AS soon as order is restored, the Rev. Mr. Burchard, of "Rum, Romanism and Rebellion" notoriety, will be forwarded a chromo by the democratic party.

THE franchise bill has passed its third reading in the house of commons, and now goes to the house of lords, where the real battle begins. If the lords once more reject the bill there is but little doubt that in the consequent agitation, the peerage will be wiped out.

THE Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Times, in forecasting the complexion of the newly elected house of representatives, says:

The Georgia delegation has still the advantage of the presence of James H. Blount and Nathaniel J. Hammond, two of the brainiest and best lawyers in the house.

THE worst enemies of the country are those who would sow alarm among the colored people in the present crisis. The charter of these liberties is too secure to be attacked, and the democrats will see to it that the colored people are thoroughly protected, equally with the white man, in all of their rights.

THE alarm among the negroes in Savannah over the coming change in the national administration, is so great that the board of education has deemed it necessary to pass resolutions of reassurance. This shows the incendiary work which has been done by the white republicans, in the effort to make political slaves of the colored people.

THE re-election of Judge W. R. Hammond yesterday by the legislature will give entire satisfaction to our people, especially the bar. His past term has proven him to be worthy of the ermine. The judgeship seems to suit him admirably. He is dignified and courteous. His decisions prove him to be thoroughly conversant with the law.

THE election by the general assembly of Mr. C. D. Hill to the solicitorship of this circuit was a high compliment to one who has shown himself thoroughly capable of fulfilling the duties of that office. He has many friends throughout the state who will learn with pleasure of his success and who will watch his course with interest.

The republican managers have for some time conceded that the state of New York had given a decided plurality for Cleveland, which however, they hoped to overcome by technicalities in the votes of several precincts. If technicalities continue to play such havoc with the Blaine vote as they did yesterday, it would have been far better had the first count been accepted. The dying struggle of the grand old party is pitiable.

THE democrats of Macon paid a fitting tribute last night to the magnificent victory achieved by the democracy in the overthrow of corrupt government, and the triumph of the party in the election of Cleveland and Hendricks. In the whole of Georgia there are no people more closely allied to the history of the democratic party than are those about Macon. Her history is that of democracy itself, and from among her citizens have been chosen leaders prominent in the management of the party's affairs, within and without the state. Under the coming democratic administration much is expected from her people, for they are true and tried democrats and have never wavered in their support of the party's principles.

BLAINE THE STRONGEST MAN.

If, says the careless man, the republicans had nominated Edmunds, or any man with a clean record, they would have carried every northern state. There is a general impression that Mr. Blaine did not prove to be the strongest man the party could have placed in nomination. It is very doubtful, to say the least, whether such views are upheld by the facts. Even if we admit there would have been no independents if another aspirant had been nominated, it is still far from clear that Mr. Blaine was not the strongest man. In downright truth, there would have been a great many independents, no matter who the republican nominee was because the free-trade republicans had fully determined to bolt a candidate placed on a high-tariff platform. Now, what candidate but Mr. Blaine could have induced a considerable percentage of Irish-Americans to temporarily leave the democratic party? No Irishman would have voted, we verily believe, for any other republican nominee. The New York Herald shows by undisputable figures that Governor Cleveland's vote in New York city alone was 43,000 short of the full democratic strength. In Monroe county there was a defection of nearly 2,000 votes, and all through the state the anti-British racket brought to Blaine or carried away from Cleveland, thousands of votes. This was necessarily the case because there was no other defection in the party, and at least 30,000 independents voted for Grover Cleveland. Who but Blaine could have arranged the deals in New York, through which Cleveland's vote was cut down from 175,000 to a trifle over 132,000? No one but he, because so many Irish-Americans were inclined to vote for him anyway. If the entire democratic strength in New York had been cast for Cleveland and Hendricks, they would have had at least 60,000 majority—a majority so large that without the help of the independents the democratic nominees would have had a majority quite up to Mr. Tilden's in 1876. All the charges against Mr. Blaine did not lessen his majorities in such republican counties as St. Lawrence and Chautauqua, and instead of a majority of 1,264, the democratic nominees would have had against any other nominee of the republican party at least 30,000 majority. What is true of New York is true to a corresponding extent of Connecticut and New Jersey. Similar changes took place in those states, and the man cannot be named who could have given Governor Cleveland so close a race in them. Governor Hendricks carried Indiana, and he would have carried it against any republican nominee.

The whole truth is, James G. Blaine was the most popular man in the republican party. He was the idol of the younger men of the party; he was Garfield's heir; and his own great qualities as a speaker and politician inspired all his followers with hope. Bad as his record was it did not seem to weaken him in republican strongholds, and a less popular and magnetic candidate would have given the democrats almost a walk-over. We have beaten, in other words, the hero and giant of the republican party, and if wisdom and prudence and vigor characterize the incoming democratic administration we need not fear any nominee that can be named by the opposition in 1888. The democratic party by its great victory has won the right to stay, and it should not forfeit that right during the four years in which it will have the cares and responsibilities of the executive branch of the government.

THE EFFECTS UPON BUSINESS.

All who have discussed the effects of a change of administration upon business take the bright side. The Brooklyn Union thinks it will speedily conduce to an improved feeling in business circles. It will drive out of many minds the notion that such a change means ruin and all will come to see in a peaceful transfer of power to the party so long in opposition the greatest possible peace victory, and peace is commerce. The Union has no fear of inflation, although it seems to think the United States legal tender notes will at no distant day take the place of the notes of the national banks. "The whole truth is," says the Union in conclusion, "the business interests of the country were never in safer hands than they will be under the administration of President Cleveland."

The New York Commercial Bulletin is equally confident that the change will have no unfavorable effect upon commercial interests. The senate will remain republican, and no legislation will be possible under the new situation that was not equally so under the existing state of things. Until the complexion of congress is changed by future elections, the current of legislation is likely to flow in its present channels. The changes will be those of administration, and the Bulletin is confident that Governor Cleveland's antecedents "afford reasonable ground for hope." While confidence will soon resume its wonted steadiness, the great significance of the recent struggle has not been exaggerated. "Both parties," says the Bulletin, "dimly foresee that new and difficult questions will demand solution in the future, and both are ambitious to hold the reins when the new era in affairs sets in. The change of administration will undoubtedly remove many of the obstacles to this new drift that have attended the steady pursuit of a fixed policy for nearly a quarter of a century; and, for this reason, the election of Governor Cleveland brings us nearer to a new departure in legislation than we might otherwise have been. In this sense, the result of the election is a great national gain; but this advantage can be turned to valuable account only by citizens maintaining a thoroughness and independence of examination of public questions that will make them the masters of political leaders instead of being, as hitherto, their pliant tools."

TOURGEE'S SENSATION.

Judge Tourgee's "Appeal to Cæsar," which has been reviewed in these columns, has attracted a good deal of attention, but this is owing to the inherent interest and importance of the subject, rather than to Tourgee's treatment of it. As we have already said, such a subject will not bear sensational treatment. It is much too serious. But an "Appeal to Cæsar" will do good if it draws the attention of thoughtful men to the grave problems that are a part of the inheritance of the war.

So far as Judge Tourgee's figures and tables, made up from the census, are concerned, they are simply elaborations of hints given in a recent magazine article by Professor Gillam, and they are no more to be depended on than any other set of figures or estimates made up to support a theory. In fine, they are misleading and do not stand investigation. This is shown by a writer in a current number of The Nation. In the first place, Judge Tourgee says the white population is increasing at the rate of twenty per cent, whereas the correct figures should be twenty nine per cent. Furthermore, the judge says the black race is increasing at the rate of thirty-five per cent in ten years doubles itself in twenty years. The inference is that before the close of the present century, the blacks will have increased to such an extent that in every one of a chain of states extending from the Potomac to the Mississippi, they will have a clear and undisputed majority, and in several they will predominate at the rate of two to one.

The writer in The Nation gives a table of the census figures showing the percentage of increase of white and of colored in each decade of the present century as follows:

Decade.	White	Colored	Decade.	White	Colored
1800—1810	.36	.38	1840—1850	.38	.27
1810—1820	.34	.28	1850—1860	.38	.22
1820—1830	.34	.31	1860—1870	.25	.10
1830—1840	.35	.23	1870—1880	.29	.35

Presenting this table, the writer in The Nation calls attention to the apparent fact that in the war decade, while from losses in the field on both sides and diminished immigration, the percentage of increase of the white population fell off but a trifle over one-third, that of the colored population, which was comparatively little effected by one of these causes and not at all by the other, dropped, according to the figures of the census, from twenty-two per cent to ten, and then rebounded to thirty-five. Obviously, The Nation writer thinks there is an error and a very serious one, in the enumeration of the colored population of 1870, and he eliminates the error by taking successive periods of twenty years each:

1800-1820,	60	per	cent	increase
1820-1840,	62	"	"	increase
1840-1860,	55	"	"	increase
1860-1880,	43	"	"	increase

These figures show that the percentage of increase so far as the negroes are concerned is steadily diminishing.

BROTHER BLAINE will eat a piece of cold pie on Thanksgiving day.

NOW let Jeff Long join the democratic party and instruct his race in the elements of true citizenship.

WE are glad to see that Tammany hall is anxious to show that it didn't sell out in the recent election. Such sensibility is praiseworthy.

SOME of our old time presidential campaigns were very quite. Washington received the vote of every state, except New York, and its vote would have been cast for him if the state had not failed to choose electors in time. During his first year Washington visited every state, not for electioneering purposes, but for inspection. He furnished his own horses and carriage. He was re elected without opposition. As his second term was closing the federals and republicans got a little warm, but matters subsided after Adams and Jefferson got in. The next contest between Adams and Jefferson was exciting and the election was thrown into the house, Jefferson winning. Jefferson was re-elected without much of a contest. The first campaign of exciting importance so far as the people were concerned was when John Quincy Adams was elected. There were five candidates in the field, and a regular political circus ensued. Jackson was denounced as a "backwoods Yahoo," Adams was held up as an aristocrat, Crawford and Calhoun were called fire-eaters, and Clay was disparaged as nothing more than an orator and a backwoodsman. The people lost their temper and broken heads and bloody noses were numerous. It was in this campaign that political addresses began to be called "stump speeches." The speakers generally spoke from stumps, platforms being regarded as more ornamental than useful. This election was also thrown into the house, where Clay had sufficient influence to beat Jackson and elect Adams. So it seems we had all sorts of politics in the better days of the republic.

GEORGE ALFRED GATH will probably trace Brother Burchard's explosion to a general lack of the saving sin of immorality among the clergy.

THE organs now say that Blaine is too great a man to be president. This view is plausible. He is not only too great a man, but he is too great a rascal.

THE Blaine men say the election of Cleveland is due to fraud. This is partly true at least. The people are tired of republican fraud.

MANY people are doubtless aware that Mrs. May Agnes Fleming has been dead several years, but they must also have seen from time to time a New York publisher's announcements of new works from her pen. The publisher was asked, the other day, if Mrs. Fleming was devoting her time in the spirit land to the writing of novels. He was somewhat taken aback, but replied that the dead novelist left quite a number of manuscript works behind her. This is not at all probable, as it kept her pretty busy to earn her customary $10,000 a year. There is every reason to believe that the new works published under her name are the productions of a writer who imitates her style as much as possible. The matter is only important as a matter of principle. It is not quite the proper thing to write a lot of stuff and attribute the authorship to a dead person.

CHAFFEE'S little trip to Florida seems to have been taken in vain. He probably spent his boodle on beer.

THE republican organs are all reproducing Gath's statement to the effect that the republican national committee lacked money. They neglect to explain, however, that the lack was owing to the fact that the committee shipped all their money to points where they thought it would do the most good.

THE Fourth National bank of New York, has elected Mr. R. T. Wilson as one of its directors. There are eight directors of this bank, two of whom are well-known to our people, Mr. John H. Inman and Mr. R. T. Wilson, both being southern men. The Fourth National stands high in commercial circles. It has a capital of $3,200,000, and surplus of $1,200,000. This bank is our state depository, which fact insures the safety of the state's funds.

A CORRESPONDENT writes us criticising the attitude of a Georgia contemporary during the recent campaign. His points are well taken, but we feel too good to shake anybody up. It is sufficient to know that THE CONSTITUTION never flickered. We are running a democratic paper and it is a part of our business to keep the democratic flag flying every day in the year. Through it all our subscription price remains the same, and our bulletin board is open to the inspection of the world.

THE republicans will now have the opportunity of knowing what it is to be among the outs for a quarter of a century or longer.

EDITOR WATERMAN, of Forsyth, has been stepping around town since the election. He has been a rank Cleveland man from the first.

UNCLE JONATHAN NORCROSS has made a last lingering appeal to Georgia republicans to come forward and contribute something for the benefit of their campaign committee. If they fail to respond he will no doubt poke some of them in the stomach with his parasol. Let the republicans act like millionaires and come boldly up to the scratch.

THE esteemed compositors continue to sit heavily on the beautiful and expressive word "holler." Their latest interpretation is "hollor." Long may the esteemed compositors live to wage war against all attempts to rape her majesty the Queen's English.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND knows that he was elected for the purpose of turning the rascals out.

POLITICAL NOTES.

BLUFF BEN is like Brer Rabbit. "He aint sayin' much."

THERE was a people's party once. Where is that people's party now?

THE socialist vote in Germany has increased 38,000 votes, as shown by the election just over.

MANY persons who bet on Blaine are paying up, not caring to wait for further evidence of his defeat.

THE parallel between Clay and Blaine is completed. New York does for the latter in 1884 what she did for the formeer in 1844.

SECRETARY MCPHERSON, of the republican congressional committee, has received a telegram from James R. Chalmers, of Mississippi, saying that he would contest the election of his congressional competitor on the ground of fraud.

THE soothsayers have predicted Mr. Cleveland's defeat on the ground that no man whose name commenced with C ever reached the presidency, and cite the two Clintons, Clay, Cass, Calhoun, Crawford and Chase as examples.

In the course of a week or two the defeated republican brethren will begin to realize that their disappointment is a blessing in diguise, ushering in a better era for the country and giving them healthful release from care and responsibility.

COMMENTING on Jay Gould's dispatch to Governor Gleveland, the Boston Transcript says: "Let it always be remembered that Gould has declared that his only political policy is to be a democrat in a democratic county, and a republican in a republican county."

EX-SECRETARY SCHURZ, it is said, will represent the independent republicans in the cabinet, and he says that there will be few or no removals in Washington beyond the heads of the departments and bureaus, and that to civil service reform Cleveland is pledged in every way.

To J. G. B., with Mother Goose's compliments:

The white plumed knight
Went forth to fight
With Elkins, Jack and Ben—
Alas the plight
Of the white plumed knight;
He'll never fight again!
—Springfield Republican.

THERE are two counties in New York where the result affords a curious study for politicians. They are Monroe and Oneida. In the former Blaine's vote exceeds that of Garfield by about 1,900, and in the latter Cleveland's vote is about 1,900 greater than Hancock's. Monroe is the home of Hon. William Purcell and Oneida is the home of the Hon. Roscoe Conkling.

PRESIDENT-ELECT CLEVELAND yesterday received the following poetic telegram from ex-Congressman Robert B. Roosevelt:

"The battle's won, the fight is over:
We've gained the day with gallant Grover
Hail to the chief whom all respect,
Our honest president elect."

CLEVELAND will naturally resign his place as governor of New York next month, and Lieutenant-Governor David B. Hill will assume the executive duties January 1 and continue as acting governor to the end of Cleveland's term, December 31, 1885. Hill is an Elmira man, and was mayor of the city when elected to his present position. Dennis McCarthy, of Syracuse, a republican, is president pro tem. of the senate, and will preside at this winter's session.

HERE lies the g. o. p.,
The people laid it out;
No more its form we'll see,
With pap and plunder stout.
Its course at last was run,
It kicked against its doom,
But Tuesday's setting sun
Shone on its silent tomb.
—New York Truth.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

How are you "coming through the rye" this morning?

REV. JOSEPH COOK is going to spend the winter among the Nova Scotia blue noses.

MR. W. H. SMITH, M. P., ex-first lord of the admiralty, and still head of the great railroad bookstall firm, is one of the chief purchasers of real estate in England now. He has just bought a famous sporting property in Devonshire.

MRS. W. S. HOYT, daughter of the late Chief Justice Chase, has successfully established an industrial school at Pelham manor, where furniture carving, clay and plaster modelling, tapestry work, etc., are taught to girls and boys.

MR. SINGERLEY, the millionaire proprietor of the Philadelphia Record, has a mania for houses. He has already built 250 in the northwestern part of Philadelphia, and intends to build 750 more. The 1,000 will be worth on an average about $6,000 each.

MRS. CRABTREE, the mother of Lotta, is hardly as tall as her piquant little daughter. She wears on the street a rich satin dress, made in the latest fashion, a very costly wrap covered with black lace and beadwork, a black lace bonnet, and her little hands are generally encased in neatly-fitting black kid gloves.

CLARA MORRIS last week received an offer from Henry E. Abbey to play during Easter week at the London Lyceum theater; but owing to the fact that Manager Goodwin had her booked in this country until a later date she was compelled to decline. However, she will sail for London immediately after the close of her American season.

HERR KRUPP's establishment, at Essen, employs more than 20,000 men in the workshops in the manufacture of the different kinds of guns. This great firm possesses several mines of its own, some of which are situated in Spain. Four ocean steamships, twenty-eight locomotives, and eight hundred and eighty-three railway trucks complete this formidable stock.

THE salary of the Baptist pastor at Grantville, Neb., is $100 a year. The recipient does not try to live on it, but works at his old trade of shoemaking. His congregation do not object to this way of providing cheap ministry to them, but they have made a tremendous row because on several Sundays, in making announcements from the pulpit, he included a notice that he would mend shoes better and cheaper than the opposition cobbler.

AT 15 Ebury street, London, Mr. Justin McCarthy does his literary work, sitting at a typewriting machine in his sky-parlor study. There are a few books in the room—the fewer the better, Mr. McCarthy thinks—and several articles of curious interest, chief among which is a dinner-bell. Mr. McCarthy gleefully declares that in regard to that object he vanquished his friend, Mr. William Black, for Mr. Black has for a dinner-bell a cowbell from the Roman Campagna, while Mr. McCarthy's is a camel-bell from Jerusalem.

THE "Mrs. Polk and daughter," whom several Washington correspondents recently mentioned as visitors at the national capital, are not the widow and daughter of the late president, as those correspondents asserted. In the words of the Nashville American: "The Philadelphia Times says that the widow of President Polk and her daughter are in Washington. Mrs. Polk is at her home in this city. She has not been to Washington since she left it as mistress of the white house. She and her illustrious husband were never blessed with an heir. In the bosom of a community that idolizes her, she keeps her vigils over the tomb of her husband."

THE prince of Wales is the greatest colonel, in a numerical sense, the world has ever known. To say nothing of his honorary colonelcies in foreign armies, besides the headship of the Blucher Hussars, he is the colonel of no fewer than sixteen regiments in his royal mother's armies. He is colonel-in-chief of all the three regiments of household cavalry, and colonel of the Tenth Hussars. In the Indian army he is honorary colonel of the Sixth and Eleventh Bengal cavalry, second Bengal Infantry, the Second Gorkhas, the Guide Corps, the Fourth Madras Cavalry, the Madras Sappers and Miners, the Third Bombay Cavalry, and the Second Bombay Native Infantry. He figures in the Army List as holding three honorary colonelcies in the militia, the commands being of the Second Brigade Eastern Division Militia Artillery (Lord Suffield's regiment), the Cornwall Militia and the Aberdeenshire Militia; and he is captain general and colonel of the Hon. Artillery Company.

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

From the Wrightsville Recorder.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION will hereafter give seven papers a week, instead of six, without increasing the price of subscription. For enterprise THE CONSTITUTION is not surpassed by any newspaper in the union.

From the Thomasville Times.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, with the enterprise which characterizes its management, now issues every day—getting out an edition on Monday morning. This stride ahead will be appreciated by its thousands of readers.

From the Thomasville Enterprise.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION never tires of being enterprising. It has heretofore been issued but six days in the week. Hereafter it will appear every day and Sunday too, and though its subscribers will each receive fifty two more papers per annum than at present, there will be no change in the subscription price. No wonder THE CONSTITUTION is phenomenally successful.

From the Montezuma Record.

That progressive and newsy journal, THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, is now issuing a paper every day in the week, which will no doubt be appreciated by its patrons. We are glad that THE CONSTITUTION will hereafter give us a Monday paper.

From the Berrien County News.

Hereafter THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION will issue seven days in the week. THE CONSTITUTION may always be depended on to keep in the procession.

What Did It.

From the New York Star.

Coming to the pivotal empire state, which gives a plurality of probably less than 2,000 in a total vote exceeding a million, of course the theories naturally multiply. The prohibitionists can claim that they did it. So can the printers, incensed at the Tribune's course. So can the disaffected stalwarts. So can the bolting young republicans of Brooklyn, or any one of a dozen large clubs which indorsed Cleveland. So can Parson Burchard, with, perhaps, more reason than any of them.

But embracing and overshadowing all these minor causes was the one potent, tangible fact of a widespread business depression, and this was the most influential factor in the whole campaign. It is no easy task to oust from power and office a party sustained by more than 100,000 officeholders, propped up by the great monopolies it has fostered, and controlling almost unlimited resources. It is virtually impossible to overcome and dislodge such a party while the country is fairly prosperous and business brisk.

A Loss That Was not a Loss.

From the New York Sun.

According to Francis C. Barlow and Aaron J. Vanderpoel, Mr. Jones has been misinformed about the result of the amateur canvass completed yesterday of the returns made to the bureau of elections. The committee of lawyers who made it on behalf of the national democratic committee, consisted of Aaron J. Vanderpoel, Francis C. Barlow, Charles P. Miller, and Albert Stickney. With them was Mr. O'Brien's lieutenant, Mr. John E. Brodskey, who had volunteered to see fair play for the republicans. The lawyers said as they went away about noon that the police returns and O'Brien's returns were almost alike. They carried away copies of the returns for the purpose of making complete computations of the exact majorities in each district.

GEORGE F. JACKSON INDICTED.

The Richmond Grand Jury Does a Notable Day's Work.

AUGUSTA, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Richmond county grand jury to-day found four true bills against George T. Jackson for the embezzlement of the funds of the Enterprise factory while president. The first case was for seventy-six thousand two hundred and thirty dollars, embezzled November 1st, 1882; the second case was for fifty thousand dollars, embezzled January 6th, 1884; the third case was twenty-three thousand, on June twenty seventh, 1884; the fourth case was nine hundred and ninety-nine dollars and ninety-eight cents, August the tenth, 1884, Judge Roney placed the bond for each case at $4,000, and bench warrants were placed in the hands of Sheriff Daniel to be served this evening. The trial will probably take place at an adjourned term of the court, and not at the present term of court, which is in its last week. The present criminal docket is very heavy, and together with this important case, has so occupied Solicitor General Boykin Wright that he had been unable to visit the legislature to look after his re-election.

The present grand jury, in its presentments today, indorsed and commended Solicitor General Wright in the highest possible terms. He will be assisted in the prosecution of Major Jackson by John S. & W. T. Davidson, able and prominent lawyers, and the attorneys for the Enterprise factory, which brings the prosecution. Mr. Jackson will be defended by Hon. James C. C. Black and Judge H. D. D. Twiggs.

The grand jury also to day found three true bills against John A. Bell for cheating and swindling, and two bills against him for larceny after trust. His fall by speculation from a position of universal trust last spring has already been published by THE CONSTITUTION. He is now in California, and will have to be reached by requisition.

The grand jury in its report strongly recommend the passage of a law suppressing bucket shops; also recommended a law establishing a juvenile reformatory for Richmond county, and an amendment of the present Sunday excursion law, preventing regular trains from attaching cars for the accommodation of excursionists.

The jury also highly recommended the efficiency, value and administration of the present local school system in Richmond county.

DULUTH IN FLAMES.

The Third Conflagration in Proctor Knott's Famous Town.

DULUTH, Minn., November 11.—For the third time since August 1st, Duluth has been visited by a disastrous fire in its lumber mills. In August the mills and lumber to the amount of $150,000 were destroyed. Two weeks ago the Oneta lumber company lost its planing mill and dry kilns, lumber, laths, etc, valued at $30,000. On Sunday two saw mills and about twenty million feet of lumber were burned. From the lumber piles the flames went to the saw mill of the Oneta company, and thence to the piles of lumber and crossed to the yard of Osterhows & Hughart's lumber company. They also burned about ten buildings, including boarding houses, store, office, dwellings, stables, etc., belonging to the Oneta lumber company. The space burned over was about thirty acres. The following are the principal losers: The Oneta lumber company, mill, lumber, houses, etc., $60,000; the Osterhows & Hughart lumber company, mill, lumber, etc., $61,000; the Bradley, Hanford & Co.'s lumber, $20,000; John McKinley, lumber company, $10,000; H. W. Coppernall, trussee of the Mukegeon National bank lumber company, $40,000. The total insurance is $169,855. The Oneta lumber company had shut down, and was unable to pay its hands for the last month's work, and it is supposed that some of them, out of revenge, set the fire.

Virginia Rejoices.

LYNCHBURG, Va., November 11.—The democratic demonstration had here to-night was the result of three day's careful preparation. The display was very imposing. Fifty thousand men on foot and horseback were in line, and the city was brilliantly illuminated. There was a grand display of fireworks, lasting two hours, and a salute of 100 guns was fired. Twenty young ladies represented the twenty-two states claimed for Cleveland.

Went to Her Death.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., November 11.—[Special.—Late yesterday, a negro woman was run over and crushed to atoms by the switch engine in the yard of the Louisville and Nashville road. She had avowed her intention to stand on the end of a cross tie and be knocked off, then sue the road for damages. Eight persons have been killed at the same street crossing within four years.

Big Mining Sales.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., November 11.—[Special.]—One of the largest iron furnaces of this city just closed a contract of the sale of 5,000 tons of coke pig iron, to be delivered in Philadelphia.

The Woodstock iron company of Anniston, Ala., has just sold the same amount of charcoal iron to be delivered in a city in the center of the Pennsylvania iron district. Both shipments go via the Georgia Pacific road to Savannah, thence by water, shipping coals to New Castle.

The Coachman's Wife to Sing.

NEW YORK, November 11.—Manager Amberg, of the Thalia theater, to-day concluded an engagement with Mrs. Victoria Schelling Hullsekamp (Miss Morosini) for six months, for concerts, and after that for opera bouffe. She appears first next Sunday at the Thalia theater in sacred concert and goes from here to Boston, thence all over the west. Amberg says she has a good voice, and is a real artist.

Bullion for America.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The steamships Danan and Umbria brought one million dollars in gold from Europe.

LONDON, November 11.—Bullion to the amount of 70,000 pounds, from Holland, was bought in the open market yesterday for America.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

F. Poppelhower, a diamond expert of New York, is missing, with crooked stories behind him.

Dr. J. H. Allison, of Longview, Texas, was assassinated yesterday by Jim Fullerton.

There is now a total force of 2,500 British troops in Dongola.

The reichstag will convene November 30th.

After Tramps.

For some time since a band of tramps have infected the hills about the East Tennessee shops and have caused a good deal of trouble. This morning Acting Captain Moon left police headquarters to make a raid upon them, but had not returned up to three o'clock.

Feeding His Family.

Last night Patrolmen Aldridge and Smith arrested Cas Brown, a waiter at Massa's restaurant, and at the city prison found beef steaks, pork steaks, sausage, ham and partridges in his pockets. Brown was arrested at Massa's request, who suspected him of stealing.

Lost His Money.

A Mr. Morris, a stranger in the city, yesterday lost his pocket book containing $60.

His Overcoat Gone.

Yesterday a thief entered a boarding house, 195 South Pryor street, and stole Mr. W. P. Chavelier's overcoat.

A Countrywoman of Mine.

Handsome? I hardly know. Her profile's fine—
Delightful, intellectual, aquiline.

Her keen eyes light it—keen, yet often kind:
Her fair hair crowns it to an artist's mind.

Fine figure and fine manners, without doubt,
Determine half her charm, and bear me out.

Learned? Well, rather. See them for yourself—
Mill, Spencer, Darwin, on her favorite shelf.

Well-educated, certainly well-read;
Well-born, of course, and (not of course) well-bred.

Provincial? Never. Cockney? Not at all.
Her world is small enough, yet not too small.

To prove she knows it only watch awhile
That humorous, tender, half-sarcastic smile.

Accomplished? She says not, but who can tell?
She does some simple things, and does them well

She walks well, stands well, sits well—things so rare,
To praise as they deserve I hardly dare.

She rows, rides, dances—admirably done!
Delights in each and yet depends on none.

What to take up she knows and what to drop;
How to say clever things and when to stop.

Few dress so well, she does what few can do—
Forgets what she has on—and so do you.

She's not too careless, not conventional quite;
Does what she likes—knows what she does is right

Takes New World freedom with Old World ease;
She's but to please herself the world to please.
—Eliane Goodale.

THE FRANCHISE BILL.

SENT BY THE COMMONS TO THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

The Trial of a Treason-Felony Case in Ireland—Sudden Death in the French Chamber of Deputies—The Revival of the Cholera Epidemic in France—Affairs in China, Etc.

LONDON, November 11.—In the house of commons to-day the franchise bill passed its third reading without division. During the debate Hon. Geo. J. Goschem, expressed regret that the conservatives had been influenced by the conservative success in south Warwickshire to persist in their opposition to the franchise bill. As long as the conservatives refuse to indicate their attitude in regard to Gladstone's proposals, the government would be unable to introduce the redistribution bill. Gladstone reminded the opposition that Sir Robt. Peel's refusal to compromise on the reform question resulted in the humiliation of the house of lords. If they were not destined to have peace, the government, at any rate, would leave it on record that they desired peace. [Liberal cheers.] Sir Richard Cross, conservative, replying in behalf of the opposition, said the government must proceed on their own responsibility.

It is announced that the goverment will on Thursday offer a proposal in the house of commons for an appropriation of five million dollars to defray the expenses of General Lord Wolseley's expedition to the Soudan.

THE CHOLERA IN FRANCE.

The Plague Revived in All of Its Horrible Features.

PARIS, Noovember 11.—Between noon and 11 o'clock last night, 97 fresh cases of cholera and 11 deaths were reported in this city. Three numbers do not include the additional cases and deaths which occurred at the hospitals. At Bretuelas, in the hospital set apart for old men, there were five more deaths. In numerous instances the victims were seized by the dread disease in the most sudden manner, with hardly a premonition. Many were stricken on the streets, in omnibuses and other public places, or when about their ordinary vocations. The hospitals set apart for the use of cholera patients is already full to overflowing, and others are being placed in readiness as rapidly as circumstances will permit. many cases have occurred among the troops at the garrison. In nearly all the barracks some soldiers have been attacked. It the epidemic continues an order will be issued closing the public schools. The eastern and central portion of the city are the ones most affected. The residences occupied principally by English and American people are in most excellent sanitary condition.

Up to noon to-day there were thirty-six deaths from cholera, including those in the hospitals.

There have been six fresh cases of cholera since midnight and 36 deaths. The victims of the epidemic are mostly ill fed or dissipated, and are rarely of robust constitution. As soon as it is known that a case of cholera is in a tenement, two constables are assigned to guard the house until the patient is taken to the hospital. Two deaths by cholera are reported at Donlon to-day.

The Chinese Hostilities.

LONDON, November 11.—The Foo Chow correspondent of the Times states that the situation there is unchanged. The stoppage of business by hostilities is causing wide-spread distress among the lower class of Chinese. The tea season is finished, and consequently the loss to Europeans is less than to the natives. The Chinese government is demanding more money, being unable to meet its expenses, but the natives are unwilling to contribute to its support. The Chinese soldiers are arriving in large numbers. There are frequent disputes between the soldiers and the people. The Chinese officials evince a desire for amity, and remain neutral. The foreigners are severely punished for any attempted outrage. Any European lady would not be safe in the country districts as a missionary. The South channel entrance is blocked, and ships are obliged to pass Kinpai point, which is completely fortified. The Chinese have imported large numbers of torpedoes through Hong Kong, and are preparing to sink them in the river.

An Irish Treason Trial.

DUBLIN, November 11.—The trial of Fred K. J. Allen, vice president of the Young Island society, who was arrested last week on the charge of treason-felony, began to-day. The prisoner was cheered when he entered the court. Timothy M. Healy, member of parliament, who was yesterday called to the Irish bar, appeared for Allen. He demanded that the letters which Allen had written to the fenian headquarters at Paris, giving the details of the fenian organization in Ireland, should be marked so as to prevent the possibility of any additions or obstructions being made. Council for the crown protested against the innuendo implied in this demand. The magistrate ordered the documents to be marked, but reproved Mr. Healy for his intemperate remarks.

Fighting the Cholera.

BERLIN, November 11.—The imperial boards of health of Germany and Austria-Hungary, are acting in concert in the endeavor to adopt measures which will prevent the cholera from securing an aentrance into either country.

MADRID, November 11.—All persons arriving from France, whether by land or sea, will be required to submit to a quarantine of from seven to ten days.

MALTA, November 11.—A quarantine of 12 days has been decreed in the case of all vessels arriving from French ports.

Osman Digma to the Mahdi.

CAIRO, November 11.—Osman Digma has written to the Mahdi, explaining that he can't join him in his attack on Khartoum, as he is expecting the English forces will soon make an attack upon his forces at Tamanile. M. Vizettelij, newspaper artist, who was captured by the Mahdi just prior to the defeat of Hicks Pasha, is alive and now holding position of a doctor in the rebel camp.

Chinese Cruisers on the Seas.

SHANGHAI, November 11.—Two Chinese iron clad cruisers are preparing to leave here for the purpose of attemping to force the French blockade of the island of Formosa. The Chinese have bought nearly the whole stock of English coal in Shanghai.

The Danger in the Treaty Ports.

LONDON, November 11.—The Harkow correspondent telegraphs that the situation of five of the inland treaty ports is very dangerous on account of their isolation. There is only one man-of-war to defend the foreigners at Harkow.

Death of a Deputy.

PARIS, November 11.—M. Victor Guerchard, senor member of the chamber of deputies, died suddenly to-day while conversing with his colleagues at the Palais Bourbon. The chamber adjourned without transacting any business.

Will Not go to the Isle of Skye.

LONDON, November 11.—The master of the steamer Lochiel, which was chartered by the government to take a battalion of police to the Isle of Skye, refused to proceed, and the owner of the steamer has concelled his agreement.

LAWLESSNESS IN OHIO.

Governor Hoadley Proclaims His Intention to Suppress It.

COLUMBUS, November 11.—Governor Hoadley to-day issued a proclamation to the citizens of the three counties in which depredations have occurred on account of the strike of the miners. He enumerates the acts of destruction by the incendiaries, and intimates that they are, in a great measure, owing to the sympathy extended to the strikers by the citizens, and calls on the latter to use all their efforts to preserve the peace and discontinue all unlawful acts, and aiding all the authorities in their efforts to preserve property and peace. He assures them that if the disturbance continues, it will be suppressed, if it requires the entire military force of the state.

MACON ABLAZE.

Continued from First Page.

The next speaker was Hon. Jam... Blount. He was followed by Hon. ... Walsh. Colonel Jemison next introduce... Evan P. Howell. Just before he was e... to the front of the stage a telegram was ... from Mr. H. W. Grady announcing the ... news from New York. It was receive... great applause. He was loudly app... and was hardly allowed to stop. Wh... concluded, three cheers were offered fo... He was followed by Hon. Clifford An... The last speaker was Hon. Thomas ... man, after which the crowd broke up.

AMONG THE TRANSPARENCIES.

The Empire store on Second street wa... minated handsomely. An amusing ... represents a large raft entitled the way ... up Salt river. Logan is seated with ... on his knees looking in the most woe ... manner. Blaine is standing with his ha... heveled and stamping his feet, looking ... in the mouth. Lockwood is seated in a ... bonnet smiling, saying, "I am one hundre... seventy five dolars ahead of the hounds." ... paddling the raft with a big spoon, and ... the image of despair. St. John is swim... in the distance, and is nearly drowned. ... other is an allegorical scene representin... Goddess of Liberty rising with a sun-... presenting Cleveland, who stands erect, ... a sword of honesty, with the seven-h... hydra at his feet, the heads representing ... Roach, Sage, Gould, Blaine, Elkins and ... ler. The Edgerton house displayed ... hundred and seventy-eight lanterns. ... United States court building was illumi... from one end to the ... Mr. J. H. Hertz had his clo... establishment decorated handsomely wit... volving lights. W. B. Pysire had his ... ing establishment beautifully bright with ... ored candles. Dr. Roland B. Hall had ... front of his drugstore on Cherry street il... nated with a transparency of Clevelan... Hendricks, in lanterns of different co... lights forming the letters. The city hall ... lighted from cellar to attic. Messrs. Sauls... Butts & Wilson had a large float with ... inscription, "Rough on Rads." Messrs. ... woody Bros. & Ellis's drug store and Orm... Reynolds had a large arch across Cotton ... nue bearing an inscription of patriotism. George Beggs had his store ... light as day. The whole top of Messrs. J. ... Rice & Co.'s store was illuminated with ... terns and transparencies. The Telegraph ... Messenger had their office brilliantly illu... nated with lights and transparencies. Mr ... J. Freeman had a beautiful revolving ... that attracted much attention. A hand... transparency was gotten up by Mr. C... Redlich. It represented a picture of Cl... land and Hendricks riding in a car... drawn by four horses—New York, Conn... cut, Indiana and New Jersey. In the dist... was the white house. The driver represe... a southern man with large hat. On an... side was the goddess of liberty pointing ... pride to the scene; while a large rooster d... ing held his head away. Another was ... ing lustily. This will be forwarded to ... dent Cleveland with the names of the ... mittee on transparencies inscribed.

A very attractive float was that of De... No. 5 hose company. It represented s... from Puck. A very large one was the ... ring cartoon; another with Blaine playin... the tariff question with bursted hose; an... side was Blaine being hoisted in a windo... the white house by Butler and ... Messrs. S. Waxelbaum & Co. displayed a ... transparency, the work of Mr. Joe W... baum. It was inscribed Cleveland and ... dricks—North and South—one Country ... Flag, one Destiny. Mr. Sol Isaacs sent ... large balloon during the night that attr... much attention. Messrs. S. T. Coleman ... were decorated with Chinese lanterns ... candles in every window. Messrs. Dunl... Wortham had every window in their ... store illuminated. Messrs. S. Waxelbaum & Co. decorated with mineiture United States flags. W. A. Doody had fine displays of lights over his dry goods store. Bernd Brothers had a line of Chinese lanterns suspended o... their harness manufactory nearly ... feet from the ground. Messrs Nussbau... Co., were illuminated brilliantly with lan... and lights of all description. It was visib... over the city. Messrs. C. Burke & Co., ... large picture of Blaine with arms folded ... front of their store in a large transparen... attracted much attention. The inscri... was "Hail King of Frauds."

Messrs. Lyon & Kline had a large ba... over the entrance of their retail dry ... house bearing the incription "We ow... victory to Tammany." Messrs. W. A. J... & Co., had their large retail dry goods ... handsomely decorated with Chinese lant... flags and transparencies.

Louis Vannucki had his place, on Mulb... well and tastfully illuminated and deco... with candles and flags. Suspended a... Mulberry street, from Massenburg's co... was a large United States flag hangi... graceful folds. Geo. Byington had the L... house decorated with flags and lant... Youg America hose company No. 3 pres... a large float, bearing on one side "Y... America No. 3, always ready."

On the end was a large rooster leaning ... worm. The inscription was: "Throw ... it is nothing but a republican worm." Masonic hall was tastefuly decorated ... minature United States flags.

In the corner window of Massenburg's store was a coat of arms of the state ... somely illuminated. The Isaac's caf... brightly illuminated, and was attractiv... Ellis's drug store, on Cotton ... nue, was an odd decoration ... resenting a big ball with the motto a... "The south gave Cleveland and Hen... a single shot vote." Charles Herbst pl... large bann r on the confederate monume... scribed "Old Kentucky sends a solid de... tion to congress, a gain of two. Kentucky, 45,000 majority." On the corner near the ... graph and Messenger office was a large ... parency bearing the inscription: Assign... republicans to democrats, November 4,... liabilities $600,000,000, assets 0000,000.

On the corner of Mulberry and S... street, over Sol Hoge & Co's drug store ... transparency with "Beecher is our P... er," and "By the eternal God we hav... 'em." Benner's restaurant was glit... with illumination and flags; Wood and ... furniture store had a fine display of i... nated lettering in their windows; Payne... Willingham had some of the hadsomest ... minations of the night at their furnitur... on Cherry street.

At Dr. J. Ingal's corner of Fourth and C... street, the scene was a beautiful one... John Hoge displayed much taste in ... rangement of flags and colored lights.

WY...

THE COTTON MOVEMENT.

The Report of the National Cotton Exc... of New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., November 11.—T... lowing is the report of the National cot... change, showing the cotton movement ... United States during the first two mon... the current year:

	This y'r
Port receipts	1,434,994
Overland shipments	121,606
Of which to mills	73,700
To ports	25,995
To Canada	2,592
In transit	19,321
Exports to Great Britain	431,175
To France	28,417
To continent	201,154
Total exports	660,736
Spinner's takings	184,289
Stocks at seaboard	678,741
At sea between ports	54,979

The Rumored Fall of Khartoum.

CAIRO, November, 11.—Rumors of the ... Khartoum and the death of General ... are now arriving by way of Massow... committee of Khartoum merchants r... here, is being formed to obtain recou... from the Egyptian government for thei... property incurred through the reb... but they are not likely to succeed.

Evolution in Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., November 11.—[Spe... ... John B. Elliott, of New Orleans, the ... scientist, lectured here to-night on evolu... before the Birmingham medical society.

FRANCHISE BILL.

[illegible] THE COMMONS TO THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

[illegible] Treason-Felony Case in Ireland—Sud[illegible] in the French Chamber of Deputies—Revival of the Cholera Epidemic [illegible] France—Affairs in China, Etc.

[illegible] November 11.—In the house of com[illegible] the franchise bill passed its third [illegible]thout division. During the debate [illegible] Goschem, expressed regret that [illegible]atives had been influenced by the [illegible] success in south Warwickshire to [illegible] their opposition to the franchise [illegible]ng as the conservatives refuse to [illegible]ir attitude in regard to Gladstone's [illegible] the government would be unable to [illegible] redistribution bill. Gladstone re[illegible] opposition that Sir Robt. Peel's [illegible]ompromise on the reform question [illegible] the humiliation of the house of [illegible] they were not destined to have [illegible] government, at any rate, would [illegible] record that they desired peace. [illegible]eers.] Sir Richard Cross, conserva[illegible] in behalf of the opposition, said [illegible] must proceed on their own re[illegible].

[illegible]unced that the goverment will on [illegible] a proposal in the house of com[illegible] appropriation of five million dol[illegible] the expenses of General Lord [illegible] expedition to the Soudan.

CHOLERA IN FRANCE.

[illegible] Revived in All of Its Horrible Features.

[illegible] November 11.—Between noon and [illegible] last night, 97 fresh cases of cholera [illegible] were reported in this city. [illegible] do not include the additional [illegible] which occurred at the hos[illegible] Bretuelas, in the hospital set apart [illegible] there were five more deaths. In [illegible] instances the victims were seized by [illegible] disease in the most sudden manner, [illegible] a premonition. Many were [illegible] the streets, in omnibuses and other [illegible] or when about their ordinary [illegible] The hospitals set apart for the [illegible] patients is already full to over[illegible] others are being placed in readi[illegible] as circumstances will permit. [illegible] have occurred among the troops [illegible] In nearly all the barracks [illegible] have been attacked. It the [illegible] continues an order will be issued [illegible] public schools. The eastern and [illegible] of the city are the ones most at[illegible] residences occupied principally [illegible] and American people are in most [illegible] sanitary condition.

[illegible] to-day there were thirty-six [illegible] cholera, including those in the [illegible].

[illegible] have been six fresh cases of cholera [illegible] night and 36 deaths. The victims of [illegible] are mostly ill fed or dissipated, [illegible] of robust constitution. As soon [illegible] that a case of cholera is in a [illegible] two constables are assigned to guard [illegible] until the patient is taken to the hos[illegible] deaths by cholera are reported at [illegible] day.

The Chinese Hostilities.

[illegible] November 11.—The Foo Chow cor[illegible] of the Times states that the situa[illegible] is unchanged. The stoppage of bus[illegible] hostilities is causing wide-spread dis[illegible] the lower class of Chinese. The [illegible] is finished, and consequently the [illegible]ropeans is less than to the natives. [illegible] government is demanding [illegible] being unable to meet its ex[illegible] but the natives are unwilling to con[illegible] to its support. The Chinese soldiers [illegible] arriving in large numbers. There are fre[illegible] quent disputes between the soldiers and the [illegible]ople. The Chinese officials evince a desire [illegible]ity, and remain neutral. The foreign[illegible] are severely punished for [illegible] attempted outrage. Any European [illegible] would not be safe in the country districts [illegible]ionary. The South channel entrance [illegible] and ships are obliged to pass Kin[illegible] which is completely fortified. The [illegible] have imported large numbers of tor[illegible] through Hong Kong, and are preparing [illegible] them in the river.

An Irish Treason Trial.

[illegible] November 11.—The trial of Fred [illegible]en, vice president of the Young Is[illegible]ety, who was arrested last week on [illegible] of treason-felony, began to-day. [illegible] was cheered when he entered [illegible] Timothy M. Healy, member of [illegible] who was yesterday called to the [illegible] appeared for Allen. He demanded [illegible] letters which Allen had written to [illegible] headquarters at Paris, giving the [illegible] the fenian organization in Ireland, [illegible] marked so as to prevent the possi[illegible] any additions or obstructions being [illegible] Council for the crown protested [illegible] the innuendo implied in this demand. [illegible] magistrate ordered the documents to be [illegible] but reproved Mr. Healy for his in[illegible] remarks.

Fighting the Cholera.

[illegible] November 11.—The imperial boards [illegible] of Germany and Austria-Hungary, [illegible] in concert in the endeavor to adopt [illegible] which will prevent the cholera from [illegible] an entrance into either country.

[illegible] November 11.—All persons arriv[illegible] in France, whether by land or sea, will [illegible] required to submit to a quarantine of from [illegible] ten days.

[illegible] November 11.—A quarantine of 12 [illegible] been decreed in the case of all ves[illegible] arriving from French ports.

Osman Digma to the Mahdi.

[illegible] November 11.—Osman Digma has [illegible] to the Mahdi, explaining that he can't [illegible] in his attack on Khartoum, as he is [illegible] the English forces will soon make [illegible] upon his forces at Tamanile. M. [illegible] newspaper artist, who was captured [illegible] Mahdi just prior to the defeat of Hicks [illegible] is alive and now holding position of a [illegible] in the rebel camp.

Chinese Cruisers on the Seas.

[illegible] November 11.—Two Chinese iron [illegible] cruisers are preparing to leave here for [illegible] purpose of attempting to force the French [illegible] of the island of Formosa. The Chi[illegible] have bought nearly the whole stock of [illegible] coal in Shanghai.

The Danger in the Treaty Ports.

[illegible] November 11.—The Harkow cor[illegible] respondent telegraphs that the situation of [illegible] the inland treaty ports is very danger[illegible] on account of their isolation. There is [illegible] one man-of-war to defend the foreigners [illegible] now.

Death of a Deputy.

[illegible] November 11.—M. Victor Guerchard, [illegible] member of the chamber of deputies, died [illegible] to-day while conversing with his [illegible] at the Palais Bourbon. The cham[illegible] adjourned without transacting any busi[illegible].

Will Not go to the Isle of Skye.

[illegible] November 11.—The master of the [illegible] Lochiel, which was chartered by the gov[illegible] to take a battalion of police to the Isle of [illegible] refused to proceed, and the owner of the [illegible] has concelled his agreement.

LAWLESSNESS IN OHIO.

[illegible] Hoadley Proclaims His Intention to Suppress It.

[illegible] November 11.—Governor Hoadley [illegible] issued a proclamation to the citizens of [illegible] counties in which depredations have [illegible] on account of the strike of the miners. [illegible] enumerates the acts of destruction by the [illegible] and intimates that they [illegible] in a great measure, owing to the [illegible] extended to the strikers [illegible] citizens, and calls on the latter to use [illegible] efforts to preserve the peace and dis[illegible] all unlawful acts, and aiding all the [illegible] in their efforts to preserve prop[illegible] and peace. He assures them that if the [illegible] continues, it will be suppressed, [illegible] requires the entire military force of the [illegible]

MACON ABLAZE.

Continued from First Page.

The next speaker was Hon. James H. Blount. He was followed by Hon. Patrick Walsh. Colonel Jemison next introduced Hon. Evan P. Howell. Just before he was escorted to the front of the stage a telegram was handed from Mr. H. W. Grady announcing the latest news from New York. It was received with great applause. He was loudly applauded and was hardly allowed to stop. When he concluded, three cheers were offered for him. He was followed by Hon. Clifford Anderson. The last speaker was Hon. Thomas Hardeman, after which the crowd broke up.

AMONG THE TRANSP ARENCIES.

The Empire store on Second street was illuminated handsomely. An amusing scene represents a large raft entitled the way we go up Salt river. Logan is seated with head on his knees looking in the most woe begone manner. Blaine is standing with his hair disheveled and stamping his feet, looking down in the mouth. Lockwood is seated in a sunbonnet smiling, saying, "I am one hundred and seventy five dolars ahead of the hounds." Butler paddling the raft with a big spoon, and looks the image of despair. St. John is swimming in the distance, and is nearly drowned. Another is an allegorical scene representing the Goddess of Liberty rising with a sun-burst, presenting Cleveland, who stands erect, with a sword of honesty, with the seven-headed hydra at his feet, the heads representing Field, Roach, Sage, Gould, Blaine, Elkins and Butler. The Edgerton house displayed three hundred and seventy-eight lanterns. The United States court building was illuminated from one end to the other. Mr. J. H. Hertz had his clothing establishment decorated handsomely with revolving lights. W. B. Pysire had his tailoring establishment beautifully bright with colored candles. Dr. Roland B. Hall had the front of his drugstore on Cherry street illuminated with a transparency of Cleveland and Hendricks, in lanterns of different colored lights forming the letters. The city hall was lighted from cellar to attic. Messrs. Saulsbury, Butts & Wilson had a large float with the inscription, "Rough on Rads." Messrs. Dunwoody Bros. & Ellis's drug store and Orme & Reynolds had a large arch across Cotton avenue bearing an inscription of patriotism. Mr. George Beggs had his store as light as day. The whole top of Messrs. J. W. Rice & Co.'s store was illuminated with lanterns and transparencies. The Telegraph and Messenger had their office brilliantly illuminated with lights and transparencies. Mr. E J. Freeman had a beautiful revolving light that attracted much attention. A handsome transparency was gotten up by Mr. Oscar Redlich. It represented a picture of Cleveland and Hendricks riding in a carriage drawn by four horses—New York, Connecticut, Indiana and New Jersey. In the distance was the white house. The driver represented a southern man with large hat. On another side was the goddess of liberty pointing with pride to the scene; while a large rooster drooping held his head away. Another was crowing lustily. This will be forwarded to President Cleveland with the names of the committee on transparencies inscribed.

A very attractive float was that of Defiance No. 5 hose company. It represented scenes from Puck. A very large one was the prize ring cartoon; another with Blaine playing on the tariff question with bursted hose; another side was Blaine being hoisted in a window of the white house by Butler and Dana. Messrs. S. Waxelbaum & Co. displayed a large transparency, the work of Mr. Joe Waxelbaum. It was inscribed Cleveland and Hendricks—North and South—one Country, one Flag, one Destiny. Mr. Sol Isaacs sent up a large balloon during the night that attracted much attention. Messrs. S. T. Coleman & Co. were decorated with Chinese lanterns and candles in every window. Messrs. Dunlap & Wortham had every window in their large store illuminated. Messrs. S. Waxelbaum & Co. decorated with mineiture United States flags. W. A. Doody had fine displays of lights over his dry goods store. Bernd Brothers had a line of Chinese lanterns suspended over their harness manufactory nearly 200 feet from the ground. Messrs Nussbaum & Co., were illuminated brilliantly with lanterns and lights of all description. It was visible all over the city. Messrs. C. Burke & Co., had a large picture of Blaine with arms folded. In front of their store in a large transparency, it attracted much attention. The inscription was "Hail King of Frauds."

Messrs. Lyon & Kline had a large banner over the entrance of their retail dry goods house bearing the inscription "We owe our victory to Tammany." Messrs. W. A. Juhan & Co., had their large retail dry goods house handsomely decorated with Chinese lanterns, flags and transparencies.

Louis Vannucki had his place, on Mulberry, well and tastfully illuminated and decorated with candles and flags. Suspended acros, Mulberry street, from Massenburg's corners was a large United States flag hanging in graceful folds. Geo. Byington had the Lanier house decorated with flags and lanterns. Young America hose company No. 3 presented a large float, bearing on one side "Young America No. 3, always ready."

On the end was a large rooster leaning over a worm. The inscription was: "Throw it up, it is nothing but a republican worm." The Masonic hall was tastefuly decorated with minature United States flags.

In the corner window of Massenburg's drug store was a coat of arms of the state handsomely illuminated. The Isaac's cafe was brightly illuminated, and was attractive. At Ellis's drug store, on Cotton Avenue, was an odd decoration representing a big ball with the motto affixed: "The south gave Cleveland and Hendricks a single shot vote." Charles Herbst placed a large banner on the confederate monument inscribed "Old Kentucky sends a solid delegation to congress, a gain of two. Kentucky gives 45,000 majority." On the corner near the Telegraph and Messenger office was a large transparency bearing the inscription: Assignment, republicans to democrats, November 4, 1884; liabilities $600,000,000, assets 0000,000.

On the corner of Mulberry and Second street, over Sol Hoge & Co's drug store was a transparency with "Beecher is our Preacher," and "By the eternal God we have got 'em." Benner's restaurant was glittering with illumination and flags; Wood and Bond's furniture store had a fine display of illuminated lettering in their windows; Payne and Willingham had some of the hadsomest illuminations of the night at their furniture store on Cherry street.

At Dr. J. Ingal's corner of Fourth and Cherry street, the scene was a beautiful one. Mr. John Hoge displayed much taste in his arrangement of flags and colored lights.

WYNTON.

THE COTTON MOVEMENT.

The Report of the National Cotton Exchange of New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., November 11.—The following is the report of the National cotton exchange, showing the cotton movement in the United States during the first two months of the current year:

	This y'r	Last.
Port receipts	1,434,994	1,382,526
Overland shipments	121,696	133,340
Of which to mills	73,700	95,588
To ports	25,995	14,723
To Canada	2,592	4,000
In transit	19,321	19,932
Exports to Great Britain	431,175	240,573
To France	28,417	103,143
To continent	201,154	249,714
Total exports	660,736	593,430
Spinner's takings	184,289	250,587
Stocks at seaboard	678,741	746,741
At sea between ports	54,979	

The Rumored Fall of Khartoum.

CAIRO, November, 11.—Rumors of the fall of Khartoum and the death of General Gordon are now arriving by way of Massowah. A committee of Khartoum merchants residing here, is being formed to obtain recompence from the Egyptian government for their losses of property incurred through the rebellion, but they are not likely to succeed.

Evolution in Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., November 11.—[Special.]—Dr. John B. Elliott, of New Orleans, the eminent scientist, lectured here to-night on evolution before the Birmingham medical society.

A MOUNTAIN BONFIRE.

How the Democrats of Stone Mountain Celebrated the Democratic Victory.

STONE MOUNTAIN, November 11.—[Special.]—Last night was a remarkable occasion in the history of Stone Mountain. The people of our little town turned out and painted things red in honor of Cleveland and Hendricks's election. Soon after dark the torch light procession was formed in front of the Railroad hotel by Mayor John W. McCurdy and Captain John Tuggle, as marshals of the occasion. The procession was then marched all over town to the tune of stirring music by the Stone Mountain silver cornet band, finally halting in front of the King house. There an interesting speech was delivered by Mr. P. B. McCurdy, who reminded his hearers that the responsibility of the government was on the democrats, and they must keep their lamps trimmed and burning. Mr. Clark Howell, of THE CONSTITUTION, who came down by invitation, was introduced, and made an interesting address, reviewing the corruption of the republican party, and speaking of the splendid victory of the democracy.

Rev J. F. McClelland was introdued and made a short address.

The procession was then reformed and proceeded to the top of the mountain, where a grand display of fireworks was made, and where an immense bonfire was built on the spot where the old tower once stood. Hon. M. R. Ragsdale was called for and delivered an address. He said it was an easy thing to be a democrat, all a man had to do was to read and study the constitution of the United States and THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION and register and vote an open ticket at every election, no matter how unimportant.

After the adjournment from the mountain top a number of the most prominent members of the company assembled around a festive board down town and indulged in toasts when the following sentiments were expressed:

I. L. Teat—I hope there will be no more sectional feeling and bloody shirt argument. The last one to shake the old garment was J. G. Blaine.

Dr. George Goldsmith—
Wer't the last drop in the well
And I gasped upon the brink,
E'er my fainting spirit fell
'Tis to Cleveland I would drink.

M. R. Ragsdale—We send greetings to New York, Indiana, New Jersey, Delaware and Connecticut, and pledge that the solid south will never betray the confidence now placed in her. We will show our devotion to the constitution of our fathers.

A. B. F. Veal—I said it and I stick to it, that the precincts outside of New York and Brooklyn will not wipe out the majorities given by those gallant cities.

J. T. Willingham—I am proud to see the blue and the grey once more truly united and it makes me the prouder of this victory.

Jerry Reagan, of Vermont—I am proud to be with the Georgia democrats and I am sure if more Vermonters could see you all a better feeling would exist between you and the people of the queen mountain state

J. P. Tuggle—It is a triumph for pure government that I longed to see. It is a great team—Cleaveland and Hendricks.

The celebration will long be remembered as a great occasion at Stone Mountain.

The Savannah Procession.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The torchlight procession to-night in honor of the victory of Cleveland and Hendricks was the most magnificent affairs ever witnessed in Savannah. Five thousand were in line, with torches and transparencies. Many telling hits on the republicans. As the procession approached the park extension, a detachment of the Chatham Artillery commenced firing a salute of 100 guns. The entire city is illuminated and enthusiasm prevails. At the park stands were erected and immense bonfires were built. Speeches were made by Norwood, Mercer, Charlton, Meldrim, Schwarz, Lawton Jackson and others. It is the grandest demonstration seen in Savannah since the commencement of the war. Up to this hour no disturbances beyond the usual rowdy fellows is reported.

The Hancock Democracy.

SPARTA, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The democracy of Hancock assembled in Sparta last night to give expression in a public manner to their joy and gratitude at the recent triumph of democratic principles. The programme of the occasion was a torch light procession, bonfire, the ringing of the church bells, firing of guns and speech-making. The crowd was literally drunk with enthusiasm. The military companies were on parade.

Price's Pine Torch.

ATHENS, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Dr. J A. Price, one of the old democratic veterans o Oconee county, will come into Athens Thursday evening with a one-legged negro driving a wagon loaded with torch pine, and the driver sitting top the wagon with a lighted torch in his hand.

Columbia's Jubilation.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 10.—[Special.]—The grand democratic mass meeting and torchlight procession in honor of Cleveland's election, which was announced to take place in Columbia Wednesday night, has been postponed till Friday night. It will be a monster demonstration.

Bainbridge in Jubilee.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Our people were wild over the election of Cleveland. Their rejoicing was huge.

POISON IN THE COFFEE

The Details of a Horrible Tragedy in Muscogee County.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—In the upper edge of this county this morning occurred a sad and terrible tragedy in the family of Mr. Jeff Biggers, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of the county. The family consisted of Mr. Biggers, his son Joseph W. Biggers, and Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Burgess. Mr. Burgess attended to the farm, and his wife was housekeeper, and did the cooking. This morning while eating breakfast, they all became violently ill, attended by vomiting. The neighbors were sent for, and Drs. Cameron and Osborn, of this city, went out, and everything possible was done to relieve the sufferers, but with little effect. Mr. Burgess died in about two hours afterwards. Mr. Joe W. Biggers still lives, though little hope is entertained of his recovery. Mr. Jeff Biggers did not eat much and consequently is not seriously affected, and is now out of danger. The neighborhood is greatly excited over the affair, but in their efforts to save the lives of the victims little thought has been given to the perpetrators of the foul deed. However, suspicion points to several negroes living on the place—Mary Davis, her daughter Mary Hill, Joe Hill and Alice Davis, whom Mr. Biggers had arrested a few weeks ago on the charge of breaking into his smokehouse, but afterwards had the warrant dismissed. The old woman, Mary Davis has been in the employ of the family for twenty years, and did the cooking up to the time of the death of Mr. Biggers, about a year ago. She now does the milking, and it is supposed that while putting away the milk this morning she slipped into the cook room and dropped arsenic—the poison used—into the coffee pot. Coroner Brooks has gone to the scene to hold an inquest, when it is probable all the negroes will be arrested. Mr. Burgess has two sons living in West Point, who were telegraphed for.

The Rambler in Chinese Waters.

LONDON, November 11.—The man-of-war Rambler has been ordered to reinforce the British fleet in the Chinese waters.

The Artesian Well.

At midnight last night the artesian well was 650 feet deep.

PERSONAL.

Hon. A. R. Wright, of Rome, is in the city.

Mr. William Fleming, of Augusta, is in the city.

Judge H. C. Glenn is the happiest man in town to-day.

Miss Mary Rogers, of Covington, is visiting friends in the city.

Congressmen Seaborn Reese and Allan D. Candler are in the city.

Mr. Frank E. Ellis, of New York, is spending a few days in the city.

Dr. and Mrs. Felton have taken rooms at No. 9, Houston street, for the session.

Mr. Charles Russell, of Columbus, is among the visiting attorneys now in the city.

Hon. N. J. Hammond has been called to New York on important legal business.

Congressmen elect George T. Barnes and Henry R. Harris were in Atlanta yesterday.

Judge Columbus Heard, of Greensboro, has been watching the legislature get a good start.

W. A. Chenoweth, of Philadelphia, passed through Atlanta yesterday and was glimpsed by a few of his many friends here.

Mr. R. H. Lewis, ordinary of Hancock county, and a brother of Mr. John Lewis, one of the representatives from that county, is a spectator of legislative proceedings.

Colonel Milledge, of Forsyth, has been in the city for several days in the interest of his brother, Captain John Milledge, candidate for the solicitorship of this circuit. He is a whole soul genial gentleman, and made numerous friends while here. They are noble brothers, and are well worthy to bear the name of their distinguished ancestry.

OBITUARY.

JOHNSON—Died, Sunday afternoon at his residence, 6 Brotherton street, this city, Thomas D. Johnson. The remains were carried to Jonesboro for interment.

An Incendiary Shot Dead.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—Last night Bill Lewis, a negro tenant on Major R. J. Moses's place, a few miles from the city, was awakened by the barking of his dog. On going to the door he found his barn near by in a bright blaze, and a man running off. Picking up his gun he gave pursuit, calling on the man to stop, but as the fugitive failed to do so, he raised his gun and fired, shooting the man down. It proved to be one of his neighbors, another negro, Logan Lowery. He was picked up and carried to his home on Mr. S. G. O'Neal's place, where he died in a few minutes. Lewis' barn with all his crop of corn and a good mule, were burned up. Lowery's bad feeling for Lewis grew out of the fact that the latter had prosecuted his wife's sister for stealing cotton.

The Nacoochee on Fire.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The steamer Nacoochee which left here for New York yesterday afternoon, when off Charleston last night discovered a fire in the hold. The hatches were battered down, and it being impossible to locate the fire, Captain Kempton decided to return and headed for Tybee, which was reached early this morning. Information was telegraphed the agents here, and they dispatched her assistance. She was brought up to the city this afternoon and landed at the lower railroad wharf. The extent of the damage cannot be learned. She had a number of passengers, nearly two thousand bales of cotton and a miscellaneous freight.

The County Nominees of Henry.

McDONOUGH, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The democratic voters of Henry county, in a primary election held last Saturday, nominated the following county officers: A. A. Lemon, ordinary; David Knott, treasurer; H. C. Turner, clerk superior court; A. J. W. Peek tax collector; William J. Livingston, tax receiver; James F. Miller, coroner; Robert Sandifer, surveyor.

The Slander Case in Court.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 11.—[Special.]—The McDaniel-Bruce slander case has been set for trial next Monday by Judge Wallace in the court of common pleas.

STATE SPECIALS CONDENSED.

Mr. Richard A. Blount, one of Decatur's best citizens, died at his home near Whigham, Saturday.

Emil Newman, was last night elected president of the German American association, of Savannah, vice Charles Kotshorn, resigned.

The Crawford dramatic club will give an entertainment next Wednesday night.

"The play's the thing,
Wherein I'll reach the conscience of the king."
And equally true is it that Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" (the original Little Liver Pills) are the most effectual means that can be used to reach the seat of disease, cleansing the bowels and system, and assisting nature in her recuperative work. By druggists.

A cigar factory has been established at Bebee, Arkansas.

What Say You, Doctor?

Some physicians are afraid to prescribe anything except what they direct the apothecary to compound. Yet frequently we find those who have found Brown's Iron Bitters such a valuable medicine that they are glad to prescribe it. Among these is Dr. B. F. Smith, of Hat Creek, Va., who says, "I have frequently prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in my practice, and find it a most excellent preparation."

Three silver mines are in operation in Union county, Arkansas.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS is a household work all over the world. For over fifty years it has advertised itself by merit. It is now advertised to warn the public against counterfeits. The genuine article is manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

Some of the farmers of Pope county, Arkansas, have picked a bale of cotton per acre this season.

ADELINA PATTI, the great songstress, says of Solon Palmer's Perfumes, Toilet Soaps and other Toilet articles: "I unhesitatingly pronounce them superior to any I ever used" Principal Depot, 374 and 376 Pearl street, N. Y.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate—A Good Thing

Dr. Adam Miller, Chicago, Ill., says: "I have recommended Horsford's Acid Phosphate to my patients, and have received very favorable reports. It is one of the very few really valuable preparations now offered to the afflicted. In a practice of thirty-five years I have found a few good things, and this is one of them."

The population of Texas is 2,215,700, an increase of 623,964 in four years.

A FINE HAIRDRESSING.

Cocoaine dresses the hair perfectly, and is also a preparation unequalled for the eradication of dandruff.

THE superiority of **Burnett's Flavoring Extracts** consists in their purity and great strength.

Six gin houses have recently been burned in Barbour county, Ala., within three weeks.

CINCINNATI, O., April 14, 1884.—S. B. SMITH & BRO., Covington, Ky.—Esteemed Sirs: I have been troubled with a serious kidney affection, and seeing your advertisement, concluded to try a bottle of your May Flower, though without much hope of being benefited by it, The first bottle worked splendidly, and persevering with it use, I am entirely relieved of my painful illness. Any one can write to me and I will reiterate what is here written.
MRS. E. WITHER,
Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O.

Partridges are unusually abundant in East Tennessee this season.

YOUNG MEN, READ THIS!

THE VOLTAIC BELT Co., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet, free.

A man living in a sky-parlor, cured himself of sciatica, with St. Jacob's Oil. He called the disease the skyatticker.

EXCELSIOR!—If the old saying, "Imitation is the sincerest flattery" is true, certainly Murray & Lanman Florida Water is one of the most highly flattered of modern productions. Every year sees new attempts to foist upon the public worthless concoctions in the shape of so-called Florida Waters, but these seem only to have the effect of showing up in strong relief the sterling worth of the genuine article. To distinguish the genuine article from its imitations look out for the "trade mark," a narrow whit strip label bearing the signature of Lanman & Kemp, New York, sole proprietors.

There are immense tracts of cotton wood along the Mississippi and its tributaries. The cotton wood tree reaches the height of seventy feet, and planks from four to six feet wide are easily cut from it. It is perfectly free from knots and pitch.

ST. JACOBS OIL

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle.
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

THURSDAY NIGHT, November 13. } { SPECIAL THRS'DY Matinee at 3.

The Fashionable Event of the Season!

The Great Union Square Theatre Success!

BY BRONSON HOWARD,

The Banker's Daughter,

As Played Over 1,000 Times With A Carefully Selected Cast.

All the Original Grand Effects.

The scenery carried by this company is a special feature, painted from the original models. The original music, magnificent costumes and a cast especially selected to interpret, in an artistic manner, this the most beautiful of modern plays. Reserved seats at Phillips & Crew's. 9,11,12,13

Two Nights Only and Matinee.

Friday and Saturday November 14 & 15.

First performance in this city by the

MADISON SQUARE THEATRE COMPANY,

Of its latest and greatest success,

MAY BLOSSOM,

THE FISHERMAN'S DAUGHTER.

BY DAVID BELASCO.

Direct from New York, after its brilliant run of six consecutive months, to be produced here with all the original players, all the original scenery, all the original music and all the originals effects. The Fisherman's home. The name in the sands. The children's procession. The burial of the bird. The flying robins. Reserved seats at Phillips & Crew's. 9,11,12,13,14,15

GATE CITY GUARD PRIZE DRILL AND HOP,

At Armory, on Peachtree street, at 7:30 p. m.

Tuesday, 18th Inst.

SPLENDID MILITARY DISPLAY AND FINE music. Prize, a gold medal, a magnificent piece of artistic work, executed and donated by Freeman & Crankshaw, jewelers. Tickets to be had from any member of the company, or at Phillips & Crew's bookstore. Admission for gentleman and ladies, $1.00. tu,th,su&tu

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

PIANO RECITAL

—AT—

ST. PHILIP'S CHAPEL

WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOV. 12, 1884,

—COMMENCING AT—

8 O'Clock - - - - - - Doors Open at 7:30.

PROGRAMME:

PART I.

1. Selection .... Arline's Song
Opera Bohemian Girl .... Balfe
Duo Piano and Organ Prof Luder Von Harmsen and Mr. Samuel Bradley.
2. If I were a Knight of the Olden Time ...... Millard
Tenor Solo, Mr. Bradley.
3. Moonlight Sonata .... Beethoven
Piano Solo, Prof. Harmsen.
4. L'Estasied' Amor .... Badro
Soprano Solo, Miss Emma Trueman.
5. Facilita, Air Varied .... Hartman.
Cornet Solo, Prof. Wm. F. Clark.

PART II.

1. Nocturn 2nd Opus 9 .... Chopin
Duo Piano and Organ, Prof. Harmsen and Mr. Bradley.
2. La Serenade .... Schubert
Soprano Solo, Mrs. B. F. Wyly.
3. "A." Nocturne Opus 15 No. 2 } "B." Polonaise Le 40 No. 1 } .... Chopin
Piano Solo, Prof. Harmsen,
4. Love Shall Guide Thee .... White
Soprano and Contralto Duo, Miss Miriam Armstrong and Mrs. Dr. Armstrong.
5. Les' Hugenots Fantasie .... Thalberg
Piano Solo, Prof. Harmsen.

Tickets on sale at all principal book and jewelry establishments.

Admission - - 50c. Children - - 25c

OPIUM AND WHISKY HABITS CURED.
By B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D.
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Reliable evidence given and reference to cured patients and physicians.
Send for my book on the Habits and their Cure. Free
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A POSITIVE CURE FOR
DRUNKENNESS
DR. HAINES'
GOLDEN SPECIFIC.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effe[illegible] speedy and permanent cure, wheth[illegible] is a moderate drinker or a[illegible] wreck. Thousands of drunk[illegible] made temperate men who ha[illegible] Golden Specific in their coffee [illegible] knowledge, and to-day believe [illegible] king of their own free will. [illegible] effects result from its administration. It purifies and enriches the blood, al[illegible] nervousness, and incites to healthful action all the organs of digestion.
PREPARED BY THE
Golden Specific Co., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.
FOR SALE BY
MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER
Druggists,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

TO MRS. SARAH A. ZACKERY, NON RESIDENT of the state of Georgia, and a resident of the state of Texas.

John P. Harris having applied for probate at the December term, 1884, of the court of ordinary of Newton county, Georgia, of the will of Henry B. Perry, late of said county, and having in said application stated that you are one of the heirs-at-law of said Henry B Perry, and that your residence is in the state of Texas, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the ordinary's office for said Newton county at said December term as said will of Henry B. Perry will then be offered for probat in solemn form, and unless some good cause i shown to the contrary the same will be then admitted to record.
E. F. EDWARDS,
Ordinary Newton County, Ga.
November 3, 1884. wed

THE MARIETTA STREET CARPET STORE

OWING TO "CLEVELAND'S" ELECTION,

Will continue to do business under same firm name as heretofore, selling

CARPETS, LACE CURTAINS, WINDOW POLES SHADES, WALL PAPER AND DECORATIONS, TURCOMAN CURTAINS, ETC., ETC.,

At amazingly low figures. New goods coming in daily.

LATHROP & WHITE.

L.S.L.

CAPITAL PRIZE $150,000

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard,

J. A. Early,

COMMISSIONERS.

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Over Half a Million Distributed.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following Distribution:

175th Grand Monthly

AND THE

EXTRAORDINARY SEMI-ANNUAL DRAWING

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, December 16, 1884.

Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGUARD, of La., and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize, $150,000,

NOTICE—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves Five Dollars. Fifths Two Dollars. Tenths One Dollar.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$150,000	$150,000
1 Grand Prize of	50,000	50,000
1 Grand Prize of	20,000	20,000
2 Large Prizes of	10,000	20,000
4 Large Prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
1,000 "	50	50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Approximation Prizes of	200	$20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500
2,279 Prizes amounting to		$522,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (all sums of $5 and upwards at our expense) addressed

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or M. A. DAUPHIN, 607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

Louisiana State Lottery

For Tickets or further information of the above Lottery, address

Dave C Johnston, Covington, Ky.

Amounts of $5.00 and over, by Express at my expense.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON.—To the Honorable Superior Court of Said County: The petition of Henry W. Grady, S. A. Ryan, C. A. Collier, Walter R. Brown, S. F. Woodson, H. I. Kimball, A. P. Woodward, J. F. Ryan, Jos. J. Eckford, W. T. B. Wilson, D. W. Appler, A. L. Greene, S. H. Phelan, B. B. Crew, W. C. Sparks, R. J. Lowry, John A. Fitten, D. G. Jones, R. B. Bullock, J. F. Lynch, Henry Jackson, J. T. Glenn, Clarence Knowles, Emory Speer and their associates, all citizens of the state of Georgia, respectfully show that they have associated themselves together in an organization to be known as the Atlanta Athletic club.

That the object of their association is to encourage and promote athletic, healthful and innocent sports and exercises; to purchase or lease suitable grounds for the purposes of said organization; to charge and collect entrance fees and gate mouey; make all necessary contracts; to improve the grounds; to erect buildings, and to have such other powers and privileges had and enjoyed by corporations or private enterprises of a like character.

Your petitioners purpose to employ a capital of ten thousand dollars with the privilege of increasing the same, should it be found expedient to do so, to a sum not to exceed fifty thousand dollars, to be paid by subscription and dues from the membership, of which the sum of thirteen hundred and fifty dollars has been actually paid in; that the payment of the sum of five dollars with such monthly dues as the board of directors may prescribe shall entitle such subscriber, as may be acceptable to the Direction of said club, to a membership therein, and that the payment of fifty dollars in like manner shall entitle such subscribers as aforesaid to a life membership in said association.

The government of said club shall consist of a president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, executive committee, and a board of directors composed of twenty members of said club, the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, and board of directors, to be elected annually by the subscribers thereto, at all of which elections each subscriber shall be entitled to one vote and the executive committee to be composed of the president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and five other members to be selected by the board of directors from their number, the deliberations of said executive committee to be presided over by the president of said club.

The principal office of said club is in the city of Atlanta, in said county, and they desire and pray to be incorporated in the terms of the law for the full period of twenty years, and that they may have the authority to enact suitable rules and by-laws for the government and management of said club. That the said president and executive committee shall have power subject to the approval of the board of directors to employ all officers or other parties necessary to carry on the business of said club and to accomplish the purpose for which it is organized.

Your petitioners further pray that they have the right to buy and hold real and personal property, to contract and be contracted with, to sue and be sued, to have and use a common seal, the same to be altered or destroyed at pleasure and that each subscriber and member for the liabilities incurred by the actions, negligence or contracts of said corporation or any of the employees, officers or agents acting in such capacity, shall be liable for the amount subscribed by him, and no further.

Your petitioners further pray that they may be allowed to do all and singular such other acts and exercise such other powers as may be necessary to fully and completely carry out the purposes of their association and such as are incident to similar corporations under the laws of Georgia, and your petitioners, as in duty bound will ever pray

EMORY SPEER,
Attorney for Petitioners.

Filed in office October 29th, 1884
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes.
tue C. H. STRONG, C. S. C,

Manhood Restored.

Victims of youthful imprudence, causing Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess, will learn of a simple remedy, free, by addressing J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham st., N.Y.

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Watch and Jewelry repairing a specialty.

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NEW MILLINERY.

MISS MARY RYAN WOULD BE PLEASED to have the ladies call and examine her stock of Millinery, which embraces all the new styles of goods. An elegant assortment of trimmed and untrimmed hats, "very cheap." Also a general assortment of Bonnets, Birds, Plumes and Tips. Velvets in all shades. Baby Caps, Hair Braids, Wigs, Bangs, etc., etc. Call and see for yourselves.

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CLOTHING.

Ever shown in this market.

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Perfect-Fitting Clothing.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

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DISEASES OF THE BLADDER AND KIDNEYS have always been potent factors in the reaping of Death's harvest. No matter of what nature or how long standing these complaints may be sure and speedy relief is offered in

Smith's Extract of Mayflower.

The many cures effected by this remedy have gained for it a world-wide popularity. None need suffer, save those who refuse to be relieved. If you would know just exactly what is meant by the term BRIGHT'S DISEASE, and how to cure it, send a two cent stamp with your address to

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BOND AND STOCK BROKER,

24 Pryor Street.

WANTED—Central Railroad Stock, Southwestern Railroad stock, Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock Georgia Railroad stock, Savannah 5 per cent bonds. Columbus 5 per cent bonds, Georgia Railroad 6 per cent bonds, Western Railroad of Alabama bonds Central Railroad Debentures. Bank State of Georgia Stock; Merchants Bank stock, Central Railroad joint mortgage bonds, State of Georgia bonds.

FOR SALE.

E. T., V. & Ga. R. R. 1st Mortgage bonds.
Georgia Pacific 1st Mortgage bonds,
Atlanta 7 per cent bonds,
Atlanta 6 per cent bonds.
State R. R. 8 per cent bonds.

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OPEN 8 to 4—EXCHANGE AND BANKING business; deals in stocks and bonds on commission; Accounts of merchants and individuals solicited. Savings Department—Allows interest on deposits at the rate of 4 per cent per annum; collections in the city made free of charge. I have turned my attention to lending money instead of speculating in stocks.
1yr JOHN H. JAMES.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, November 11, 1884.

Money 8@10 per cent.

New York exchange buying at ¼ discount and par selling at ½ premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 6s	103	105	Atlanta 7s, 1899	105	108
Ga. 7s, 1886	101	103	Atlanta 6s (L.D.)	100	103
Ga. 7s gold	109	111	Atlanta 6s (S.D.)	93	101
Ga. 7s, 1896	122	124	Atlanta 5s	85	88
S.C.(Brown)	102	105	Augusta 7s	105	107
Savannah 5s.	93	96	Augusta 6s	100	102
Atl'ta 8s1902	112	116	Macon 6s	102	105
Atl'ta 8s1892	108	110	Columbus 5s	83	85
Atl'ta 7s1904	107	110			

ATLANTA BANK STOCK.

Atlanta Na'l	180	200	B'k State of Ga	100	110
M'ch'ts B'k	100	102	Gate City Nat	100	105

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. R. 6s1897	101	103	M. & Aug. Ind	98	100
Ga. R. 6s1910	103	105	W.R. of Ala, 1st	104	106
Ga. R. 6s1922	105	105	do. 2d	107	109
Cen.R.7s1893	106	109	Ga. Pac. 1nd	80	85
C. C. & A. 1st	101	104	E.T.,V.& Ga. 1st consol'd 5s	50	53
At.&Char.1st	106	108			
A. & C. inc	70	75			

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	145	147	Central debent	86	88
At. & Char	62	6[illegible]	Aug. & Sav	116	118
Southwe'tern	111	114	A. & W. P	91	93
South C'lina	5	10	do. debent	91	93
Central	75	77	C., C. & A	15	18

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The stock market opened irregular, but changes in prices either way were unimportant. After the first call there was an advance of ⅛ to ⅞ per cent. Union Pacific and Vanderbilt being especially strong. Subsequently Grangers and Central Pacific weakened, the latter falling off 2¾; Northwest 1⅛; St. Paul ¾; other active shares were not affected, by this decline. In the afternoon business was more active and there was a general advance in prices, the strength of the market frightened the smaller bears, who began to cover, the short interest is large. Prices advanced sharply late in the day Union Pacific, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, New York Central moving up 1⅜ each; Pacific Mail 1⅝; Western Union 1¼. Towards the close there was a reaction of ⅜ to ½ per cent, and the market left off firm. Compared with last night's closing prices ⅜ to 1½ per cent lower for Canada Southern, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Northwest, St. Paul, Northern Pacific preferred, Reading, Omaha and Texas Pacific and ½ to 1¼ per cent higher for Lackawanna, Denver and Rio Grande, Louisville and Nashville, Lake Shore, Northwest Pacific, Jersey Central, New York Central, Pacific Mail, Union Pacific and Western Union. Sales 233,000 shares

Exchange 479½. Money 1½@1. Sub-treasury balances Coin $126,147,000; currency $9,284,000. Governments firm; 4s 121¾; 3s 101⅜ bid. State bonds quiet.

Ala Class A 2 to 5	79	Mobile & Ohio	6½
do. Class B 5s	98¾	N. & C.	33
Ga. 6s	†100	N. O. Pac firsts	50
Ga. 7s mortgage	103	N. Y. Central	85¾
North Carolinas	†29	Norfolk & W'n pre	23
do. new	†18	Northern Pac	17¾
do. funding	†10	do. preferred	41⅞
S. C. con. Brown	10[illegible]	Pacific Mail	50
Tennessee 6s	†38½	Reading	22½
Virginia 6s	†37	Rich. & Allegheny	2½
Virginia consols	†35	Richmond & Dan	†32
Chesap'ke & Ohio	5	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	13¼
Chicago & N. W	83¾	Rock Island	109½
do. preferred	122¾	St. Paul	73⅜
Den & Rio Grande	9½	do. preferred	104
Erie	12¾	Texas Pacific	9¾
East Tenn. R. R	3⅞	Union Pacific	49⅜
Lake Shore	65⅞	Wab. St. L. & Pac	4⅞
L. & N	24¾	do. preferred	11⅞
Memphis & Char	24	Western Union	58⅜

†Bid ‡Ex-dividend *Offered §Asked

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, November 11, 1884.

New York—Cotton opened steady with the months a shade higher, but a downward tendency prevailed throughout the day that resulted in bringing prices down a few points. Spots, on the other hand, appear firm and prices are advancing; middling 10 1-16c.

Net receipts for three days 125,539 bales, against 121,941 bales last year; exports 111,079 bales; last year 107,204 bales; stock 775,016 bales; last year 852,985 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
November	10.16@10.20	November	10.13@10.14
December	10.13@	December	10.08@10.09
January	10.24@	January	10.18@
February	10.37@	February	10.33@
March	10.50@	March	10.47@
April	10.64@	April	10.61@

Closed steady: sales 101,900 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed steady. Spots—Uplands 5 9-16d; Orleans 5¾d; sales 15,000 bales, of which 11,810 bales were American; receipts 30,000; American 21,800.

Local—Cotton steady. There was a good demand at better prices. Cotton closed at the following prices: Good middling 9⅝c; middling 9 9-16c; strict low middling 9⅜c low middling 9 7-16c; strict good ordinary 9 1-16c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	286
Air-Line Railroad	807
Georgia Railroad	223
Central Railroad	405
Western and Atlantic Railroad	194
West Point Railroad	125
E. Tenn., Va. and Ga. Railroad	229
Georgia Pacific Railroad	142
Total	2,302
Receipts previously	82,296
Total	84,598
Stock September 1	997
Grand total	85,595

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	1,921
Shipments previously	63,925
Local consumption since September 1	2,206
Total	68,052
Stock on hand	17,543

NEW YORK, November 11—The Post's cotton market report says: Future deliveries, at the first call, commenced to sell 5@6-100 higher than yesterday's close. However the advance was rapidly lost, and had entirely disappeared before the call was over. Subsequently there was a further decline of 4-100, but part of the loss was recovered, and at the third call November brought 10.12, December 10.07, January 10.17, May 10.74@10.75. Futures closed steady.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, November 11—Cotton, business large at advancing prices; middling uplands 5 9-16; middling Orleans 5¾; sales 15,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 30,000; American 21,800; uplands low middling clause November delivery 5 39-64; November and December delivery 5 39-64; December and January delivery 5 39-64, 5 41-64; January and February delivery 5 44-64, 5 45-64; February and March delivery 5 47-64, 5 49-64; March and April delivery 5 51-64, 5 52-64; April and May delivery 5 56-64, 5 55-64; May and June delivery 5 59-64; June and July delivery 5 63-64; futures opened at the advance.

LIVERPOOL, November 11—2:00 p. m.—Cotton, middling uplands 5⅝; middling Orleans 5 13-16; sales of American 11,800 bales; uplands low middling clause November delivery 5 40-64, buyers; November and December delivery 5 40-64, buyers; December and January delivery 5 42-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 45-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 49-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 53-64, sellers; April and May delivery 5 56-64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 60-64, sell; June and July delivery 6, sellers; futures firm. Cloth steady and in fair demand. Yarns firm with sellers asking an advance.

LIVERPOOL, November 11—5:00 p. m—Uplands low middling clause November delivery 5 38-64, buyers; November and December delivery 5 38-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5 40-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 44-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 46-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 51-64, sellers; April and May delivery 5 54-64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 58-64, buyers; June and July delivery 5 62-64, buyers; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, November 11—Cotton quiet; sales 244 bales; middling uplands 10 1-16; middling Orleans 10 5-16; net receipts none; gross 6,496; consolidated net receipts 44,715; exports to Great Britain 28,283; to France 3,775; to continent 4,117.

GALVESTON, November 11—Cotton firm; middling 9 11-16; net receipts 2,157 bales; gross 3,217; sales 1,867; stock 79,842; exports to continent 1,355.

NORFOLK, November 11—Cotton firm; middling 9¾; net receipts 4,375 bales; gross 4,375; stock 51,609; sales 3,130; exports coastwise 980.

WILMINGTON, November 11—Cotton firm; middling 9¾; net receipts 1,305 bales; gross 1,305; sales none; stock 23,378.

SAVANNAH, November 11—Cotton firm; middling 9¾; net receipts 8,299 bales; gross 8,299; sales 2,600; stock 123,909; exports to France 3,775; coastwise 1,762.

NEW ORLEANS, November 11—Cotton quieter; middling 9 11-16; net receipts 18,600 bales; gross 20,148; sales 7,000; stock 248,874; exports to Great Britain 7,400.

MOBILE, November 11—Cotton active and firm; middling 9 9-16; net receipts 2,582 bales; gross 2,790; sales 1,200; stock 15,340; exports coastwise 1,482.

MEMPHIS, November 11—Cotton firm; middling 9 9-16; net receipts 3,250 bales; shipments 2,459; sales 4,000; stock 57,306; sales to spinners —.

AUGUSTA, November 11—Cotton firm; middling 9½; net receipts 1,415 bales; shipments —; sales 1,349

CHARLESTON, November 11—Cotton quiet; middling 9 13-16; net receipts 3,506 bales; gross 3,505; sales 1,500; stock 89,752; exports to Great Britain 2,100.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movements in Grain and Produce.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, November 11—A moderate business was transacted in wheat to-day, but the market was unsettled. Foreign advices continue unfavorable, receipts continue large and the visible supply report posted to-day showed an increase of 2,300,000 bushels. The market opened weak under these influences, and after slight fluctuations declined to a point ⅜c under the figures of yesterday afternoon, then rallied ¾c under a good speculative demand, largely from short interest. At the advance offerings were quite large, and prices subsequently receded ⅞c, fluctuated and closed on the regular board ⅛c under yesterday. On the afternoon board the market ruled easy and closed a shade lower at 71⅝c for November, 72⅝c for December and 73⅛@73⅜c for January.

There was only a moderate business in corn, and the feeling was one of great nervousness. At the opening there was a very irregular market and prices varied widely with sales made at higher figures, but quickly broke off 1½c for November and ⅜c for all the year, then rallied ¾ for November, but later again became weak, and closed on the regular board ⅞c lower for November and ⅛c lower for all the year than yesterday. On the afternoon board the market again declined ⅛c.

Oats ruled strong and steady at 25¾c for November and 26c for December.

Pork was only moderately active, and the interest was centered in contracts for January delivery. Prices ruled irregular and declined 15@20c, closing tame at $11.30 for all the year, $11.35 for January and $11.45 for February.

Lard ruled a shade easier with a fair demand, closing at $6.95 for November and $6.82½ for December.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, November 11, 1884.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

WHEAT.	Opening	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing
December	73¼	73½	72⅞	72⅝
January	74	74⅜	73⅞	73⅞
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
November	6 95	6 95	6 95	6 95

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, November 11—There is an active demand for seed grains, especially for wheat, oats, rye and barley. Flour—Patent process $6.00@$6.25; extra fancy $5.00; fancy $4.75; extra family $4.50; family $4.25. Wheat—Tennessee No. 2 85@90c; Georgia wheat sold by sample; Pennsylvania golden chaff seed $1 25. Corn—There is a decided decline in the market and still lower prices are predicted; we quote white milling, car lots bulk, 60c; do. sacked 63c; dray lots 70c; mixed, car lots bulk, 58c; do. sacked 61c; dray lots 67½c. Corn Meal—80c; small lots 85c. Stock Feed—$1.35 ℔ 100 lbs. Oats—Car lots bulk 38c; do. sacked 40c; dray lots 45c; choice Texas red rust proof seed, 55c. Rye, seed—small lots $1.20. Barley—Seed $1.20. Hay—Fancy, car lots, 95c; ℔ 100 $1 10; choice, car loads 90c; ℔ $1.06; prime car loads, 85c; ℔ 100 95c; clover, car lots 80c; ℔ 100 85c. Wheat Bran—Car lots 93c; small $1.00@$1.05. Grits—$4.65 ℔ bbl.

BALTIMORE, November 11—Flour steady and quiet; Howard street and western superfine $2.25@$2.65; extra $2.75@$3.37; family $3.50@$4.50. City mills superfine $2.25@$3.75; extra $3.00@$3.75; Rio brands $4.62@$4.75. Wheat, southern steady and quiet; western irregular and higher; southern red 83@85; amber 90@93; No. 1 Maryland 87½ bid; No. 2 western winter red spot 79½@80⅛. Corn, southern about steady with fair inquiry; western easier but more active; southern white and yellow 53@54½.

CHICAGO, November 11—Flour dull and weak; winter wheat $3.75@$4.50; Michigan winter $3.50@$4.10; spring wheat $3.50@$4.00; lower grades $2.00@$3.00. Wheat unsettled; closed ⅛c under yesterday; November 7⅛. Corn unsettled and very irregular; closed ⅜@1½c under yesterday; cash 42⅜@43; November 42⅛@44⅛. Oats strong and steady; cash and November 25¾.

NEW YORK, November 11—Flour, southern steady; common to fair extra $3.20@$4.30; good to choice extra $4.25@$5.70. Wheat, spot a shade stronger; ungraded red 67@84; No. 2 red November 79⅛@81⅞. Corn spot ⅛@¼c better. Oats, a shade lower; No. 2 32¼. Hops unchanged; choice grades 30@32.

ST. LOUIS, November 11—Flour unchanged; family $2.70@$2.90; choice $3.25@$4.00; fancy $3.20@$4.25. Wheat a fraction lower than yesterday; No. 2 red fall 73½@74 cash; 74¾ November. Corn, cash and November higher; 39 cash; 38¼@39 November. Oats slow; 26⅝ cash and November.

CINCINNATI, November 11—Flour easier; family $3.20@$3.65 fancy $3.80@4.10. Wheat dull; No. 2 red winter 77@78 Corn stronger; No. 2 mixed 46. Oats firmer; No. 2 mixed 28

LOUISVILLE, November 12—Wheat steady longberry 78; No. 2 red 75. Corn, No. 2 white 49@50; mixed 45. Oats, No. 2 white 29½; mixed 28¼.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, November 11—Coffee—Rio 9¼@12¼; old government Java 25c. Sugar—Standard A 6¼c; granulated 6⅝c; white extra C 6¼c; New Orleans sugars, white 6⅛@6¾c; yellow clarified 6¼@6½; Molasses—Black strap in bbls 22c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 50c; prime 45c; fair 35@40c; common 30c. Teas—Black 40@60c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 80c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 12c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 80c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milk 7½c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 6½c; X soda 5½c; XXX do. 6c. Candy—Assorted stick 9½c. Mackerel—No. 3 kits, L. W., 50c; do. ½ bbls, 80 lbs $2.75@$3.00; do. ¼ bbls, 100 lbs $3.50. Soap $2.50@$7.00 ℔ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 15c. Matches—Round wood 150 to 200 ℔ box $3.00; 300 $4.00. Soda, in kegs, 4½c; in boxes 5½c. Rice 6@7c.

NEW YORK, November 11—Coffee, spot fair Rio dull at 9¾@9¾; No. 7 Rio spot 8.10; November 7.95@8.00. Sugar dull and nominally unchanged; fair to good refining 5 1-16@5 3-16; refined weak; C 4¾@4⅞; extra C 5@5⅛. white extra C 5⅜; yellow 4½; off A 5⅜@5⅝. mould A 6⅛@6¼; standard A 5⅞@5 15-16; cut loaf and crushed 6¾@6⅞; confectioners A 6⅛ powdered 6⅝@6⅞ granulated 6 3-16; cubes 6⅝@6¾. Molasses unchanged; 50-test 18. Rice steady; domestic 4@6; Patna 4⅞@5½; rangoon 4¼@4⅞.

CINCINNATI, November 11—Sugar steady; hards refined 6⅛@7½; New Orleans 5@6.

CHICAGO, November 11—Sugar firm; standard A 6@6⅛; cut loaf 7@7¾c; granulated 6⅜.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, November 11—Pork dull at $13.00@$13.50. Bulk meats dull; long clear 6⅞; short rib 7⅛@7⅜; short clear 7⅜@7⅜. Bacon quiet; long clear 8⅛@8¼; short rib 8⅝@8¾; short clear 8⅞@9⅛; hams 11½@13. Lard quiet at 7½.

LOUISVILLE, November 11—Provisions dull. Mess pork nominal Bulk meats, shoulders 6⅛; clear r[illegible] 9⅝; clear sides 10 Bacon shoulders 7@7½; clear ribs 10⅝; clear sides 11⅛; hams, sugar-cured 12@13 Lard, prime leaf 9.

CHICAGO, November 11—Pork declined 15@20c and closed tame; cash $12.75@$13.00. Lard irregular and a shade lower; cash 7.07½; November 6.92½@7.00. Bulk meats easier: shoulders 5.00@5.25; short ribs 6½@7¾; short clear 7.10@7.15.

NEW YORK, November 11—Pork dull and nominally lower; new mess spot $15.50. Middles nominal; long clear 8¾. Lard 2@4 points lower; western steam spot 7.50@7.55; November 7.39@7.43.

CINCINNATI, November 11—Pork quiet; mess $13.75. Lard firmer; prime steam 7.15. Bulk meats active but lower. Bacon unchanged; shoulders 6¾; short ribs 9; short clear 9¾.

ATLANTA, November 11—Clear rib sides steady at 8¾c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 15c. Lard—Tierces. refined 8¾c: tubs 9¼c.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, November 11—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@2.00; rum rectified $1.25@1.75; New England $1.75@2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, November 11—Whisky firm at $1.11.

CHICAGO, November 11—Whisky steady at $1.13.

ST. LOUIS, November 11—Whisky steady at $1.12.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, November 11—There is some demand for dried fruit. Apples—$2.50@$3.00. Lemons—Messina $6.00 ℔ box; Palermo $5.25. Oranges—$2.50 ℔ box. Cocoanuts—4@4½c. Pineapples—None. Bananas—$1.25@$2.50 ℔ bunch. Figs—18@20c. Raisins—℔ box $2.75: new London $3.25; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—60c ℔ gal; $14.00 ℔ bbl. California Pears—$5.00 ℔ box. Citron—20c. Almonds—18. Pecans—11. Brazils—8. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Apples and rough dried peaches 3c; pealed peaches 4@7c. Peanuts—Firm; Tennessee 7@7½c, North Carolina 6¼c; Virginia 10c; roasted 1½c ℔ lb extra. Cider—Apple, barrels $7.50; ½ barrels $4.00; crab, barrels $8.50; ½ barrels $4.50.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, November 11—Turpentine firm at 28¾; rosin steady; strained 90; good strained 95; tar firm at $1.40; crude turpentine steady; hards $1.00; yellow dip and virgin $1.60.

SAVANNAH, November 11—Turpentine firm at 28¾; sales 150 barrels; rosin very firm at $1.00@$1.05; sales 100 barrels.

CHARLESTON, November 11—Turpentine firm at 27¾ bid; rosin quiet; strained and good strained $1.00.

NEW YORK, November 11—Rosin steady at $1.25@$1.30; turpentine steady at 31¼.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, November 11—Eggs—22c. Butter—Jersey 30@33c; strictly choice Tennessee 27½c: choice 23@25c; fair 16@20c; cooking 10@12c. Poultry—Young chickens, large size 25@25c; other sizes range from 15@20c owing to size; hens 28@30; cocks 20; ducks 20c; turkeys 75c@$1.25. Irish Potatoes—Choice Tennessee $2.00@$2.25; small $1.50@$1.75 ℔ bbl. Sweet Potatoes—Market supplied entirely by county wagons. Honey—Strained 9@12½c; in the comb 18@15c. Onions—$2.00@$2.25 ℔ bbl; choice eastern $2.25@$2.50. Cabbage—1½c. Cheese—Skims 11.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, November 11—Market reasonably active. We quote: Horseshoes $4.50; mule shoes $5.50; horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $4.00. Trace-chains 40@70. Ames' shovels $10.00. Spades $10.50@$13.00. Axes $7.00@10.00 ℔ doz. Cotton cards $4.00. Well-buckets $4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3 rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails $2.75. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ℔ lb 7c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle $4.00; blasting $2.70. Bar-lead 7c; shot $2.00.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, November 11—Leather—Jobbers report a very satisfactory trade. G. D. 24@25; P. D. 21@24c; best 25@28c, whiteoak sole 40c; harness leather 30@38c; black upper 35@40c.

ATLANTA, November 11—Bagging—1¾ lbs 10@10½c; 1¾ lbs 10½@10¾c. Iron ties—Arrow $1.40@$1.45 ℔ bundle.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, November 11—There is a good demand for horses with supply moderate; mules dull; good combination horses $1.50@$2.50; good plug $1.15@$1.35; driving horses $1.50@$1.75. The supply of horses is in excess of demand.

CINCINNATI, November 11—Hogs steady; common and light $3.65@$4.75; packing and butchers $4.40@$4.75.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

ALL CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF JOSEPH L. Dunham, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. J. RUSSELL HODGE,
Oct. 14, 1884. wed Executor.

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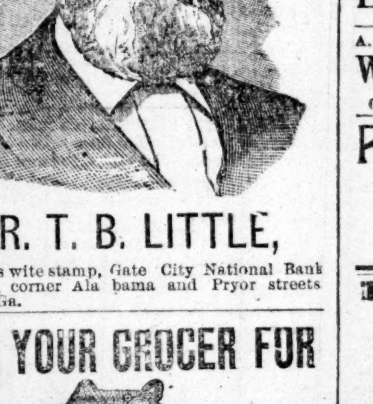

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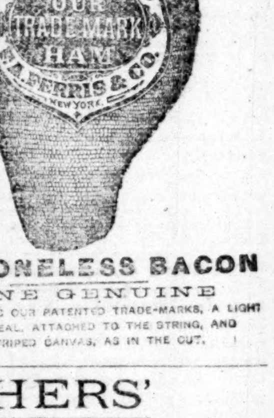

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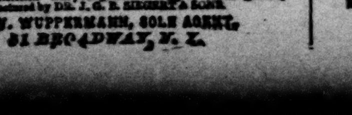

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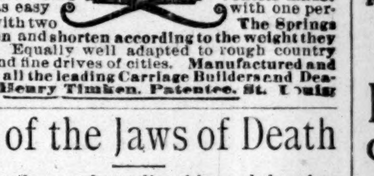

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Out of the Jaws of Death

The gentleman who outlines his case below is a man considerably advanced in life, and is noted for his sterling integrity. His postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. The following is

Mr. John Pearson's Statement.

In the spring of 1882 I was attacked with a very bad cough, which continued to grow worse until fall, when I got so weak that I could not get about. I tried a great many kinds of medicine, but continued to grow worse. I was notified that I had consumption, and would probably die. Dr. Holloway finally told me to try Brewer's Lung Restorer. They sent to Ward's store and got a bottle, and I commenced taking it right away. After taking two or three doses I began to improve, and by the time I had used up one bottle I was able to get on my feet again. I am now in excellent health. I am confident that the Lung Restorer saved my life, and my neighbors are of the same opinion. It is the best Lung Remedy ever made, in my opinion. Dr. H. promised me that he would write to the manufacturers and tell them of the wonderful cure it made in my case.

Statement of Mr. Benj. F. Hearndon.

Early in November, 1881, while sewing on the machine, my wife was taken with a severe pain in her side, which was soon followed by hemorrhages from her lungs and a severe cough. Fever commenced: she could neither eat or sleep, and in a few weeks she was reduced to a living skeleton. The attending physician told me that he thought one of her lungs was entirely gone. She could not retain the most delicate nourishment on her stomach. I then agreed with Dr. Sullivan, my family physician, to call Dr. Holloway in consultation. They made a final examination of the patient and pronounced the case hopeless. Dr. Holloway then suggested the Brewer's Lung Restorer as a last resort. I sent for a bottle and gave her a dose. I found that she could retain it on her stomach, and after about the third dose I began to notice some improvement in her condition. I continued the medicine regularly, and by the time she had taken two bottles she was able to walk about the house. She is now in better health than she has enjoyed for several years. I believe the Lung Restorer saved her life. We have a family of six children, and some of them grown.

Mr. Hearndon's postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. He is a thoroughly reliable man in every particular.

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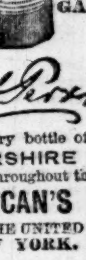

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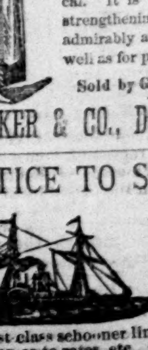
SILICATE PAINT CO.'S
Productions.



GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure* Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has three *times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar and is therefore far more economical. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

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Warranted First-class

GRATE COAL.

BB BRANCH COAL AND COKE COMPANY

—HAS—

PENED A COAL YARD

—TO—

Sell their own Coal

DIRECT FROM THE MINES.

NO MIDDLEMEN!

You buy Direct from the Mines and

AT FIRST COST!

Yards at Simpson Street Crossin,"and Jones ...enue, on Georgia Pacific Railroad or leave ...ur orders at the office of the Company, at Atlanta.

No. 12 LOYD STREET.

DAN J. IRBY, or PAT LYNCH, Managers for Company, Atlanta, Ga.

nov5—dim

FRAUD: CAUTION!!

Many Hotels and Restaurants refill the Lea & Perrins' bottles with a spurious mixture and serve it as the GENUINE Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce.

THE GREAT SAUCE OF THE WORLD.

LEA & PERRINS'

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851. "Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

SOUPS, GRAVIES, FISH, HOT & COLD MEATS, GAME, &c.

Lea & Perrins

Signature is on every bottle of GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE. Sold and used throughout the world.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES, NEW YORK.

O. A. SMITH

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office, 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga.

—ALSO.—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR.

Manufacturer of Roofing and Paving Materials, Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts.

PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc.

No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

The "SOLAR TIP" is the best SHOE for boys & girls. So popular that MANY IMITATIONS ARE MADE

New names are springing up every day, such as Sole Leather Tip, etc., and many who think they are getting the genuine "SOLAR TIP," get only an IMITATION

See that our Trade Mark is on the sole of each pair and that our name is printed in full on it.

John Mundell & Co.

A. P. TRIPOD,

13 Broad street,

ARTISTS' AND PAINTERS' Materials,

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Window and Looking GLASS,

All kinds of

LUBRICATING OILS,

Portland Cement, Plaster, etc.

AGENT

Averill Mixed Paints,

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Marshal Loyd and his deputy, Mr. Joyner, have had very little to do since last sale day.

The city engineer will not move his office to the new building.

Concert and piano recital to-night at St. Philip's Chapel. Best vocal talent, and Professor Ludwig Harmson, late of Minneapolis, Minn.

HE IS STILL ALIVE.

Mr. J. L. Griffin Somewhat Better, But His Recovery Not Yet Assured.

Mr. J. L. Griffin, the Whitehall street saloonist, who was knocked on the head by a foot-pad Saturday morning last, was somewhat better yesterday, but his condition is extremly criticale yet. Early yesterday, while Dr. Roach was at Mr. Griffins bedside, he opened his eyes and looking at the doctor recognized and called him by name. This was the first indication of rationality Mr. Griffin has manifested since he was struck, and its duration was quite short, for immediately after pronouncing Dr. Roach's name. Mr. Griffin

BECAME AGAIN IRRATIONAL.

Dr. Roach remained with him quite awhile during the morning and called again in the afternoon, but found his patient no better. He lies stretched out upon his bed with his eyes closed the greater part of the time, and the only sign of life is his heavy breathing which is by no means regular.

Acting Captain Moon, who has been working the case, yesterday obtained a clue which he thinks will eventually lead to the arrest of the highway robber, but as yet he has done but little in following the clue up. The number of the watch which was taken from Mr. Griffin and an accurate description of it was yesterday obtained from the jeweler who sold Mr. Griffin the watch. Persons who reside near the place where the assault was made yesterday stated that for several weeks past

TWO MEN HAVE BEEN SEEN EVERY NIGHT

standing one on either side of the street just where the assault occurred. The same source of information asserts that the men usually appeared about midnight and disappeared about one or half-past one o'clock, and that they have not been seen in that locality since the assault. A gentleman who boards at Mr. Magbee's, on Whitehall, says that he heard a scuffle on the pavement in front of his window about the time the attack was made upon Mr. Griffin, and when he looked out he saw

SOME ONE LYING ON THE SIDEWALK,

but thinking it was some one who had taken on too much Cleveland liquor, pulled down his window and went to bed. It is now believed that Mr. Griffin was assaulted by the two men who have been seen in that locality and that they had been contemplating the deed for some time before committing it. Mr. Griffin is a large, stout man and unless surprised or assaulted from behind would not prove an easy victim to one man. The detectives are working hard to uncover the criminal.

THROWN FROM A BUGGY.

Mr. Hoyle, an Atlanta Commercial Tourist, Seriously Injured—How it Happened.

Mr. Hoyle, a commercial traveler, who handles cigars and tobaccos for A.F. Fleming, of this city, is lying at his sister's home, on Decatur street, in a critical condition produced by injuries received yesterday morning. Mr. Hoyle left Stone Mountain yesterday in a buggy for a small town several miles off the railroad, where he has some customers. The buggy was drawn by a spirited horse, and was driven by a young man sent out with Mr. Hoyle by the livery stable. The trip to the village was made without incident, but as they were returning to the Mountain the horse ran away and threw Mr. Hoyle and the driver out. The horse was going at full speed when the men were thrown out and both were knocked insensible. The boy, however, soon recovered, but Mr. Hoyle lay unconscious for nearly four hours. In the mean time a messenger was dispatched to Stone Mountain for medical aid and a conveyance. Both arrived as quickly as possible and the physician began trying to revive Mr. Hoyle, and after a hard effort succeeded. Mr. Hoyle's injuries were examined and it were ascertained that the back of his head on the right side and his neck had been severely hurt, while internal injuries had been sustained. Mr. Hoyle was then placed in a carriage and driven to Stone Mountain. During the trip he suffered greatly. His mind became clear before he reached the depot and although fully advised as to the nature of his injuries and the danger the trip would occasion he decided to come to Atlanta. Other Atlanta drummers were at Stone Mountain, and into their hands Mr. Hoyle resigned himself. They made him as easy as possible on the train, and last night he reached the city and was taken to his sister's residence, on Decatur street. At a late hour last night Mr. Hoyle was resting easy, but was in quite a critical condition.

ENTERED WHILE DESERTED.

And Robbed of About Sixty Dollars and a Watch.

Mr. Frank W. Thomas's residence on Luckie street, near Hunnicut street, was burglarized yesterday during the absence of the family. Mr. Thomas has been living in Atlanta only about three months, and being a traveling man is away from home a good deal. Yesterday he left Chattanooga for Atlanta, and before reaching the city telegraphed his wife that he would arrive at one o'clock. Mrs. Thomas received the telegram early in the morning, and when one o'clock was near at hand she locked her home securely and went to the union passenger depot to meet her husband. When Mr. Thomas left the train he was hungry, and rather than wait unt l dinner could be prepared at home, he and his wife dined at the carshed restaurant. This made Mrs. Thomas's absence from home quite lengthy, and when she and her husband entered their house, they were surprised at the disorder which prevailed. A rear window of the house was up and this was a satisfactory explanation. An investigation then disclosed the fact that a purse containing between fifty and sixty dollars in money, together with a small silver watch were gone. The purse was in a trunk which Mrs. Thomas locked before leaving home, but the burglar made short work of the lock. Every bureau drawer, trunk and box in the house had been searched by the burglar, but nothing except the the money and watch, have been missed.

CHARGDD WITH CONSPIRACY.

Two Cherokee County Citizens Charged with an Offense Against the Laws.

An interesting trial will come up before United States Commissioner W. C. Smith at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Two Cherokee county citizens will be tried on a charge of conspiracy. It appears that night before last there were two men at the house of Milton Davis, and that several men approached the house to arrest them. A man named Mack Johnson, who knew of the approach, went ahead and warned the two men who took to the woods. It is charged that the men who went to the house went there to assault the men who escaped to the woods, on the ground that they had reported illicit distilleries in the neighborhood. The men reply to the charge by saying that they had state warrants for the men who escaped and were after them on that account and not to mistreat them for reporting stills. The charge is a conspiracy to injure and kill. The trial will excite much interest.

RELEASED FROM JAIL.

McAllister, the Marietta Street Barroom Man, Again Breathes in the Open Air.

McAllister, who once ran a barroom in the western end of Marietta street, was yesterday morning released from Jail. McAllister has been in jail many months, and he is now ripe for the freedom which he yesterday obtained. Something over a year ago McAllister shot at O'Shields, a bailiff, and when his trial came in the superior court he was found guilty of the charge preferred and sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of years. The sentence was pronounced by Judge Hammond, and at the time created quite a sensation. McAllister's attorneys carried the case to the supreme court and McAllister was committed to jail, where he remained until yesterday, when he was released upon bond. His bondsmen are Gip Stewart and John Keely.

GONE TO COURT.

A NUMBER OF SUITS FILED IN THE COURT YESTERDAY.

The People Who Were Injured in the Gas Explosion On Decatur Street Enter Suit Against the Gate City Gas Light Company for Damages—Suits Against Other Parties, Etc.

Yesterday was return day for the city court and a large number of important suits were filed. Some of the most important ones are referred to below.

THAT GAS EXPLOSION.

Suits aggregating nearly fifty thousand dollars were filed against the new Gate City gas light company. All the suits are on account of the explosion at Barry's store, the horrible details of which were fully touched on at the time of the distressing accident. Julia A. Grace sues for $5,000; C. M. Barry sues for $20,000; John A. Barry asks for $2,500; Harrill Johnson sues for $5,000; William Madison sues for $5,000; and Mary Barry sues for $10,000.

SUITS AGAINST THE CITY.

Several damage suits against the city were filed. Georgiana W. Brewster sues for $1,000 damages, which she alleges occurred by reason of the cutting down of certain property belonging to her. Susan W. Pledger sues for $5,000 on a similar account, Joseph F. Gatins for $2,000 damages on account of the obstruction of a natural drain on his property, and $2,000 on account of the changing of the grade of Gilmer street.

SUEING THE S. S. S. COMPANY.

Mrs Louise Stewart sues the Swift Specific company for ten thousand dollars. This is a very peculiar case, An advertisement appeared in THE CONSTITUTION and other papers some months ago giving an account of a case of hydrophobia from which Mrs. Stewart was said to have suffered. It was stated that the disease was the result of a cat bite. It was stated that the lady acted very strangely, that she would get down on the floor and purr and mew like a cat and do other absurd and ridiculous things. S. S. S. finally cured Mrs. Stewart, so the advertisement stated. Mrs. Stewart did not like the publication and raised a big disturbance at the time. She has employed Hopkins & Glenn, Hoke & Burton Smith and Reuben Arnold to prosecute her case.

MINOR SUITS.

Henry H. Bentley sues the Richmond and Danville railroad for $17,000 for damages sustained by being struck by an engine and seriously hurt at the crossing where Decatur street crosses the Air-Line road.

Paine, Rowland & Co. sue S. H. Phelan for $10,000 damages for sueing out on injunction and filing a creditor's bill against them.

The Campbell printing press company sues the Evening Journal for $995.75 expenses on a press that was shipped to the Journal, and which the paper refused to take.

OLD TIME POLITICS.

The Days When Clay and Polk Locked Horns in Tennessee—A Close Vote.

Major Campbell Wallace always has a rich fund of memories. The close contest in New York recalled to his mind a very close race in Tennessee years ago, and he related the facts to several gentlemen who were discussing the situation yesterday. He said:

"It was when Clay ran against Polk. Those of you who were old enough to know the facts remember how bitter a contest grew up when Crawford, of Georgia, Jackson, of Tennessee, Adams, of Massachusetts, and Clay, of Kentucky, were candidates. No one had a majority and the election was thrown into the house. There a combination was made by Adams and Clay. It was called then a bargain and sale, but they would call it a combination now. Adams was made president and Clay was made secretary of state. Tennessee had put Jackson forward and she was roaring mad. Jackson after that went in for two terms. Then Clay and Polk were pitted against each other, Clay from Kentucky and Polk from Tennessee. The excitement was at fever heat. I never saw anything like it. Clay was a whig and Polk was a democrat. The campaign fairly boiled. At last election day came, and Clay carried the State of Tennessee by 113 votes. That was a close shave—closer than New York was the other day. The vote was against the Tennessee man, and no one knew but what the vote of the state would be necessary to an election, and yet there was not the slightest 'kick.'

"They all gave it up, admitted that they were defeated and declared themselves ready to strike hands and be friends again. They did not wrangle as the republicans are now wrangling over New York."

A BRILLIANT OCCASION.

The House Warming at the Priest's House Last Night—To-night's Programme.

Last night the handsome new "priest's house" of the church of the Immaculate Conception was thrown open to a house warming, and a most enjoyable entertainment occurred. A large number of guests were present, and the evening was delightfully spent. A pleasant programme of music and recitations was rendered, Father Kirsch and Father Hennessy were present as hosts and did much to make the occasion a pleasant one. The house warming will be repeated to-night, with the following programme of music and recitations:

Piano Solo....Miss M. Bloomfield.
Recitation....Mr. J. J. Haverty.
Vocal Solo....Miss L. DeGive.
Recitation....Mr. Jos. Biesenthal.
Vocal Solo....Miss Grace M'Cann.
Vocal Duett....Misses M. Savage, C. Vickers.

CHORUS—CHARITY.

Mrs. Belle Dykeman, Miss Ora Prather, Miss Alice Craig, Miss Hannah Shehane, Miss Maggie Savage.
Recitation....Mr. Thos. Smillie.
Vocal Solo....Mr. Stanley.
Vocal Trio....Misses Grace M'Cann, Kate Connolly, Kate Lynam.
Vocal Solo....Miss Ora Prather.
Instrumental Solo....Prof. Schneider.
Vocal Trio....Misses Ida, Fannie and Lizzie Johnston.

The piano used upon the occasion, Knabe, was kindly furnished by Mr. Crew.

SHOT IN THE BREAST.

A Nearly Fatal Accident at West View Cemetery Yesterday Afternoon.

Yesterday afternoon about five o'clock a man named John Jones was walking along the Green's Ferry road about three miles from the city. He was seen with a pistol in his hands. There was a report. Jones threw the pistol away and fell to the ground. Some negroes who saw the man fall, went to his side, and an examination found that he had a severe though not necessarily fatal wound in the chest. The man was carried to his home about two miles away, where he was attended by a physician. It was found that the ball had glanced and had not reached a vital part. Jones is a farmer, who lives near the West View cemetery, and was engaged at work at the cemetery at the time of the shooting. The man states that the shooting was accidental, and that he had no idea of taking his own life.

FINED FIFTY AND COST.

Ches Bryant, the Negro Who Ran Over the Child, Goes to the Rock Pile.

Ches Bryant, the negro dray driver, whose reckless driving Saturday night on Frazier street resulted in fatal injuries to Mr. Crawford's three-year-old child, was yesterday arraigned in police court. Bryant was charged with reckless and disorderly driving and Recorder Anderson heard fully a dozen witnesses before he began delivering his opinion which was to the effect that Bryant was guilty and ought to be punished. The recorder imposed a fine of $50 and cost, but Bryant was unable to whack up and was taken to the rock pile where he will crack rock for one hundred and one and a half days unless paid out.

The child who was run over by Bryant is still in a critical condition. Its leg was badly crushed and the little one suffers terribly. The chances for its recovery are very few.

STILSON. Jeweler.

Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing and Bottom Prices

53 WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA GA.

CLOSING OUT SALE.

Our Entire Stock Must be Sold by Jan. the 1st.

To accomplish the above we have converted our

ENTIRE STORE INTO A BARGAIN STORE.

We will not regard COST OR VALUE, but sell the stock. Our very low prices will assure our patrons that this is not an attempt to run off a lot of goods, but a square and honest

CLOSING OUT SALE!

Goods which we have been selling cheaper than other houses we will sell still cheaper. We invite all the ladies to call and take advantage of this sale. It is true that we have been receiving new goods for two months, and new goods are still coming in. Nevertheless we are going to give up business at the time above stated.

THE GA. SUIT CO., 39 WHITEHALL STREET.

THE STATE'S VOTE.

How the Governor's Vote Stands—The Districts That Have Reported So Far.

There are four counties that have not yet sent up their returns to the secretary of state, and the exact vote of the late election is not known except for governor and state-house officers. Governor McDaniel received 119,634 votes; Colonel Barnett received 118,698 votes for secretary of state; Mr. Hardeman received 117,972 votes for treasurer; Mr. Wright received 119,144 votes for comptroller-general, and Colonel Anderson received 118,490 votes for attorney-general. Bryan county in the first district, Talbot and Taylor in the fourth, and Walton in the fifth, have not sent in the returns, so that those districts have not been closed up. For that reason the presidential vote has not been footed up. In the congressional districts, already reported, the vote was as follows:

SECOND DISTRICT.	
Turner	7,828
THIRD DISTRICT.	
Crisp	9,963
Bell	4,268
W. H. Reese	93
SIXTH DISTRICT.	
James H. Blount	7,922
SEVENTH DISTRICT.	
J. C. Clements	10,496
R. J. Kirkwood	3,417
EIGHTH DISTRICT.	
Seaborn Reese	7,834
Herman Martin	3,250
NINTH DISTRICT.	
A. D. Candler	8,829
Scattering	48
TENTH DISTRICT.	
George T. Barnes	9,165
R. R. Wright	1,277
P. H. Craig	161
Scattering	26

As soon as the counties not reported are heard from the full presidential vote and the districts not given here can be given.

PREPARING FOR THE PREACHERS.

The Coming Session of the North Georgia Conference.

On Wednesday, the 26th of the present month, the North Georgia conference will convene in Atlanta. Its session will be held in the First Methodist church, and will continue, probably, until Tuesday of the week following the meeting. While the sessions of the North Georgia conference are always largely attended and interesting, the approaching meeting will be more than usually so. There will be over two hundred delegates, clerical and lay. Many of the preachers will be accompanied by their wives and members of their families. A special invitation has been extended to the families of the preachers by the Methodist churches of Atlanta. Arrangements are now being made by the committees of the various Methodist churches in the city to entertain the preachers and their families. The First Methodist and Trinity churches will make room for nearly two hundred each, while the other churches will do their full duty. A great time is anticipated by the many Methodists in Atlanta. The statistics to be presented during the conference will show a great increase in the membership of the churches in the North Georgia conference for the past year.

Concert and Piano Recital

Wednesday evening, November 12, at St. Philip's chapel. Best vocal talent of the city, and Professor Lud von Harmsen, late of Minneapolis. See programme in amusement column. Admission 50 cents, children 25 cents.

Removed to the United States Court.

Mr. J. C. Dunlap returned from Athens yester day where he had been attending Clarke superior court, awaiting a trial of his case against the Northeastern railroad company.

Mr. Dunlap was the engineer in charge of the excursion train which was wrecked about two years ago near Clarksville, the engine having left the track and turned over on Mr. Dunlap, many of the passengers having been injured in the accident. He was very severely injured, and is still scarcely able to walk. He claims damages from the road to the extent of $20,000.

The trial of the case was anticipated with more than ordinary interest in Athens, but to the surprise of nearly every one it was removed by the counsel for Mr. Dunlap to the United States court.

Mr. Dunlap stated to a reporter that he intended to try the case in Clarke, but that he found it would be postponed on account of the absence of Dr. Carlton, and then, under advice of his counsel, he determined to remove it to the United States court, as many of his witnesses resided in Atlanta where the United States court sits.

The case was removed upon the ground that Mr. Dunlap is a resident of Arkansas. His case is in the hands of Messrs. Hoke and Burton Smith, and the trial will probably occur next April.

A Bonanza the Politicians Lost Sight of.

While politicians everywhere were quarrelling on Tuesday, October 14th, 1884, the 173d Grand Monthly Drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery came off. M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., (to whom all inquiries should be addressed). Ticket No. 78,455 drew the first capital prize of $75,000, and it was sold in whole ticket to a well-known business man of the Crescent City, and paid in to E. B. Lhoste, of the Louisiana National Bank there. No. 77,956 drew the second prize of $25,000, sold in fifths at one dollar each—one-fifth each to Mr. Harry Smith, Justice of the Peace and Wm. M. Kennedy, planter, both of Greenville, Miss.; one-fifth to W. C. Briggs of Chicago; another to E. C. Bennett, No. 210 Sedgwick St., Chicago. Two-fifths of the third prize of $10,000—ticket No. 47,254—was won by O. C. Fox, Portage, Wis. The fourth prizes of $6,000 each were won by Nos. 13,388 and 54,631, sold in fifths at one dollar each, and scattered very promiscuously, North, South, East and West, to parties in Memphis, Tenn.; Columbia, Tenn.; Philadelphia, Pa., and New York city., &c., &c. But it will ever go on, and if you invest it may make you, but will not break you. (To be continued indefinitely.)

Communication.

WETUMPKA, Ala., September 28, 1884.—About six years ago I became afflicted with a very disagreeable skin disease, with large, dry sores and many crusted pimples on my face, hands and shoulder. The sore on my shoulder eat out a hole nearly an inch deep, and the cancerous appearance of one of the sores near my eye alarmed me very much. I tried all kinds of treatment, but found nothing that seemed to affect the disease. I finally decided to try S. S. S. on advice of a physician, and in a short time the scabs dropped from the sores and left my skin smooth and well. I consider S. S. S. the greatest blood medicine made, and the only thing that will cure the disease with which I was afflicted. I think my trouble was the result of a terrible attack of malarial fever, contracted while farming in the Tallapoosa river swamp. I can be found at my office in the court house at Wetumpka. You can refer to me.

J. L. RHODES, Dep. Sheriff Elmore Co., Ala.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Georgia.

HON. HENRY W. HILLIARD.

The Ex-Minister to Brazil Talks About President Cleveland.

Hon. Henry W. Hilliard, ex-minister to Brazil, returned yesterday from a visit to New York. He did not leave the metropolis until he saw the victory for Cleveland was complete. He said to a CONSTITUTION man yesterday:

"While standing in front of the city hall in New York, last Friday morning, I saw the flag run up and heard the guns saluting it in honor of the democratic president-elect."

"Do you think there is any doubt about Cleveland's election?"

"None whatever. The republicans concede it everywhere I went. The people have elected him and are determined to seat him."

"Did you see Governor Cleveland?"

"Yes, and I consider him a man of magnificent presence, possessed of great strength of character and remarkable executive ability. I believe he will make a grand president; and as the business men have done much toward his election, that confidence in the financial condition for which we all clamour, will be restored, and the prospects of continued prosperity greatly improved. I think the whole country is to be congratulated."

Banker's Daughter.

Bronson Howard's "The Banker's Daughter" will be produced at DeGive's opera house at matinee Thursday at 3 o'clock, and again Thursday night, by a carefully selected company. It has just been played in Athens, and the Banner, of that city, says: "The Banker's Daughter was produced at the opera house on Friday night last before a large and appreciative audience. The cast of characters was excellent, and notably Mr. Henry Linson, as John Stribelow; Mr. A. W. Gregory, as Mr. Baffage, senior, of the firm of Baffage & Westbrook; G. Washington Phillips, an American tourist, and Lillian, the banker's daughter, while the gradual development of the plot of the play appealed directly to all that is good in human nature. The scene in the ruins of Chateau, near Paris, with its snow and moonlight, and the duel between Harold Rutledge and Count de Carossoe, a French nobleman, is one that rivets the attention and is cold, bleak and terrible, while the reunion of John Stribelow and his wife, in the sixth act, is pathetic in the extreme. We hope this company will come again, for this class of entertainments is very popular in Athens."

May Blossom.

The Madison Square theater company will produce "May Blossom, the Fisherman's Daughter," at DeGive's opera house Friday and Saturday night, and at matinee Saturday. It is a domestic drama, in which occur the ups and downs of life, marriage, estrangement, separation, and reunion, by the artless efforts of a little child. It is full of sentiment and of the realities that rule the world. The scenery and mechanical effects are very fine. The view of the sea and coast in the first act is a wonderful specimen of perspective and coloring, while "Wintergreen Lane" in the last act, where the children come from the burial of the bird, is an exquisite picture, perfect in tone and treatment. Everything in the drama is in perfect harmony. The fishermen in their rude costumes are studied from real life, just as the scenery is painted from models sketched from nature by an artist who was sent from the Madison Square to Old Point Comfort specially for that purpose. Our theater goers may rely on a rich treat in "May Blossom," particularly as it is said to be the greatest of all the successes produced at the home of "Hazel Kirke."

An Old Citizen Dead.

Special to the Courier-Journal.

RAYWICK, Ky., November 8.—P. B. Cooper, aged 83 years, after two weeks' illness, died in this city night before last. His remains will be interred in Lebanon this morning. Deceased through life was held in the highest esteem throughout this and surrounding counties. In ante-bellum days he was wealthy, and died a large landholder. He died as he had lived, in communion with the Catholic church. He was the father of Mrs. Judge Craycroft, of Owensboro; Nat. and H. P. Cooper, Lebanon, and Mrs. Thos. Spalding, of this place. Also grandfather of Miss Minnie Kindred, of Calhoun, Georgia.

Cold Wave Signal.

The chief signal officer announces Atlanta as a station for the display of the cold wave signal. It is a white flag, with square black centre, will be used to indicate that a cold wave is approaching. It will be displayed from the flagstaff on the United States custom house and postoffice.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 11, 1884.

List of circuits showing the number of cases remaining undisposed of:

Rome circuit	2	Brunswick circuit	9
Cherokee circuit	12	Eastern circuit	28
Augusta circuit	23	Northern circuit	6
Middle circuit	10	Atlanta circuit	46
Ocmulgee circuit	9		

ROME CIRCUIT.

No. 15. Argument concluded.

No. 16. Mitchell vs. Cooper. Refusal of Injunction, from Floyd. Argued. Alexander & Wright; Forsyth & Haskinson, for plaintiff in error. Dabney & Fouche, for defendant.

No. 17. Freeman, ex'r, vs. Hamilton et al. Probate, from Floyd. Alexander & Wright; Underwood & Howell; Myerhardt & Wright, for plaintiff in error. Dabney & Fouche; C. N. Featherston; J. H. Reece; J. A. Billups, for defendant.

Pending reading of record by Mr. Alexander the court adjourned to 9:30 a. m. to-morrow.

Mr. T. B. Felder, Jr., was admitted to practice in the supreme court.

Mauck sells wall paper, paints and picture rods.

All who buy at sale of 262 lots to-day, will make money on their investments. Free ride on Pryor street cars. T. A. Frierson.

Largest stock of men's underwear in the city at W. M. Scott's.

Ruling and Printing.

We put up last week one of Hickok's celebrated ruling machines, and are now prepared better than ever to do this class of work. Favor THE CONSTITUTION job office with your ruling and job printing, and have the same executed in a manner equal to the best and at prices as low as the lowest. nov2—1w

Rooms in suits and well located for rent in Constitution building.

Tate Spring water relieves constipation.

Clothing.

Choice stock new and fresh goods sold at panic prices at W. M. Scott's.

All who want good, cheap homes in south Atlanta, should attend sale of 262 lots at ten o'clock to-day. Free ride on Pryor street cars. T. A. Frierson.

Parties wanting good offices will call and examine our new rooms in Constitution building for rent.

Double-breasted frock suits at W. M. Scott's—all sizes and lowest prices—11 and 13 Whitehall street.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.

The Only "Spot Cash" Dealer.

A few prices on Flannels, which nobody can equal:

Gray twilled flannel 10c, formerly 20c.
Red twilled flannel 35c, formerly 50c.

It is highly probable that we shall have plenty of cold weather. We had a long summer and an open fall. Be prepared and come and see our loads of low priced flannels.

GIVEN AWAY

TO EVERY

Cash Purchaser

TO THE AMOUNT OF $20—A

WATERBURY WATCH!

—A—

PERFECT WATCH!

Not a Toy, but an

Excellent Time Keeper,

Every cash purchaser to the amount of $10 gets a ticket, and the holder of two (2) tickets is entitled to a Watch.

Our Winter Stock

—OF—

CLOTHING

Is Now Complete for

MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN.

—AND—

OUR MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Cannot be Equalled in the city.

Look before purchasing elsewhere.

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.,

41 Whitehall Street.

THE CHILLING BLASTS

—OF—

WINTER

Will soon be upon us.

Let every house have on hand some simple and efficacious remedy for the Cure of

COUGHS AND COLDS

and one that will not only Cure but is a preventive of that night fiend to children and horror to parents—

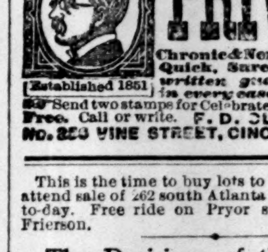
CROUP!

We therefore advise every household to ever keep on hand a bottle of

TAYLOR'S CHEROKEE REMEDY

—OF—

SWEET GUM & MULLEIN



The Mullein Stalk of the old fields contains a mucilaginous, healing and flesh-producing principle. The Sweet Gum of the southern swamps possesses a stimulating expectorant, which loosens the phlegm and cuts the false membrane that forms in the throat and bronchial tubes. These two simple remedies, combined after the Cherokee recipe, presents in Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein, the finest known remedy for Coughs, Croup, Whooping-cough, Colds, and Consumption. For sale by all druggists at 25 cts. and $1.00 a bottle.

Send 2c. stamp for Taylor's Riddle-Book for the health of home and amusement of the little ones.

WALTER A. TAYLOR, Atlanta, Ga.

EVERYBODY

IS INVITED TO THE

AUCTION SALE

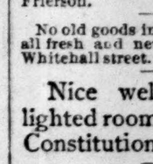
—OF—

Diamonds, Watches, JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE

WILL COMMENCE MONDAY NEXT, NOVEMber the 10th at 10:30 a.m., and continue until every article is sold. Ladies are especially invited and seats will be provided for them.

A. F. PICKERT, the Jeweler 5 Whitehall street.

7p



PRIVATE

Chronic & Nervous Diseases. Quick, Sure Cures. A written guarantee given in every case undertaken.

Established 1851

Send two stamps for Celebrated Medical Works, Free. Call or write. F. D. CLARKE, M. D. No. 253 VINE STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

This is the time to buy lots to make money on, attend sale of 262 south Atlanta lots at ten o'clock to-day. Free ride on Pryor street cars. T. A. Frierson.

The Decisions of the February Term of the SUPREME COURT have just been published in pamphlet form.

We will send the Pamphlet, postage paid on receipt of One Dollar. Address THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga.

Attend sale of 262 south Atlanta lots at ten o'clock to-day, and buy some bargains. T. A. Frierson.

No old goods in W. M. Scott's stock of clothing, all fresh and new and at panic prices, 11 and 13 Whitehall street.

Nice well ventilated and well lighted rooms, all new and neat, in Constitution building.

Hats! Hats!

PRICE, SHERMAN & CO., OF PHILADELPHIA, Pa., are justly celebrated for the superiority of their fine Hats, which they make in all latest styles and best grades. Their goods sold in Atlanta only by

HUGHES & LAW

—AND—

McKELDIN & CARLTON.

New Type, Good Paper, Skilled Printers, Promptness, Cheapness. These are characteristics of the Constitution Job Office.

Extra size suits for fat men at W. M. Scott's, 11 and 13 Whitehall.

Large overcoats for fat men at W. M. Scott's, 11 and 13 Whitehall.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW
DIAMOND MERCHANTS
31 WHITEHALL ST.
ATLANTA, GA.

Lyceli's Art School & China Decorating Works
67 1-2 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

Instruction in all branches of decorative art, firing and gilding china for amateurs our specialty. The best assortment of artist materials, fine china brushes, colors, etc., in the south. China painted to order. Wedding presents to order at 24 hours notice. Write for circular.

H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO., ARCHITECTS, 9½ Peachtree Street.

The Only WATCH FACTORY IN THE SOUTH.
Patronize a Home Industry.
WATCHES
Send for Illustrated Price List.
J. P. STEVENS & CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

MEETINGS.

The next bar meeting for the call of business in the superior court will be Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. W. R. HAMMOND, we th-fri J. S. C. A. C.

PERSONAL.

Be sure and attend the grandest musical event of the season at St. Philip's chapel to-night.

Mrs. Julia C. Jackson and Master Allan Woulfe, of Washington, D. C., will leave for home the 11th inst.

Miss Hattie Nelms, who has been visiting in Atlanta, has returned to her home in Griffin.

Miss Minnie Patterson, of Griffin, is visiting friends in Atlanta.

There was a dance at the Curtis house last night given by the young gentlemen of the city in honor of the pretty, popular and petite visitor from Atlanta, Miss Tina Hammond.—Griffin News.

Colonel G. T. Fry, of Atlanta, has returned from a visit to Louisville.

Mr. E. C. Mobley, of the Emory College Journal, was in the city yesterday.

Dr. J. Ward and wife left yesterday for Iuka Springs, Miss.

On yesterday Mr. R. A. Hemphill was elected one of the trustees of the Atlanta Hospital and Benevolent Home. His carefulness and practical experience in benevolent work will enable him to be of great service to the institution, and will do good in extending its usefulness.

You will save money by looking at W. M. Scott's stock of clothing before you buy, 11 and 13 Whitehall.

Vacant lots bought now will soon pay a handsome profit. Attend sale of 262 lots at ten o'clock to-day. Free ride on Pryor street cars. T. A. Frierson.

Over 2,000 barrels Tate water shipped annually

Give your children's Smith's, worm oil.

Don't forget the sale of 262 south Atlanta lots at ten o'clock to-day. Free ride on Pryor street cars from Gate City National bank. T. A. Frierson.

Four-button cutaway for young men, best goods for the least money, at W. M. Scott's.

Mauck papers and paints houses and signs.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CITIZENS' TICKET.

Election First Wednesday in December.

For Mayor,
HON. GEORGE HILLYER.

For Aldermen,
J. R. GRAMLING.

For Councilmen—First Ward,
W. M. MIDDLEBROOKS.

Second Ward,
W. J. GARRETT.

Third Ward,
D. A. BEATTIE.

Fourth Ward,
E. F. MAY.

Fifth Ward,
Z. A. RICE.

Sixth Ward,
JOHN C. KIRKPATRICK.

The People's Reform Ticket

For Mayor,
COL. REUBEN ARNOLD.

For Aldermen,
J. T. COOPER,
JNO. R. GRAMLING,
JAS. A. ANDERSON.

For Council—First Ward,
J. O. PERKINS.

Second Ward,
C. L. WILSON.

Third Ward,
JAS. G. WOODWARD.

Fourth Ward,

Fifth Ward,
J. W. McFAUL.

Sixth Ward,
JNO. C. KIRKPATRICK.

THE WINNING TICKET.

For Aldermen,
J. T. COOPER,
J. R. GRAMLING,
DR. H. G. HUTCHISON.

For Councilmen—First Ward,
W. M. MIDDLEBROOKS.

Second Ward,
J. W. ALEXANDER.

Third Ward,
J. G. WOODWARD.

Fourth Ward,
MASTIN BRIDWELL.

Fifth Ward,
DR. J. W. McFAUL.

Sixth Ward,
J. C. KIRKPATRICK.

The above ticket, composed of conservative men representing the various interests, and identified with the city and its welfare, is submitted for support by MANY CITIZENS.

For Mayor.

We are authorized to announce VOLNEY DUNNING as a candidate for mayor. Election first Wednesday in December. d-tf

For Alderman.

James A. Anderson, of the firm of James A. Anderson & Co., is announced as a candidate for alderman at large at the coming city election, provided that the legislature shall pass an act increasing the number of aldermen.

J. TYLER COOPER is announced as a candidate for alderman at large at the ensuing municipal election, subject to the passage of an act by the legislature increasing the number of aldermen.

The friends of Dr. H. G. HUTCHISON respectfully announce him as a candidate for Alderman at Large. Election first Wednesday in December.

For Councilman.

The friends of JAMES JOHNSON announce him as a candidate for council for the third ward. Election first Wednesday in December next.

The friends of MASTON BRIDWELL announce him as a candidate for councilman from the fourth ward at the ensuing election, December 3. d

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN W. ALEXANDER as a candidate for councilman in the second ward.
wen and sun til da. MANY CITIZENS.

C. W. MOTES
RECEIVES THE HIGHEST AWARD
AT THE STATE FAIR
ONE MEDAL
AND THREE DIPLOMAS.
The only Medal given for Photography.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,
The Only "Spot Cash" Dealer.
Come in to-morrow and look at our Jeans, Cassimeres and print goods. Jeans at 20, 25 and 40 cents. Cassimeres at 50, 75 and $1.00 per yard. See these goods, and you will cry, "Away with credit nonsense, when 'Spot Cash' speaks in such eloquent and feeling ways."

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY
The Only "Spot Cash" Dealer.
Rubber Circulars,
For 25 per cent less than anybody, no exception. Rubber circulars for $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50. They beat the world, and cannot be surpassed in Boston, New York or Philadelphia.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
The Only "Spot Cash" Dealer.
Underwear at your own prices, nearly.
Ladies' knit undervests, 25c, formerly 40c.
Ladies' knit undervests 50c, formerly 75c.
Ladies' knit undervests 75c, formerly $1.00.
Now did you ever know the like o' that? The ladies know where to get real bargains.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,
The Only "Spot Cash" Dealer.
We will match the best cotton flannel you can bring us of at 12½ cents from any other dealer for 10 cents. That is, for 10 cents we give you what others charge 12½ cents for. "Spot Cash" tells in everything we carry.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
The Only "Spot Cash" Dealer.
Just cast your eye on these prices for Blankets:
10-4 White Blankets $1.00, formerly $1.25.
10-4 White Blankets $1.50, formerly $2.00.
11-4 White Blankets $3.00, formerly $5.00.
This means two big Blankets for the prices named. It is impossible for you to lose anything by seeing them, and just as impossible for any house in the south to touch our prices. Spot cash is the motive power that moves the thousands our way. We defy the "credit" houses. We are the ONLY "spot cash" house in Atlanta.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
The Only "Spot Cash" Dealer.
It really makes us laugh to notice how some of our competitors try to bulge on
CLOAKS.
Don't you know that our "spot cash" buying gives us the "bulge" on Cloaks or anything else in our line? We have a monster stock of Cloaks. We will sell them down to "rock bottom" prices and astonish you literally with what we offer. Words from us are idle compared to what you will see when you come. "Spot cash" does an awful lot of good.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY
The Only "Spot Cash" Dealer.
No Shoddy Shoes.
The very best make at the following prices this week:
A ladies pebble goat lace, 75c, formerly $1.
A ladies pebble goat button, $1, formerly, $1.25.
A ladies kid button, $1, formerly $1.25.
A ladies fine kid button, worked button holes, $1.50, formerly $2.
Our stock of finer grades of shoes is complete. Big crowds all last week at our shoe counters. "Spot Cash" brings the multitude.

TO CANDIDATES.

The Constitution Job Office is prepared to print promptly, and at a moderate price,
ELECTION TICKETS,
in large and small quantities. Favor us with your orders.

A CROWNING SUCCESS!

Last week we spoke of our Merchant Tailoring Department. The success we have attained with our new cutter surpasses our highest expectations. That he is an artist no one who has seen his work can doubt. It is simply perfect, and as a result we were never so overwhelmed with orders. We are literally crowded, but always manage to turn out our suites when promised.

We also have an elegant assortment of Ready-Made Clothing, cut and made in the finest style We suit all ages and conditions. The immense sales we are having shows how our goods are appreciated.

A. O. M. GAY,
CLOTHIER & TAILOR, 35 WHITEHALL.

N. B. FOWLER,.....Aucitoneer

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF an order of the court of ordinary of Fulton county, granted at the August term, 1884, of said court, will be sold at the courthouse door in said county, on the first Tuesday in December next, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit: One lot of land, 50 feet front and 100 feet deep, on the south side of Kenness alley, in the first ward of the city of Atlanta, and having thereon a 2-room house, No. 7. Said lot is known as No. 11 of Wells' subdivision, in land lot eighty four (84). The same being the property of the estate of Eliza Glenn. Sold for the purpose of paying debts and division Terms cash. November 5, 8, 15, 22, 29. SIDNEY ROOT, tu Executor Estate Eliza M. Glenn.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF an order of the court of ordinary of said county, will be sold before the courthouse door of said county, on the first Tuesday in December next, within the legal hours of sale, the following tract or parcel of land, lying and being in land lot eighty-one, in the fourteenth district of now Fulton county, Georgia, situated as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Exposition and Curran streets, and running thence south along Curran street two hundred feet, and extending back west same width, one hundred feet being lots 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173 and 174, of the sub-division of the Dillon property, as sold by T. A. Frierson, real estate agent, June 4th, 1883, plat recorded in book O. O., page 528, Fulton county records of deeds. To be sold as the property of John N. Collier, deceased, for the payment of debts. Terms of sale, cash.
THOMAS J. COLLIER,
Administrator of John N. Collier, deceased.
nov 4, 11, 18, 25; cls dec 2.
ard, prim

MENS' SUITS!
CHILDRE
In Every Variety o
OUR STOCK IS COMPL
For those in search of the finest our Tailoring Department continues
HIRSCH
CLOTHIERS
42 and 44 WHIT

Our Fall Stoc
FOR MEN,
CHILDREN IS N
The Finest Goo
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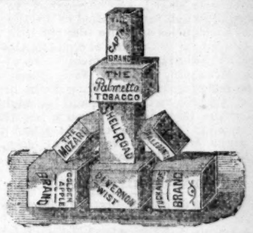

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BOOKS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF VOTERS for the next municipal election for the city of Atlanta to be held on the first Wednesday in December, 1884, will be opened November 5th, 1884, at the following places to-wit: At the city clerk's office, chamber of commerce building; at number (11) eleven East Alabama street, and at number (20) twenty Peachtree street, and at each of said places each day (Sundays excepted) from 8 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. until Saturday, November 29th, 1884, on which day the books will be closed at 9 o'clock p. m. J. H. GOLDSMITH, City Clerk.
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THE
VOL. XVII.

THE DAY'S WOR

CLEVELAND HOLDING HI IN THE NEW YORK CAN

A Gain of Thirty Nine Votes in Kings Co Democratic Candidate—Oswald Ot Secretary a Local But Will Get Right—Cleve and Gains in Alba

NEW YORK, November 13.—1 a. m. CONSTITUTION: The official canva gressing. All but thirteen counties ished. There is no fear of troubl land's plurality is unchanged.

NEW YOR

The Vote is not Being Held

NEW YORK, November 13, 12:45 a. CONSTITUTION: The vote is not being but great care is being exercised in The corrected count shows nothing the democrats. In fact, it more tablishes Governor Cleveland's plu

NEW YO

The Sun's Estimates Maintai

NEW YORK, November 13, 2:00 THE CONSTITUTION: The canvass in proceeds slowly but fairly. No change from previous figures is lo The Sun's official returns from all rural counties shows Cleveland's unchanged. There is no significa delayed returns. Many have gon the poll clerks to have them compl legal forms, but there will be no the pluralities. C. S.

Managing Edi

THE SECRET OF THE CON

Blaine and Gould said to be Fi Terms.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga. November 12.—[is said that a gentleman who has st Blaine, and who passed down the C road this morning, stated confide friend on the train that the objec and the national republican co charging frauds in New York elec frighten Cleveland and his ad terms. That is, among other thi land is expected to be forced to pr he will, on the retirement of the on the supreme bench have attained the age of two years from this time, appoint to fill the vacancies occasioned b tirement as Blaine, Gould & Co. and that these men would of co nate the nomination of men who wo cide that the Thurman funding act is ille when the matter comes before said court subject to it.

The gentleman said further to hi tial friend that the stalwarts in Garfield with terms, the refusal which caused him to write on his "strangulus pro republica." Cl said, was too honest for terms.

THE COUNTY CANVA

Slow Work Before the Boards, B ble to Cleveland.

NEW YORK, November 12.—Th county canvassers resumed its sess The room was filled with politician yers, representing the republican cratic parties. Committees on pr corrected returns were appointed. vass of the first assembly district It was found, after proceeding a down the district, that the democra ticket was not properly filled in an were clerical discrepances or om motion the whole district was refe committee on corrected returns.

The superior court of Erie coun terday at the county clerk's offic constituted a board of canvassers were found in some of the ward proper way of writing in the vote, was found that would show fraud single vote. The board will be oc days.

Official returns received from S essee and Jefferson counties, sho eight in favor of Blaine. This m gain of four for Blaine over the the New York Times of Sunday

THIRTY NINE COUNTIES HEARD

Only 39 counties have reported to 3 p.m. Of these nearly all have slight changes from their last prev The greatest change was in Jeffer where Blaine gains 8. Blaine's t the 39 counties are 11 votes losses are seven. All Cleveland's have remained unchanged. Blair so far in the canvass has been 44 cepting the figures of the co for the rest of the counties in th makes Cleveland's plural ty 1,270

Forty-four counties effect fu changes in the figures, so that plurality remains at 1,280, being the previous returns to the coun published in the New York Time The detailed figures are not 1 those of that table, but the change the canvass by the county boards ances. The changes in the deta in nine counties, all of which ga for Blaine.

THE RESULT CANNOT BE CHA

Before adjourning the board county seemed to have agreed up lowing figures on the electoral tic 17,698; Cleveland, 18,345; But John, 312. The republicans a both say that these figures will no The canvassers did not certify passed to the consideration of ticket. The official results will to-morrow afternoon. Cleveland on these figures is 647, being a seven over the list heretofore New York Times.

Official canvass of 29 wards in show a gain of 29 votes for Cleve for Blaine. The board of canva York county have examined th the first three assemb to-day. But few differences fro reports published on Wednes were discovered, but nothing wa will materially affect Cleveland's published. It is estimated that C dorfer, who has the fewer votes t democratic elector, may fall votes behind.

The political headquarters in t been very quiet to-night. No votes were to be seen at either. patiently waiting for the result canvass.

A CHANGE THAT IS NOT MUCH O

A change favorable to Blaine the seventeenth election district assembly district, as against returns published on Wedn ing last, was made by of canvassers of this on a careful comparison made of the election districts of the and those of the press, it has be